TO THE STUDENTS OF JEFFERSON

OUR MEDICAL COLLEGE WAS ESTABLISHED IN 1823 THROUGH THE VISION, INITIATIVE, AND GENEROSITY OF A SMALL GROUP OF PHYSICIANS LOYAL ALUMNI AND FRIENDS HAVE SINCE CONTRIBUTED TO ITS SUPPORT AND TRADITIONS. THESE BENEFACiTORS ASK NO RETURN SAVE THAT YOU MAKE THE MOST OF THE OPPORTUNITIES THEY HAVE HEADED TO PROVIDE AND THAT YOU AS FUTURE ALUMNI CARRY ON THEIR FAITH IN YOU IN MEDICINE AND IN JEFFERSON.

THE ALUMNI OF JEFFERSON

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Alumni Office of The Jefferson Medical College
1025 Walnut Street, Philadelphia 7, Pa.
NEW PRESIDENT OF THE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

MARTIN J. SOKOLOFF, M.D.

Dr. Sokoloff was born in Philadelphia, October 8, 1897, son of Morris and Sophia Sokoloff. He was educated in the Philadelphia public schools, attended premedical courses at Jefferson for one year before entering the Medical College from which he graduated in 1920. Following a year's service as Resident Physician at White Haven Sanatorium, White Haven, Pennsylvania, he returned to Philadelphia and at the invitation of the late Professor Elmer H. Funk joined the staff of the Department for Diseases of the Chest of Jefferson Hospital, which was then located at 238 Pine Street. On March 30, 1925 this affiliation became official with the title of Assistant Demonstrator of Medicine. This was the beginning of a long and rewarding association with a small group of men who were responsible not only for the care of forty patients in the tuberculosis ward, but also for the operation of the Out-Patient Department, for the teaching of physical diagnosis and chest diseases to second and third year students and later on, as surgery became a part of the treatment of tuberculosis, for the installation and operation of a surgical service.

When the Department of Diseases of the Chest was moved to its present location, known as the Barton Memorial Division at 739 S. Broad Street in December 1946, Dr. Sokoloff became Assistant Director. The same year (1946) the White Haven Sanatorium was acquired by Jefferson and became a division of the Chest Department. Dr. Sokoloff had been a member of the Visiting Staff of the White Haven Sanatorium from 1925 until its acquisition by Jefferson. This position necessitated bimonthly visits to the Sanatorium, which is approximately one hundred and ten miles from Philadelphia. These
trips were made as scheduled with few exceptions and in the earlier days hazardous road conditions and severe storms combined to make these visits occasions to be remembered.

In January 1953 Dr. Sokoloff became Director of the Department for Diseases of the Chest. On February 29, 1956 the White Haven Division was closed and the building and grounds were sold to the Department of Welfare of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to be used for an institution for mentally deficient children.

Since 1946 Dr. Sokoloff has been Chief of the Tuberculosis Control Section of the Philadelphia Department of Public Health. During his tenure of office many innovations in tuberculosis control have been introduced in Philadelphia making this particular Section one of the most efficient in the country. Among these are a broadened and intensive program for the compulsory isolation of recalcitrant tuberculosis patients, annual chest x-rays for food handlers, the leasing of facilities in non-official institutions for the care of the tuberculous because of the deficiency of beds in tax supported sanitoria and a home treatment drug program in which over nine hundred tuberculosis patients receive free antituberculosis drugs.

Dr. Sokoloff has been a contributor to TREATMENT IN GENERAL MEDICINE, By H. A. Reiman, to PRACTICAL THERAPEUTICS by Rhefuss and Price, and to numerous medical periodicals. His interests have been mainly in the fields of tuberculosis and the industrial dust diseases but recently has been devoting considerable time to the subject of the early recognition of bronchogenic carcinoma.

He is a Fellow of Philadelphia College of Physicians; Fellow American College of Physicians; Fellow American College of Chest Physicians; Member American Trudeau Society, Member and Ex-President Pennsylvania Chapter of American College of Chest Physicians; Member and Ex-President of Laennec Society of Philadelphia; Member Alpha Omega Alpha Fraternity (Honorary).

Serves as Consultant in Chest Diseases to Veterans Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Member Board of Directors, Philadelphia Tuberculosis and Health Association; Member of House of Delegates, Medical Society State of Pennsylvania; Member Commission on Tuberculosis of Pennsylvania State Medical Society; Member Committee on Tuberculosis, Philadelphia County Medical Society; Member Committee on Undergraduate Education, American College of Chest Physicians; Member Advisory Committee, Bureau of Tuberculosis Control, Department of Health, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Dr. Sokoloff married Ruby Goffin of Jacksonville, Florida, on August 22, 1944. They make their home in Mt. Airy, Philadelphia.

Dr. Sokoloff has many warm friends who are glad to welcome him as President of The Alumni Association, in which he has been an indefatigable worker and has served as a member of the Executive Committee for many years.
MARTIN J. SOKOLOFF, M.D.

Associate Professor of Medicine and Director of Barton Memorial

New President of The Alumni Association
A MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

My dear Fellow Alumni:

It gives me great pleasure to enter upon the duties of my new office as President of The Alumni Association of The Jefferson Medical College. I want to thank you all sincerely for having honored me by election to this office. I trust that I can accomplish much for both Jefferson and for our Association. It is a challenging work and I can assure you that I will do everything in my power to meet that challenge.

It is my feeling that we can be proud, each and every one of us, to be part of an organization such as ours. Its efforts have always been directed towards the improvement of Jefferson, and to the maintenance of the prestige she has so long held in the world of medicine. Since a college is only as strong as its Alumni it is our obligation, therefore, to keep our Alumni Association a living, working, ambitious group. Let us strive in this year of 1956-1957 to have the best and most productive year in our history so that we may be able to contribute more to our Alma Mater than ever before.

It is my hope to continue the great work that my predecessors in this office have done. I ask only that, as members of the Association and its various Committees, you will all give me your wholehearted support. Working together in this way we are certain to do great things for Jefferson.

Sincerely yours,

President, The Alumni Association

Seated, left to right: Dr. Baldwin L. Keyes, Mr. D. Hays Solis-Cohen, Dr. Martin J. Sokoloff, Dr. Hayward R. Hamrick, Dr. J. Parsons Schaeffer and Dr. Guy M. Nelson. Standing, left to right: Dr. John J. DeTuerk, Dr. Marshall C. Rumbaugh, Mr. J. Warren Brock, Dr. Robert B. Nye, Dr. John E. Livingood and Dr. James R. Martin.
Dr. Keyes, President, opens the Business Meeting.

The meeting was well attended.

ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING — FEBRUARY 9, 1956

Alumni members met at the Barclay Hotel February 9, 1956 to attend the Annual Business Meeting preceded by a dinner. Many of those attending had come to Philadelphia for the Graduate Assembly.

The Annual Meeting is an important one as the officers are elected for the ensuing year and the business of the past year is reviewed. Every effort is made to keep the business meeting brief so that the visiting Alumni will have ample time to chat with their classmates and teachers. We always enjoy having with us out-of-town Alumni and this meeting offers one of the few opportunities we have of seeing them, and we like to think that they too
enjoy meeting with their old friends at Jefferson as there is nothing in the world like old friends.

There are several short extemporaneous addresses. Those at the speakers' table were Mr. D. Hays Solis-Cohen, member of the Board of Trustees, Mr. J. Warren Brock, Solicitor, Dr. Hayward R. Hamrick, Vice-President and Medical Director, who read a letter from Admiral Kauffman, who was absent from the meeting, Dr. James R. Martin, Associate Dean, who spoke in the absence of Dean Bennett, making a few brief comments on the number of applications for this coming freshman class and some of the problems confronting the Admissions Committee, Dr. Robert B. Nye, Assistant Dean, who announced that Dr. Russell L. Nichols, Professor of Radiology and Head of the Department, and Dr. Louis Jennings Hampton, Professor of Anesthesiology and Head of the Department, are now honorary members of the Alumni Association, Dr. Baldwin L. Keyes, President, who introduced the new President, Dr. Martin J. Sokoloff, and the President-Elect, Dr. John E. Livingood, Dr. Marshall C. Rumbaugh, a Past-President, Dr. J. Parsons Schaeffer, Professor of Anatomy, Emeritus, Dr. Guy M. Nelson, Treasurer, and Dr. John J. DeTuerk, Recording Secretary.

It was a good meeting and everyone seemed to enjoy a pleasant evening.
"Three" is company when members of the Class of 1927 meet — DR. ROBERT B. NYE, DR. RALPH P. MATHER and DR. JOHN H. GIBBON, JR.

Another view of the dinner.
REPORT OF THE RETIRING PRESIDENT

It seems incredible that my year as President of The Alumni Association has come to a close. In prospect it seemed a long time but in actuality it has been all too short. It has passed very quickly and has been most enjoyable.

I have had the opportunity of attending many chapter gatherings and very much enjoyed meeting with the men forming these groups. It was a privilege to learn how well these chapters are established, how hard they work and how much they do to further the interest of their Alma Mater. It is all very encouraging.

The Executive meetings were very well attended, and I am most grateful to the fine committees for their splendid cooperation and enthusiastic work. It is always a pleasure to be associated with such a group.

Our publication, The Alumni Bulletin, with its five issues, has carried much interesting news of college and alumni activities to graduates all over the world, thus keeping them in close contact with Jefferson and what transpires there.

It has given us great pleasure to continue the custom of remembering graduates over eighty-five years of age by sending flowers to them on their birthdays. From their letters we know that they enjoy and appreciate our thought of them.

Our Graduate Assembly was attended by one hundred and nine visiting graduates. Each year the attendance grows in number; it is a very rewarding part of our program.

Annual Giving has exceeded again the goal set for 1955. This is very satisfactory and great credit should be given to the splendid group of class agents who work so diligently to bring about this fine achievement so successful to the welfare of Jefferson.

To all the various committees, and especially to the chairmen, I wish to express my thanks for their splendid cooperation and accomplishments, which were a great help in making my year as President a very successful and pleasant one. It is good to know that our men do such splendid work for Jefferson.
JOHN HEYSHAM GIBBON, M.D., Sc.D.
1871 - 1956

Dr. John Heysham Gibbon, class of '91, Emeritus Professor of Surgery at The Jefferson Medical College died March 13, 1956.

Dr. Gibbon was born in Charlotte, North Carolina, March 16, 1871. He came of a distinctly medical lineage. His great-grandfather, grandfather, father and only brother were physicians.

Dr. Gibbon received his early education in public and private schools. He graduated from The Jefferson Medical College in June 1891. He served his internship at the Polyclinic Hospital following which he spent three years as resident physician at the Pennsylvania Hospital. He began the practice of medicine in February 1895 in Philadelphia. Shortly after, he was appointed assistant demonstrator of Anatomy at The Jefferson Medical College and later demonstrator of osteology in the same institution.

In December 1896, he was elected Surgeon to the Out-Patient Department of the Pennsylvania Hospital. In 1899, he was elected Chief of the Surgical Clinic at The Jefferson Medical College Hospital under Dr. W. W. Keen, a position which he held until 1901 when he resigned to accept a Professorship of Surgery at the Philadelphia Polyclinic. Dr. Gibbon was already attracting attention as a teacher and as a surgeon and had contributed a number of articles to the current surgical literature. In 1903, he was elected Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Hospital to succeed the late Dr. Thomas G. Morton. The same year, he returned to the faculty of The Jefferson Medical College as an associate professor of surgery, and in 1907 was elected to full professorship. For some years, Dr. Gibbon was Surgical Registrar, Philadelphia Hospital, and held an appointment on the Surgical Dispensary Staff of the Children's Hospital. In 1900, he was elected Surgeon to the Bryn Mawr Hospital, a position which he held until shortly after World War I when he resigned and was made Consulting Surgeon to that institution. At about this time, he was also Consulting Surgeon to the Woman's Hospital.

During the Spanish-American War, Dr. Gibbon served as First Lieutenant and Assistant Surgeon in the Third U.S. Volunteer Engineers, resigning when peace was declared to resume professional work in Philadelphia. On April 11, 1917, he was commissioned Major in the Medical Reserve Corps of the U.S. Army and attached to Pennsylvania Base Hospital 10 which subsequently took over a British General Hospital at Le Treport, France. When this unit was activated and sailed for France on May 18, 1917, Major Gibbon was with it as Chief of Surgical Services. In October, 1917, he served on detached duty as surgeon in charge of a British Casualty Clearing Station Team in a hospital situated a little above Poperinge, a small corner of Belgium still held by the Allies. In December, 1917, shortly after his return to Base Hospital 10, he was permanently detached from the Pennsylvania Hospital unit and assigned as Consultant in Surgery to the American Expeditionary Forces, Toul Sector. In August 1918, he became Surgical Consultant to the American Hospitals in England. Dr. Gibbon terminated his military service in January 1919 with the rank of Colonel.

Dr. Gibbon was a Fellow and past President of the American Surgical Association, the College of Physicians of Philadelphia and the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery. He was an original member of the Society of Clinical Surgery.

Dr. Gibbon was the author of sixty or more articles covering a wide range of surgical subjects and several articles historical or philosophical in nature. In 1902, he reported the fourth case of penetrating wound of the heart operated upon in this Country. In 1903, he reported a case of painless amputation of the leg after the intraneural injection of cocaine. He was quick to seize that which appeared to be good in the newer surgery in an era of rapid surgical progress. He early became interested in aneurisms and wrote a number of papers on the subject. His last listed contribution to the literature, the
Presidential Address of the American Surgical Association in 1926, was on "The Psychology of the Sick Man." Dr. Gibbon was not only interested in the Art and Science of Medicine but in the Humanities as related to the practice of medicine. As an older and more experienced man he never forgot his obligations to the younger generation coming on and was the source of inspiration to all who came within the sphere of his influence. In his long association with Dr. Gibbon, the author of this memoir never ceased to be profoundly impressed by his attitude toward his fellow man, his kindness and consideration regardless of station in life. Dr. Gibbon radiated cheerfulness and always seemed to make his patients feel better by his mere presence. He tried to avoid overconfidence which he feared and on one occasion, said to an assistant that he prayed every night that he would not think himself too good.

In addition to clinics at the Jefferson Hospital, Dr. Gibbon gave a weekly clinic at the Pennsylvania Hospital. Several times a year he presented fractures. These clinics were well known and the amphitheatre at the Pennsylvania Hospital was always filled with students from the medical schools of Philadelphia. Dr. Gibbons' lectures were clear and he had the ability to drive home facts.

Dr. Gibbon was an excellent technician. He appreciated the importance of gentleness, the avoidance of trauma to tissue. He urged his assistants to use local anesthesia in order to learn gentleness. He often jokingly said "horse hair" should be the only suture material provided in accident wards for the closure of skin wounds since "horse hair", if tied too tightly, broke.

In addition to papers published, Dr. Gibbon for a number of years edited with Dr. Da Costa the Saunders "Year Book of Surgery." He wrote the section on "Compression of Arteries" in Buck's "Reference Handbook of the Medical Sciences" and contributed to the section on "Operative Techniques" in Keen's Surgery.

In 1948, The Jefferson Medical College conferred the Honorary Degree of Doctor of Science on Dr. Gibbon because of his significant contributions to Humanity, his Country and the Medical Profession.

On September 2, 1901, Dr. Gibbon was married to Miss Marjorie G. Young, the daughter of the late Lieutenant-General and Mrs. S. B. M. Young of the U.S. Army.

Dr. Gibbon suffered a coronary artery occlusion twenty-one years ago while in Boston for a meeting of the American Surgical Association. He was attended by Dr. Paul Dudley White. He had a second coronary occlusion a few years later and a third early in December of 1955. Despite coronary artery disease he led a happy and interested life and was never inactive for long periods of time.

Dr. Gibbon resigned from teaching positions at the age of 60 chiefly because of a firm belief he had held since early in his career that older men should not wait too long before making way for younger men. He continued with the private practice of surgery for a few years longer.

After retirement he devoted a great deal of time to carpentry and became a skilled craftsman. He was an avid reader and retained a keen interest in national and world affairs.

On March 13, 1956, in the afternoon, he developed pulmonary edema which was sudden in onset. He soon lapsed into unconsciousness and died within a few hours.

Dr. Gibbons' wife, the former Marjorie G. Young, survived him by only seven days. To one who knew their devotion and dependence upon each other this was not altogether unexpected. Surviving are a daughter, Mrs. Winthrop H. Battles of Media, three sons, Dr. John H. Gibbon, Jr., Professor of Surgery and Director of Surgical Research in the Department of Surgery, The Jefferson Medical College, Samuel Y., of Jenkintown, and Robert, of Haverford, nine grandchildren and three great-grandchildren.

John B. Flick, M.D.
The Alumni Association deeply mourns the loss of Dr. Thomas A. Shallow, Director of Surgery and Samuel D. Gross Professor, who passed away on December 26, 1955. As an alumnus for nearly 45 years, he was a dominant force in all affairs at Jefferson, an outstanding teacher, distinguished clinician, masterful surgeon, counselor and friend. His passing marks an era in the history of Jefferson.

Dr. Shallow was born on November 26, 1886, in Philadelphia, the city which remained his home and center of activities for his 69 years of life. Of Irish and Scotch-English descent, he was sixth in the family of seven children of Edward F. Shallow, a millwright, and Elizabeth MacQuillan Shallow, both of Pennsylvania. As a youth, he was both a good student and athlete. He took a prominent part in the neighborhood fights, which were in vogue among the boys of that period, using his robust body to advantage and, when necessary, retreating on the powerful legs that later won him recognition on track teams and still later served him well at the operating table and hospital rounds.

His preliminary education was obtained in the Philadelphia public schools. At the age of fifteen his interest in medicine was already such that he would cut classes at Central High School to attend surreptitiously some of the post-mortem examinations and teaching clinics at the old Medico-Chi Hospital. In 1907 he matriculated at Jefferson Medical College. During his sophomore year, he was president of the Spitzka Anatomic League and was class historian in his senior year. He also was a prominent member of the last track team and last football team of the institution. At graduation in 1911, he received the Alumni Prize for the highest general average of the four years as well as several other awards.

Dr. Shallow remained at Jefferson for his internship during 1911 to 1913, and from 1913 to 1914 he served as Chief Resident Physician. In addition to the latter position, he also worked with Dr. Hobart A. Hare in the department of experimental pharmacology and with Dr. Albert Brubaker as a quiz master in physiology. At this time his outstanding ability was recognized by the senior staff members, several of whom offered him their association. The hero for him of that day, however, was Dr. John Chalmers DaCosta, whom he prided to serve as personal assistant from 1914 to 1925. As a member of the faculty of the Jefferson Medical College, his career began as Clinical Assistant with promotion through the ranks to Professor of Surgery in 1931. The peak of his career was reached in 1939 when he was made Samuel D. Gross Professor and Head of the Department.

During his earlier years, Dr. Shallow served on the staffs of other local hospitals, among which were Philadelphia General, Saint Joseph's, Montgomery County, Delaware County, Sacred Heart, and Grand View in Sellersville, Pa. Later he restricted his operative work to Jefferson Hospital, but remained influential in the affairs of the other institutions. He was a member and former President of the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery, Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, International College of Surgeons, and
THOMAS A. SHALLOW, M.D., LL.D.
Samuel D. Gross Professor of Surgery and Head of the Department
founder member of the American Board of Surgery. He was also a member of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia; County, State and American Medical Associations; American Association of the History of Medicine and American Medical Editors and Authors Association. Dr. Shallow was active in Nu Sigma Nu medical fraternity and a member as well as faculty adviser for the Alpha Omega honorary fraternity. He served as president of the Alumni Association of Jefferson Medical College in 1938. His portrait was presented to the Jefferson Medical College by the Graduating Class of 1950. An L.L.D. degree from Jefferson Medical College was awarded him in 1953.

During World War I, Dr. Shallow served as Captain in the Medical Corps, 1917 to 1919. He was initially assigned to the Rockefeller Institute, New York, and later served as Surgeon to Evacuation Hospital Center #25 in France. During World War II he remained a civilian and was active in the accelerated educational program of that period.

Dr. Shallow's extramural activities were many and varied. He belonged to the Union League of Philadelphia, Philadelphia Racquet Club, Art Club of Philadelphia, Franklin Institute, and Pennsylvania Scotch-Irish Society. He found time to distinguish himself in civic affairs and was a member of the Board of City Trusts of Philadelphia, Board of Directors of Wills Eye Hospital, Board of Directors of the Philadelphia House of Detention, Advisory Board of Directors of the Municipal Court, Director on the Board of the Old Eagle School, a historical society, and Chairman of the Philadelphia Inquirer Hero Award Committee.

Hobbies played a very minor role in Dr. Shallow's life. He gave up golf during his later years and derived his main relaxation from fishing.

As a man, Dr. Shallow was constitutionally rugged, dynamic, and indefatigible. On the executive faculty of the college his celerity of thought coupled with his profound knowledge of college and hospital affairs often aided in the rapid solution of intricate and vexing administrative problems. His advice was sought and followed by many. As a teacher he placed great emphasis upon the clinical history and its correlation with the evolution of the pathologic process. His weekly clinic was an academic highlight, prepared with care and enhanced by the participation of his entire staff. His principles of surgery as well as technique were so consistent that the younger men who trained under him knew exactly what he would do in each situation. As an operation, his dexterity and judgment commanded the respect of all who knew him. Dr. Shallow frequently stated that he had no favorite operation, but it was generally conceded that he excelled most in surgery of the gastrointestinal tract. As a writer he made many contributions to the surgical literature. He pioneered in the operation of one stage pharyngeal diverticulectomy which combined the teamwork of surgeon and esophagoscopist. His private practice was huge, and he devoted much time and energy to individual patients, many of whom were referred for professional opinion and care.

During his last illness due to carcinoma of the pharynx, he chose to work despite great discomfort and failing strength. In these final days he refused to discuss his personal troubles and stoically maintained his ready wit and humor. Dr. Shallow is survived by his wife, the former Myrtle C. Luman, a Jefferson nurse, whom he married in 1920. With her we share the loss of one of Jefferson's most illustrious and loyal alumni.
Dr. Louis Chodoff, a member of the Surgical Department of the Jefferson Hospital, died January 26, 1956.

Dr. Chodoff graduated from The Jefferson Medical College in 1904 and served his internship at Jefferson Hospital, remaining on the active staff until his death. He began his professional work in Philadelphia after his internship and built up a large practice. Dr. Chodoff was doctor, consultant and friend in need to numberless patients. His skill was at the call of any who needed him, day or night, winter or summer. He carried on in the finest way the traditions of the family physician. His greatest memorial is a human one, the grateful memory of those hundreds of poor people who think of him with respect, gratitude and love.

He was a familiar figure in the College and Hospital in which he served both so tirelessly throughout the long years.

He was esteemed and loved by the many who knew him; he was a loyal son of Jefferson and worked always in her interest and for her progress. We shall miss him indeed but shall hold him always in our memory.

Dr. Chodoff gave three sons to Jefferson, Dr. Richard J. Chodoff, '33, Dr. Paul E. Chodoff, '38, and Dr. Peter Chodoff, '51. He is survived by his widow, Gazelle Chodoff, his three sons, his brother and a sister, Mrs. Louis Levinthal.
ROBERT CHARR, M.D.
Assistant Professor of Medicine

Robert Charr, who died on January 29, 1956, following a brief illness, was a distinguished internist and teacher. His delightful personality drew to him countless friends and patients from all walks of life. Beloved by his students he was respected for his knowledge and thoughtful considerations of the sick. Philosophical interpretations highlighted his lectures and conferences. Teaching was in his heart. He often remarked his greatest desire was to give more and more time to students and younger physicians. Numerous interns and resident physicians caught the spirit of his devotion to medicine and were stimulated to follow the higher academic pursuits.

Closely interwoven with Robert Charr's professional life were Betty, his wife, and their daughter, Betsy. He was an elder of the Presbyterian Church, where his ideals and good works were keenly felt. His avocation was portrait painting and sketching. Numerous examples of his art adorned his home.

Born in Sen Chen, Korea, on August 8, 1904, Dr. Charr attended successively the mission schools of his community, the University of Nanking, Nanking, China, and Huron College, Huron, South Dakota. He received his medical degree from the Jefferson Medical College in 1931 and following his internship became associated with his Alma Mater and the Pennsylvania Hospital.

Advancing from his first appointment as Assistant in Medicine, Department for Diseases of the Chest, Jefferson Hospital, and physician to the White Haven Sanatorium, he became Assistant Professor of Medicine in the Department of Medicine at Jefferson and Assistant Physician to the Pennsylvania Hospital. His medical societies included the American College of Chest Physicians, the American College of Physicians, the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, the American Trudeau Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, and the Laennec Society of Philadelphia. He was a rich contributor to the medical literature, chiefly on subjects pertaining to chest diseases.

There is little wonder that Robert Charr received and enjoyed the highest respect in the circles of academic-clinical medicine and the special affection of all who knew him well.

BURGESS L. GORDON
Lowell A. Erf, M.D., Assistant Professor of Medicine, Assistant Director of The Charlotte Drake Cardeza Foundation and Director of The Plasma-Transfusion Unit of The Jefferson Medical College and Hospital, died January 30, 1956.

Dr. Erf received his doctor's degree at The Ohio State University in 1931. Following one year's internship at White Cross Hospital, Columbus, Ohio, he served two year's residency in Medical and Surgical Research at Ohio State. Before his connection with Jefferson, he was an assistant in the Department of Hematology at Jewish Hospital in Cincinnati, Ohio, and did clinical and experimental hematology at the Rockefeller Institute in New York City and later at The University of California.

He was a member of The American Medical Association, Philadelphia County Medical Society, The Harvey Society of Hematology, New York Blood Society, American Cancer Society and The American Association for Cancer Research. Dr. Erf was a Fellow of the Philadelphia College of Physicians and The American College of Physicians. He was a member of the Pennsylvania, Ohio, New York and California State Medical Societies.

Dr. Erf was also a member of The Board of Directors of the Elizabeth Storck Kraemer Memorial Foundation, Inc., and was a staff member of their department of Neoplastic Diseases. In 1939, as a member of The International Cancer Congress, he presented a paper at their first meeting to be held in the United States.

Dr. Erf was appointed to the Plasma-Transfusion Unit of The Charlotte Drake Cardeza Foundation July 1, 1941. He had exceptional training in all phases of diseases of the blood, having worked with Dr. C. P. Rhoades at the Rockefeller Institute, Dr. Charles Doane of Ohio State and Dr. John Lawrence in California, who was the foremost worker in the cyclotron field.

Dr. Erf was a pioneer in the development of Nuclear Medicine and introduced isotopes to Jefferson. Many changes resulted from his suggestions and the Cardeza blood unit became the most outstanding of its kind in the country, which added materially to the renown of Jefferson. He was an indefatigable research worker; always willing to devote his time in settling controversial problems encountered continually in this most complicated field.

This celebrated man contributed widely to medical literature; he was always in demand as a speaker. He was an able representative of Jefferson, bringing added honors to the Institution and particularly the Division of Hematology.

He was notified in January that he was to receive this year's Carlos Finlay Award. The Ohio State University will present an Award for the Outstanding Achievement in Medicine, which Mrs. Erf will accept March 3rd of this year.

Dr. Erf had a genial gracious personality which immediately attracted people to him and made for him many friends and devoted patients. All of us who knew him regret his untimely passing, which leaves a great void, robbing us of a colleague and a warm friend. The qualities which were his will live on, serving as an example to all who knew him. We will hold him always in our fond remembrance.

Harold W. Jones, M.D.
NECROLOGY

1888

1895

1896

1898
John I. Robison died at Scranton, Pennsylvania, October 18, 1955.

1901

1902
William M. Davis died at St. Petersburg, Florida, February 8, 1956.
Charles H. Ernst died at Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, November 6, 1955.

1904
Gaillard B. Fuller died at Loudonville, Ohio, August 1, 1955.

1906

1908

1911
Lloyd M. Holt died at Shamokin, Pennsylvania, August 1, 1955.

1914

1915

1916
Edward F. Uzzle died at Atlantic City, New Jersey, January 21, 1956.

1917

1918

1920
Carey Celester Jones died at Apex, North Carolina, October 21, 1955.

1923
Charles E. Ball died at Fort Worth, Texas, January 22, 1956.
Jacob L. Flax died at East Orange, New Jersey, January 23, 1956.

1929
Alton Brooks Freeman died at Randleman, North Carolina, December 1, 1955.

1931

1950
Ernest H. Jensen died at Detroit, Michigan, January 11, 1956.
A TRIBUTE TO
DR. GEORGE HULINGS ATKINS, '02
WILLIAM N. BRADLEY, M.D.

Dr. Atkins was born April 11, 1872 in Milton, Delaware, and died September 3, 1955 at the Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Philadelphia.

Dr. Atkins was a quiet, modest and upright Christian. He was much beloved by the hundreds of mothers and children to whom he was medical advisor, and to whom he gave many years of his life in social work at the Starr Center Health Clinic, then located at Seventh and Catherine Streets.

Here in 1914 he was associated in establishing a prenatal clinic for expectant mothers, the first public clinic for this purpose to be founded in Philadelphia. Dr. Atkins, in his capacity as director of this particular service, personally examined and advised hundreds of mothers, checked and recorded physical findings, including kidney function and blood pressure readings recorded by the pre-natal nurse, Mrs. Eleanor McCaffrey, who with Dr. Atkins devoted their time to expectant mothers. A few days ago I was pleased to discover two large bookkeeping volumes (1921-1922) which recorded the findings above mentioned.

In 1919 the Starr Center Health Clinic was first in Philadelphia to adopt immunization against diphtheria; which at that time was an extremely fatal disease. Here again, Dr. Atkins gave remarkable service. Hundreds of children were studied and immunized against the possibility of diphtheria infection. After the lapse of a few years, a community study was made with respect to diphtheria and revealed the almost complete absence of diphtheria in the Starr Center District.

Dr. Atkins was faithful and unflinching, and I am sure that hundreds in the district blessed him for the faithful and expert service which he rendered the community. It would be impossible to note here the many noble and philanthropic acts which were a part of Dr. Atkins’ daily living.

Dr. Atkins was graduated from the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy in 1893 and The Jefferson Medical College in 1902. He had been in private practice in South Philadelphia from 1902 to April 28, 1955, the day before he entered the Methodist Episcopal Hospital. He was on the staff of the Pennsylvania Hospital and Polyclinic Hospital from 1902 to 1903, physician at Starr Center Clinic (in association with Dr. Bradley) from 1912 to 1939, on the staff of the Maternity Hospital 1924 to 1930, appointed to the staff of the Pennsylvania Pediatric Staff 1931 and served in the Civil Defense organization of South Philadelphia during the Second World War. He was a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia Pediatric Society and the Pennsylvania Society of the Sons of the Revolution.

In 1907 he married Estella Marshall Davis, who died in 1950.

JEFFERSON SELLS WHITE HAVEN
DIVISION TO THE STATE FOR
CARE OF RETARDED CHILDREN

White Haven Sanatorium, which was turned over to Jefferson Medical College and Hospital in 1946 and has been operated for longer term tuberculosis care and silicosis treatment and study, has been sold to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

The 59-year old institution, located in the Poconos near Hazleton, Pennsylvania, was acquired from Jefferson by the state Department of Welfare on January 26th to help relieve the badly overcrowded conditions of the commonwealth’s schools for the mentally retarded.

The White Haven Division of Jefferson’s Department of Diseases of the Chest, with 190 beds, has functioned in close relationship with Jefferson’s primary unit for chest diseases, the Barton Division, at Broad and Fitzwater Streets in Philadelphia.

Barton Division has offered all forms of treatment and care for tuberculosis patients, as well as serving as principal location for research and treatment in the program against anthracosilicosis. With the need for special tuberculosis sanatoria having dropped substantially in the state and country in the past year or two, Jefferson will center its tuberculosis program at its Barton Division. The program at Barton may be expanded and will be adapted to function as the single unit.

Secretary of Welfare Harry Shapiro announced plans to move approximately 500 male patients from Polk and Pennhurst to White Haven. Other facilities have been and are being acquired by the state. About 800 children are being transferred from the state’s schools to the newly-acquired plants for the feeble minded.

In announcing the acquisition of White Haven and the department’s plans, Secretary Shapiro thanked Jefferson for its public service in making the sale. “The purchase of White Haven Sanatorium from Jefferson Medical College is a great blessing for the countless parents of feeble minded girls and boys throughout the commonwealth and for the children themselves. They have been waiting years to have Pennsylvania own up to its responsibilities for institutional care and treatment of the mentally retarded among our citizens. The staff and board of trustees of Jefferson Medical College merit the appreciation of their fellow-Pennsylvanians for this generous and outstanding contribution to the alleviating of one of the state’s most pressing needs.”

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JOHN T. FARRELL, JR., M.D.

Dr. Farrell, newly elected President of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, began his term of office on January 1, 1956.

Dr. Farrell was born in Providence, Rhode Island, October 7, 1897, son of John T. Farrell, M.D., Jefferson '86, and Louise Allen Farrell. He received his B.S. from Hobart College in 1918; M.D., Jefferson Medical College 1922; Assistant Professor of Roentgenology, Jefferson 1930-1938; Professor of Clinical Radiology, Graduate School of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania 1940—; Assistant Roentgenologist, Jefferson Hospital 1930-1938; Roentgenologist, White Haven Sanatorium 1934-47; Radiologist, The Lankenau Hospital 1941-1948; Radiologist, Hospital of the Mary J. Drexel Home; Consulting Roentgenologist, Douglass-Mercy Hospital 1941—; Diplomate, American Board of Radiology 1934. Member, Philadelphia County Medical Society (Board of Directors 1949-55), Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, American Medical Association, American College of Radiology, American Roentgen Ray Society, Radiological Society of North America (Vice President 1934), Philadelphia Roentgen Ray Society (President 1930), Pennsylvania Radiological Society (President 1944), American College of Physicians, College of Physicians of Philadelphia, Laennec Society, Medical Club, Board of Directors, Medical Service Association of Pennsylvania (1947), Board of Directors, Associated Hospital Service of Philadelphia 1949. Author of "Roentgen Diagnosis of Diseases of the Gastrointestinal Tract" and papers on radiologic subjects.

Dr. Farrell has been an active worker in the Alumni Association since his graduation in 1922, standing always ready to further the interest and growth of Jefferson. We congratulate him and trust that he may have a very happy and successful year in his new office.
THE DEPARTMENT OF ANESTHESIOLOGY

*History*

The activation of the Department of Anesthesiology occurred on the 5th of July 1955 with the arrival from New Haven, Connecticut of Drs. Louis J. Hampton, Robert T. McSherry and Georgina Y. Goodwin, and Miss Betty Koutsopolos, secretary; and from Charlottesville, Virginia, Dr. Harold F. Chase. The four anesthesiologists, whose professional careers were described in the August, 1955
issue of the Alumni Bulletin, are organizing the clinical, teaching and research functions of the department in a general pattern adopted by this specialty in other leading medical schools of the United States. Experience gained in the formation of similar departments in Yale University and the University of Virginia has been invaluable in providing background for this enterprise. The need for careful planning combined with a relative scarcity of suitable additional personnel tend to make all changes evolutionary rather than revolutionary, and this report, therefore, will be one of progress to date and of plans for the future.

Functions

The responsibilities of a department of anesthesiology, as for any clinical science, in a teaching center, are three-fold: clinical, teaching and research. Emphasis and effort expended in fulfilling these functions are in the order in which they are named.

Clinical

Provision of high-quality, safe anesthetic management of all patients undergoing operation is the first aim of the department. Accomplishment of this objective is not easy. Anesthesia techniques for the most part are comparatively simple and relatively easy to learn, and the technician who practices them without knowledge of their physiological and pharmacological backgrounds oftentimes is in the position of doing more harm than good. The science of anesthesia is advancing so rapidly with contributions from many fields of medical investigation that no one whose background is less than that of a physician
A department of anesthesiology in addition to performing clinical anesthesia can also participate in the management of airway problems of unconscious patients—cerebrovascular accidents, barbiturate poisoning; in problems of sedation, particularly in children and elderly patients; and can contribute to the treatment of tetanus and of patients with respiratory paralysis. It is prepared to perform diagnostic and therapeutic nerve blocks.

The administration of oxygen therapy in this medical center is a function of the Hospital Pharmacy. The oxygen therapy technician has co-operated fully with the physicians of the Department of Anesthesiology and has sought their advice frequently. This additional clinical service is available when necessary.

This brief description of the clinical functions of a department of anesthesiology shows that its activity extends far beyond the confines of the operating room. The goal of this department is to participate in patient care wherever it can make a significant contribution, and for this more anesthesiologists are needed.

with special training in this specialty can be expected to interpret these advances in the best interests of patient care.

The anesthesiologists are available for consultation concerning the management of patients in whom there are problems which may affect or be affected by anesthesia. In this respect the role of the anesthesiologist complements that of the internist and surgeon and, in deciding upon the course of anesthesia care he frequently seeks information from these other sources. Ultimately the department should be able to extend this service to all patients before operation, and to participate in post-operative care as it relates to anesthesia.

Actual conducting of clinical anesthesia by the physicians in the department is limited pretty much to poor-risk patients, those in whom specialized or regional techniques are indicated, and to physicians and their families. Four physicians in a department where more than 10,000 anesthetic procedures are performed each year, who have also definite teaching and research obligations, find their clinical contributions spread rather thin. A staff of competent nurse anesthetists have been carrying the major portion of the clinical load.
Teaching

Undergraduate — Formation of the department occurred too late for inclusion of its teaching activities in the curriculum. However, other departments have been most generous in allotting time for conferences dealing with anesthesia subjects. Six lectures in anesthesia, formerly given by Dr. Willauer to the Junior class, were presented this year by the anesthesiologists. Topics included Care of the Unconscious Patient, The Use of Neuromuscular Blocking Agents, Principles of Pre- and Post-operative Sedation, The Concept of Balanced Anesthesia, Hypotension Encountered During Anesthesia and Complications of Anesthesia. In addition, conferences with sections of the Junior class are held Mondays from 10 a.m. to noon, each section participating in six one-hour sessions. Subjects discussed are: Explosion Hazards, Use of the Anesthesia Machine, Regional Anesthesia, Spinal Anesthesia, Pre-anesthetic Evaluation of the Patient, and Oxygen Therapy. The staff has also participated in panel discussions of Anesthesia for Obstetrics and Asphyxia Neonatorum presented by the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology to the Senior Class, and in numerous "pits" conducted by the Department of Surgery.

Anesthesiology is one of the so-called minor specialties and, in an era when medical educators are trying to clear crowded curricula of extraneous material, much thought must be given to the presentation of only that which will be a valuable contribution to the student's knowledge. By and large, anesthesiology is a graduate subject. However, as a teaching discipline it has a very real contribution to make in emphasizing the clinical importance of pre-clinical subjects such as physiology and pharmacology; respiratory problems of the unconscious patient, significance of the pharmacology of the neuromuscular junction, fluid and electrolyte balance, the treatment of shock — to name only a few. Principles of resuscitation — pulmonary and cardiovascular — should be thoroughly indoctrinated in all students, no matter what their eventual careers may be.

The department will suggest to the Curriculum Committee a program of instruction for the 1956-1957 academic year which will include the following:

First year class — One lecture in Anatomy describing the clinical importance of the brachial plexus, stellate ganglion and/or the larynx. One lecture in Physiology correlating physiology of respiration and circulation with certain alterations of these functions encountered in the unconscious patient.

Second year class — One or more lectures in Pharmacology describing the clinical use of anesthetic agents.

Third year class — Six formal lectures to the entire class and numerous conferences with small groups, as has been done during the current year.

Fourth year class — An attempt to introduce the student to certain anesthetic techniques which will be useful to him in many fields of medicine. For example, every student by the time he graduates should be able to visualize a glottis and insert a tube through it should the emergency arise. Certainly if the Armed Forces can plan to do this for non-medical personnel a physician should have at least the benefit of equal training. Again, few physicians perform a lumbar puncture with the meticulous care practiced by an anesthesiologist, therefore, why should he not be the one to teach the technique to the medical student? Dr. Cornelius J. Regan has provided some of this instruction to Senior students at Cooper Hospital and it is hoped...
provision will be made for similar practical instruction in Jefferson Medical College Hospital.

Graduate — Whereas no attempt is made to teach anesthetic procedures to medical students, it is believed the interne should be introduced to some of the practical aspects of this field of medicine. For example, he should know how to use the gas machine, at least for resuscitation; he should be taught a conservative method of low spinal anesthesia; and he should learn something about management of ventilation in the anesthetized patient. Moreover, through ward round and consultation he should receive instruction in pre-anesthetic preparation of the patient, particularly the child, and evaluation of factors which may complicate anesthetic management. He may benefit from learning the anesthesiologist’s method of using analgesic and sedative drugs. Instruction of this sort can best be obtained by practical application, and for this the interne should be assigned to the Anesthesiology service for a minimum of two weeks. It is hoped some such arrangement can be initiated in July 1956. Experience elsewhere has shown that rotation of junior residents from surgical and obstetrical services through Anesthesia has benefited the individuals and has resulted in closer co-operation between the respective services. This also will be suggested for this medical center.

A very considerable part of the teaching effort will be directed to the training of residents seeking certification by the American Board of Anesthesiology. Surgical ma-
terial of all varieties is available, and the heterogenous backgrounds of the anesthesiology staff make of them a source of clinical instruction where emphasis is placed on tailoring the form of anesthetic management to the requirements of the patient instead of stressing one or two techniques. The specialty is expanding rapidly and there is competition among training centers to obtain residents in sufficient number to carry the clinical load. Naturally, older centers with established reputations are in a position of advantage in this respect. It is the intent of this department to have a sound training program and to seek residents only of a caliber consistent with the high standards of this institution. Growth in size is not expected to be rapid, and Jefferson Alumni support is encouraged. At the time of this writing two appointments have been made for July 1956.

Research

Most of the research activity is in the planning stage but is reported for your information. A fundamental interest of the department is the investigation of reflex phenomena occurring during anesthesia and surgery. One of the first problems to be explored in the laboratory is the relationship of hypercapnea and diffusion anoxia to the occurrence of cardiac arrhythmias. Dr. Chase also expects to study the pulmonary effects of inhaling dry gases which occurs in anesthetic techniques employing high gas flows.

On the clinical side an evaluation of two new agents is in progress: an intravenous barbiturate, Lilly Compound #22451; and a meperidine derivative, "Anileridine", developed by Merck. Burroughs Wellcome and Co. has provided funds which will enable Dr. McSherry to continue development of methods of measuring neuromuscular blockade in the anesthetized patient.

Dr. Chase has co-operated with Dr. Nealon of the Department of Surgery in work already in progress relating to ventilation of patients during anesthesia and surgery. The absorption of carbon dioxide by methods in current use has been critically re-evaluated using the Jefferson ventilator to produce a constant, measurable ventilation. From this work two papers will be presented: "Inadequate Carbon Dioxide Absorption Requiring Increased Pulmonary Ventilation During Operations with Open Thoracotomies" to the American Association for Thoracic Surgery; and "Factors Influencing Inadequate Carbon Dioxide Absorption in Clinical Anesthesia" to the American Society of Anesthesiologists.
The College has provided basic equipment for chemical and pharmacologic research, and has also purchased a Liston-Becker Infra-Red Carbon Dioxide Analyzer plus a Grass console electroencephalograph having one active channel and room for addition of three when funds become available. The department also owns a combination electrocardiograph-electroencephalograph which is used to monitor cardiac rhythm and depth of anesthesia in certain problem cases and in patients in whom new agents are being investigated.

**Space Occupancy**

Department headquarters is now crowded into the "Televoice Room" on the 4th floor of the Pavilion. This eventually will be a conference and study area for residents. A small room opposite the Recovery Room in 5th Annex will provide office space for Dr. McSherry and an instructor. A section of the 9th floor of the College has been assigned to the Department of Anesthesiology. Work on remodeling has barely started. When completed, this area will contain space for the secretary and a waiting room, a good-sized laboratory for chemical and small animal research, an office for Dr. Chase, and an office for Dr. Hampton in which will be housed the departmental library. The entire area will be air conditioned!

Clinical research will be conducted in the so-called "anesthesia induction cubicles" in the operating theatre.

**Recovery Room**

The Recovery Room is located in the 5th Annex adjoining the corridor from the Pavilion. Everyone who participated in the remodeling of this section of the Annex deserves praise because this room is a beautiful piece of construction and is functionally well designed. Space is provided for fifteen post-anesthesia stretchers (Jarvis and Jarvis), and two Hill-Rom beds. It is staffed by four
A N N I E G A Y L E a n d F R A N M C C R A Y o f t h e R e c o v e r y R o o m s t a f f

nurses, a nurses' aide and an orderly, and functions from 8:30 to 8:00 Monday through Friday. From the day of its opening, 20 August 1955, to 8 March 1956 a total of 3,361 patients were treated. Operating under the professional direction of the Department of Anesthesiology it provides superior facilities for the observation and care of patients during the immediate post-anesthesia period. Average length of stay for each patient is somewhat less than two hours.

**Intravenous Therapy Team**

One of the many chores which harass a busy house staff as well as those physicians for whom no house staff is available is the starting of intravenous infusions. Since 28 September 1955 a good portion of this work load has been assumed by two nurses whose headquarters are in the Recovery Room. They are available to help with post-anesthesia care when "intravenous rounds" have been completed.

The accomplishments of the Department of Anesthesiology are admittedly far short of its objectives. The most pressing need at the moment is augmentation of the professional staff, both residents and attendings. Progress which has been made has been in an atmosphere of friendly co-operation from administrative, medical and nursing staffs.
DAVID R. MORGAN, M.S., M.D., D.P.H., PROFESSOR OF PATHOLOGY
AND CURATOR OF THE MUSEUM

It is particularly fitting at this time, which coincides with the fortieth year since the graduation of Professor David R. Morgan from the Jefferson Medical College, that an account of the life and achievements of this great alumnus, honored associate, faithful friend and sympathetic and loving teacher be set down as a living memorial in this, the official Bulletin of the Alumni Association. Jefferson history is rich in remarkable personalities and among the most admirable of them is this extraordinary man. As is often true of great men, stories often true but occasionally apocryphal and legendary have been circulated about him.

David Reynolds Morgan was born in Edwardsville, Pennsylvania on October 4, 1890. He was the third of seven children born to John J. and Harriet Reynolds Morgan. His paternal grandparents emigrated from Wales and were among the early settlers of Edwardsville, where
grandfather Morgan was a coal mine operator. His materna
great grandmother Davis emigrated from Wales with
twelve children and settled at Minersville, Pennsylvania
where she practiced midwifery to support her large fami
ly. One of her sons, Dr. Benjamin J. B. Davis, graduated
from Jefferson Medical College in 1849. Dr. Davis prac
ticed for many years in Schuylkill County, Pennsylvania.
This branch of the family was related to Jefferson Davis,
President of the Confederacy.

David’s mother, Harriet Reynolds, was born in Jones
town near Minersville. She was a singer of note and, on
one of her concert tours, met John J. Morgan whom she
later married. They lived for several years in Iowa but re
turned to Edwardsville where his father died when David
was ten years old.

David attended the public schools in Edwardsville, gradu
ating from high school in 1908. He also attended night
school, taking a business course. This training he utilized
in working as a bookkeeper during vacation periods, thus
providing the means for his further education. He gradu
ated from the Wyoming Seminary with high honors in
1912 and enrolled at the Jefferson Medical College in the
fall of that year.

He established a reputation as a diligent and excellent
student at Jefferson and was elected to Alpha Omega
Alpha, serving as Secretary of that honorary society. He
became a member of Theta Kappa Psi Fraternity, serving
as Historian for three years. He was elected Literary Editor
of his class book, “The Clinic 1916”, which has this to
say about him

“Nature was so lavish of her store,
That she bestowed until she had no more.”

David Reynolds Morgan graduated from the Jefferson
Medical College in 1916. He began his internship at the
Jefferson Hospital in May, 1916. In November of that
year, he petitioned the Board of Trustees that he be granted
a six months leave of absence in order to volunteer for
service in the French Army. This petition was acted upon
favorably. Leaving his clothes and books in his room in the

Dr. Morgan's first love, the Museum, in the Old College, corner of Tenth and Walnut Streets.
hospital, he departed confident that the war would be over by the end of this period. He sailed from New York on the French liner Rochambeau and landed at Bordeaux in December, 1916.

Doctor Morgan was assigned as a Lieutenant to the Hospital Militaire No. 10 in the Seine et Oise District where he received his preliminary training. This hospital of 150 beds was an excellent training ground for experience in the surgical treatment of traumatic wounds. Six months later, he was appointed Médecin-Chef and promoted to a Captain.

America's formal declaration of war against Germany was made by Congress on April 6, 1917. On June 13th General Pershing with his staff of fifty-three officers and 146 men including civilian attachés arrived in Paris, where the general headquarters were set up. The first fighting contingents, namely, the First Division, United States Army, arrived in France on June 26, 1917. This division of regulars went into the Gondrecourt training area for training, their arrival causing great excitement in France. Doctor Morgan immediately requested of his superiors that he be permitted to transfer his services to the American Army. Accordingly, he was given an honorable discharge from the French Army which awarded him the Medaille Reconnaissance for faithful service at Hospital No. 10.

Captain Morgan, still in the uniform of the French Army, presented himself at General Headquarters, American Expeditionary Forces in Paris. He was informed that they had no authority to confer commissions. He was advised to return to the United States and there apply for a commission through the usual channels. Doctor Morgan could see no point in wasting valuable time, especially since he knew of the existing critical military situation of the Allies. He, therefore, enlisted as a Private on October 1, 1917 and was assigned to duty with the 18th Infantry Regiment of the First Division, a regular army outfit which was then awaiting orders to go to the front. In the meantime, an application for a commission in the Medical Corps was forwarded to Washington in the hope that some means of favorable action would be found.

On October 21, 1917, the 18th Regiment was attached to the French Army for advanced training under fire. It went into the line in the Sommerville sector, a relatively quiet part of the front. Action was limited to night raids between the lines. While repulsing one of these raids, the enemy killed and wounded many of the men of the company in which Private Morgan was serving. At dawn, in full sight of the enemy and under constant rifle and machine-gun fire, he went to the aid of the wounded and, among others, carried his company commander to safety. For these acts of heroism, he was awarded the first of many medals, namely, the Croix de Guerre.

The regiment was withdrawn from the front lines in late November and soon after this Private Morgan was ordered to report to headquarters. There, the regimental commander, Colonel Frank Parker, commissioned Private Morgan a First Lieutenant, M. C. and reassigned him to duty with the 18th Regiment.

On March 6, 1918 the regiment, under the tactical command of the French, was holding a sector east of Luneville. In the following month, many active engagements took place and Lt. Morgan was awarded a palm to the Croix de Guerre. On April 20th, a lively combat took place at Seichprey. The regiment then entered the Cantigny sector on April 25th. Here, the first offensive action of the American forces took place. On the second day of the battle, May 1, 1918, Doctor Morgan was severely burned with mustard gas. He remained in the hospital for three weeks and before his wounds were healed he rejoined his regiment to participate in the Soissons battle. The fighting was especially severe and, on July 2nd, he was wounded in the right leg by shrapnel, fragments of which he still carries in this leg. He continued in action but on July 19th he was again overcome by poison gas. He refused evacuation until he was carried off the field two days later.

He remained in the hospital for almost two months, rejoining his regiment to participate in the attack on the St. Mihiel salient which began on September 12th. This was the first offensive by the American Army under the direct command of General Pershing and resulted in a smashing victory. The 18th Regiment covered itself with glory and renown in the days that followed.

On October 1st the regiment entered into the Argonne offensive. On October 11th, in the vicinity of Montfacon, Doctor Morgan was again severely gassed and was carried to the rear for hospitalization. The war ended six weeks later.

For his actions at Cantigny, Soissons, St. Michel and the Argonne, Doctor Morgan was awarded two more palms to the Croix de Guerre, two Silver Stars, the Bronze Star and the Purple Heart. Brigadier General Parker also recommended him for the Congressional Medal of Honor. It is of interest to note that, although seventy-six of these medals were awarded during World War I, no medical officer in any of the services was so honored. However, Doctor Morgan was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross, the
second highest award of our government. The citation reads as follows:

"At Chaudun, France, July 19, 1918, while suffering from a former attack of gas, he was again overcome by gas fumes after 36 hours of work among the wounded men in the front lines and was sent to the dressing station. Refusing to remain away from the front line, he again made his way to the elements in the advanced positions and under intense enemy fire, searched for wounded, applied first aid and directed their removal to places of shelter. This work he continued until severely wounded and carried from the field."

Dr. Morgan was shipped back to the United States in December, 1918 and remained as a patient in the hospital until his honorable discharge from active duty on May 15, 1919. At the insistence of his mother, he returned to Edwardsville. She devoted all her efforts at trying to hasten his recovery from his wounds. Characteristically, he was unable to follow the leisurely life planned for him by his mother. He utilized one of the rooms in his home as an office for the practice of medicine. In the fall, he also contracted to teach English and English literature in the high school.

A year later, Doctor Morgan returned to Philadelphia where he enrolled in The School of Public Health of the University of Pennsylvania. On the completion of this course, he received a Doctorate in Public Health. He then enrolled in the University's Graduate School of Surgery. He received the degree of Master of Science in Surgery in 1923 and won a cash award of five hundred dollars for further study in surgery. At this time, Dr. Ross V. Patterson, Dean of the Jefferson Medical College, invited him to join the teaching staff in the Department of Pathology. Doctor Morgan accepted this offer especially since it provided him with facilities for continuing a research project on the gallbladder which he had initiated with the aid of the prize money.

Doctor Morgan joined the staff as Assistant Instructor in Pathology and as Assistant Curator of the Museum. He
advanced through the grades of Demonstrator, Instructor, Associate, Assistant Professor, Associate Professor to his present position of Professor of Pathology.

The Museum became Doctor Morgan's great love. He collected specimens of Morbid Anatomy from various sources. Besides the five to six thousand mounted specimens on display in the Museum, he collected an additional twelve thousand specimens which were stored in large crocks in one of the unused floors of the college. These were his great pride. They constituted the second largest repository of morbid anatomical specimens in the world. The Museum became the showplace of the college. Visitors came almost daily from this country and from abroad. Many authors came to the museum to find specimens illustrative of their particular subject of interest. It was Doctor Morgan's ambition to one day publish a monograph on Morbid Anatomy to be illustrated by many of his precious specimens. He, therefore, also set up a department of photography within the museum.

For many years, Doctor Morgan performed all the photography for the college and hospital. I was present on several occasions when groups of employees of the Kodak Company, Rochester, N. Y. were brought to Jefferson to view the type of photographic work performed by Doctor Morgan, particularly since it was performed on essentially primitive and homemade equipment. He was a pioneer in the application of the three color separation process to medical subjects and this work he continued until the introduction of color film. For several years, Allan Hancock was his assistant in photography. Mr. Hancock is now Director of the Department of Biological Photography set up in the hospital through the auspices of the Cardeza Foundation.

Doctor Morgan was very happy in his teaching and in the renown of the Museum. His health improved slowly although he was constantly troubled with a chronic, hacking cough with copious expectoration, the result of severe bronchiectasis, a sequel of repeated exposure to mustard gas. Then threatening clouds appeared on the horizon. The French and Germans were again at war. He was stunned by the retreat of the French before invading German forces. He regarded the French Army as the finest fighting force in the world. He was confident that they would regroup and turn the enemy back as they had done at the battle of the Marne in World War I. On June 14, 1940 the German Army in force took Paris and for the first time in nearly seventy years, German troops paraded down the Champs-Elysees. Doctor Morgan was grief-stricken at the living death that was to be the fate of Paris and his beloved French.

On December 11, 1941, Germany and Italy, simultaneously with the United States, declared a state of war. Doctor Morgan promptly applied for active duty in the army. In February, 1942, he received orders to report to Fort Belvoir. He returned to Jefferson the following week. He was found physically unfit but more than that, he was declared essential to the teaching staff at Jefferson. For the first time, he presumed on friendships and with the aid of former comrades of the First Division, some of whom were now general officers in the army, he succeeded in his purpose. In May, 1942, immediately following completion of the teaching schedule of the second semester, he received orders for return to active duty.

He was assigned as Chief of Laboratory Service and Assistant Commanding Officer at the Station Hospital, Camp Pickett, Virginia where he served for nearly three years. He then served in a similar post at the Woodrow Wilson General Hospital, Staunton, Virginia until February, 1946 when he was honorably separated from the service in the grade of Colonel. These four years were very happy ones for the Colonel. One of the opportunities they provided was the renewal of friendships with many of our Alumni, especially those who passed through Camp Pickett which served as a staging area for units being sent overseas.

The day following his discharge from active duty, he returned to Jefferson to resume his teaching duties. Many changes had occurred in the four years that he was away. The physical plant at the college was expanding. About one third of the floor space in the Museum had been converted into offices and additional research and laboratory rooms then occupied by the Department of Preventive Medicine. Many of the specimens in the jars were spoiled and had to be discarded. The major portion of the twelve thousand specimens stored in the large crocks had dried out because of inability to obtain sufficient supplies of formaldehyde which was a critical item in short supply during the war. You can imagine what a heartbreak this was to him. It was difficult for him to altogether accept this as due to the fortunes of war. However, his spirits and enthusiasm revived when he resumed his contacts with the students.

Doctor Morgan never married. Yet, he has raised two families. When his youngest sister Margaret was widowed and left with two boys, Reynolds aged ten years and Charles aged seven years, he purchased a home in the suburbs and assumed full responsibility for their care.
Reynolds is now Councillor of Admissions at Parkville Missouri College and Charles is a teacher of music in the Falls Overfield Schools, near Scranton, Pennsylvania. Although his sister remarried, she continued as his housekeeper. When she died, three daughters born to her of her second marriage were left as orphans. Doctor Morgan is now caring for and educating these girls, the eldest of whom is now seventeen years old. They are as lovely and charming as you might anticipate and refer to him as "Uncle Doc".

Since the introduction of antibiotics into medical practice, Doctor Morgan’s health has improved considerably. They have served to alleviate many of his bronchiectatic symptoms. Largely because of a gain of about twenty pounds in weight, he has lost that haggard, gaunt appearance. Those of you who have not seen him in recent years will be pleasantly surprised at his present appearance. May our Lord preserve him and grant him many more years of happy and useful life.

This account has demonstrated the many sides of this great man. Yet, there are others of equal importance. He has contributed many papers to the medical journals dealing largely with varying aspects of pathology. For many years, he performed the experimental studies upon which Professor Moon based his still current and universally accepted concepts of the mechanisms of inflammation and shock. In addition to his teaching duties at the college, he is presently Director of Laboratories at St. Joseph’s Hospital and at the St. Luke’s and Children’s Medical Center. At the latter institution, he also conducts a school for the training of medical technicians. He is a fellow or member of numerous national and local medical societies and is an active Mason.

The record up to this point is that of a fine student, great soldier, outstanding patriot, renowned museum curator, research scientist, and medical author. However, his greatest accomplishments are in the field of teaching. In the forty years since his graduation from Jefferson, he has enriched the lives of thousands of students and associates. As a teacher, he has no peer. The subject of Morbid Anatomy, literally cold and lifeless, became a living experience largely because of those methods of pedagogy which are peculiarly his own. His method of clear lectures and orderly demonstrations emphasizing important information as he walked about to stand before each student, in turn, as they sat at those stone-topped tables will not be forgotten by any of you. His peculiar but delightful mannerisms, pet phrasing and pertinent anecdotes are memorable. Who can forget his, "See boys, See", or his delighted grin as he dove down into those huge crocks to triumphantly bring forth those “beautiful” specimens which he sometimes refers to as "honeys". The infectiousness of his enthusiasm had most students agreeing with him that they were beautiful. Some of you surely remember this one of his many comments on war, “If there’s another war boys, dig a hole and make 'em come and get you.”

Characteristic of Doctor Morgan is that ever-present enthusiasm derived from the deep love of his subject which has preserved the freshness and youth of this great teacher. What impresses us all are his gentleness, unfailing kindness and deep sympathy. Students readily sense the sincerity of this man and quickly realize that the ordinary barriers between teacher and student cannot exist in the face of his universally friendly, unassuming and humble manner. Students have reciprocated in kind. They refer to him affectionately as "Davey" or the "Colonel". These are expressions of love for each considers him a personal and loyal friend. One of the students expressed this thought, "Davey Morgan contributed many pleasant memories to my second year; truly he did well by us and we were with him mind and soul. Sacrifice, duty, loyalty are words which have taken on new meaning in our vocabularies since our contacts with him."

Doctor Morgan’s every thought has been for the student. He constantly seeks to help them not only in understanding pathology but equally as much in their personal problems. Many students bring their problems to him assured of sympathetic understanding and forthright advice. Although his financial means have always been modest, he has aided many of them who were in financial distress. He made it possible for them to complete their medical studies. He views with special pride every success achieved by these his boys.

This story of the life of David R. Morgan epitomizes the man. I can think of no more suitable or appropriate way in which to close this account than to repeat the words employed by the Class of 1935 who dedicated their yearbook “The Clinic 1935" to him in this manner:

To David Reynolds Morgan
Who
Answered the call, and did more than his duty;
sacrificed self for the service of his fellow men;
ardently labors in the search of truth so that others may benefit;
has been, and always shall be, our beloved teacher and friend.

MARSHALL M. LIEBER, M.D.
THE JEFFERSON GRADUATE ASSEMBLY

The Jefferson Graduate Assembly, February 8th, 9th and 10th, was attended by one hundred and nine Alumni. Forty-seven members of the faculty participated in a most interesting program with morning and afternoon sessions.

From questionnaires and many helpful suggestions the Committee will be able to improve their program for another year. The faculty tried to present subjects that will be helpful for the office practice.

Great credit should be given to Dr. John T. Farrell, Jr., Chairman, and members of his Committee, who worked very hard to make the Assembly so successful. These meetings require a great deal of forethought, planning and time.

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**Dr. Keyes** congratulates the Chairman of the Committee on the Jefferson Graduate Assembly, **Dr. John T. Farrell, Jr.**, for a very successful session.

**Visiting Alumni** take a recess from lectures to attend the Dean’s Luncheon.
From October to Commencement each year the Alumni Annual Giving Fund appeals for alumni support of the college. The aim is to secure the major part of the goal in the early months. Now we are well past the midway point in time in this Eighth Annual Roll Call. The present standing is good, and slightly ahead of previous years, but the amount is not yet high enough to show that the goals can be definitely attained.

At present, on March 16th there is a total of 2,400 gifts for the sum of $82,167.93. The Fund is at the three-quarters mark with 74.7% of the goal of $110,000. The number of gifts is encouraging in our effort to attain 3,500 contributors this year. However, both number and amount will need to increase substantially in the remaining period before the campaign closes on Alumni Day, June 14th.

A close contest among the classes for leadership in the annual reports is shown in the summary on the facing page. At this point, first in amount is the Class of 1926 with $3,545 and Vincent T. McDermott, M.D., as class agent. First in percent is the Class of 1951 with James B. Cox, M.D., class agent, 64.5%. First in number is the Class of 1955, Robert J. Senior, M.D., class agent, 95 gifts.

Alumni have responded most generously again this year to the requests from the class agents. The gifts that have already been received have shown gratifying increase and are encouraging to the Alumni Association and to your college and all who strive for Jefferson's advance.

Since the Fund began, there have been impressive steps of progress at our Alma Mater. There has been both physical development and academic growth. Numerous new teachers and assistants, increased student body, providing of additional equipment, development of new facilities, increased activities in research, and utilization of the New Pavilion of the hospital are some important phases of this advance. The initiative of the alumni in this forward program has been an important example. The funds of this Eighth Roll Call, as previously, will be allocated for support of teaching salaries in the pre-clinical departments.

Perhaps not all alumni are aware of the breadth of support that medical education and higher education are receiving throughout the country from alumni annual giving funds. Most of the finest universities and colleges in the nation have needed this expanding regular financial support. Last year's national report shows 352 alumni funds securing nearly $22,000,000 from nearly 800,000 alumni donors. This support, mainly for operating needs, helped attract substantial other giving at a time when higher education is expanding.

Jefferson continues in the forefront of the medical college alumni funds and last year stood seventh in the country among all universities and colleges in the percent of alumni participating. Among medical alumni funds, Harvard has slightly exceeded us recently. Columbia, Johns Hopkins, Yale and Northwestern are not up to Jefferson but have excellent programs and results. Nearly all of the other medical colleges now have alumni funds but Jefferson has been consistently in a position of leadership since our program was reorganized in 1948.

Our medical college's prestige now and in the future will rest on the quality of today's graduate, and behind that, the quality of the teachers. The young graduates are the common interest of all of us. The typical young Jefferson graduate of today is an individual in whom we may all take pride. He has been carefully selected and has received excellent teaching in both the basic medical sciences and the clinical branches. Young graduates, it may be noted, have also shown fine support for the alumni program, usually from limited means.

Jefferson alumni, again this year, will to the best of their ability, increase the high record of giving which has been an example to other groups and among medical colleges. For maintaining Jefferson's standards of medical education, we again request all alumni who have not yet contributed this year to do so in loyalty to our medical college.
CLASS STANDARDS—Alumni Annual Giving Fund, March 16, 1956

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<th>Class</th>
<th>Class Agent/Associate</th>
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Graduates Without Records Represented

Total Alumni Annual Giving Fund

 Amount: $82,167.03

* Deceased: Dr. Arlinston O. Burrell, March 15, 1956, and John H. Gibbon, Sr., March 16, 1956.
† George H. Nolte, given in memory of by Drs. Martin A. Castallo, '39, and Arline A. Walser.

1 in memory of Robert M. McKean, '79, by son-in-law and grandparents.
** given by daughter, G. DuRore Horine.
† Alexander W. Brown, given in memory of by daughter.
CHAPTER NOTES

The Ohio Chapter of The Alumni Association of The Jefferson Medical College will hold its Annual Dinner on April 10, 1956, at 7:30 P.M. in Parlor "C", Statler Hotel, in Cleveland, Ohio, in conjunction with the Ohio State Medical Association Meeting. Cocktails at 6:30 P.M.

The Southern California Chapter of The Alumni Association will hold a Dinner Meeting during the Convention of the American College of Physicians, which is being held in Los Angeles, California, April 16th to 20th.

On Wednesday, April 25, 1956, the Northern New Jersey Chapter of The Alumni Association will hold its annual spring meeting in Newark, New Jersey.

On May 14, 1956 the Florida Chapter of The Alumni Association will have a dinner at the Fontainebleau Hotel in Miami, Florida.
Check your Calendar
Prepare for Your Class Reunions

CLINICS:
Wednesday, June 13, 1956
Thursday, June 14, 1956

DEAN'S LUNCHEON
June 14, 1956

ALUMNI DINNER
June 14, 1956
Bellevue Stratford Hotel

COMMENCEMENT
Academy of Music
Friday, June 15, 1956

A. M. A. CONVENTION
June 11-15, 1956
Chicago, Illinois

Dinner of The Alumni Association
Wednesday, June 13, 1956, 6:30 P.M.
Sheraton Hotel
Dr. Faye M. Whitsell
Chairman
CLASS REUNIONS

The Chairman for the following Classes are formulating plans for reunions, June 14, 1956. Complete information will appear in the May Bulletin.

57th REUNION — 1899
F. Mortimer Cleveland, M.D., Chairman
5054 Walnut Street

The Class of 1899 will probably hold their reunion on Thursday, June 14, 1956 at 1:00 P.M. at the Hotel Sherwood, 39th and Chestnut Streets, Philadelphia.

55th REUNION — 1901
Nathan P. Stauffer, M.D., Chairman
85 Homestead Road
Stroudsburg, Pa.

Members of the Class of 1901 will gather for their reunion at the Alumni Dinner, June 14, 1956, at the Bellevue-Stratford.

50th REUNION — 1906
Fielding O. Lewis, M.D., Chairman
Providence Road
Media, Pa.

On Wednesday, June 13, 1956, there will be a luncheon for the members of the Class of 1906 at the Union League. The wives will meet on the main floor of the Bellevue at 11:30.

On Thursday morning, June 14, 1956, the members will attend Clinics and the Dean's Luncheon, and in the evening the Alumni Dinner.

45th REUNION — 1911
Erwin D. Funk, M.D., Chairman
1435 Garfield Avenue
Wyomissing, Pa.

40th REUNION — 1916
James C. Harding, M.D., Chairman
Merion Manor
Merion, Pa.

Arthur R. Gaines, M.D., Co-Chairman
Philadelphia Tuberculosis Sanatorium
Corinthian & Girard Avenues
Philadelphia 30, Pa.

There will be a luncheon for the members of the Class of 1916 on Wednesday, June 13, 1956, at 1:30 P.M., at the Benjamin Franklin Hotel.

On Thursday, June 14, 1956, the members will meet and attend the Alumni Dinner in a body.

35th REUNION — 1921
Roy W. Mohler, M.D., Chairman
1806 Spruce Street

William T. Lemmon, M.D., Co-Chairman
133 S. 36th Street

The reunion of the Class of 1921 will be held Wednesday, June 13, 1956 and Thursday, June 14, 1956. A special notice will be sent shortly to each member outlining the planned get-togethers which are being arranged for the two days by the Committee.

30th REUNION — 1926
Philip S. Clair, M.D., Chairman
1811 W. 67th Avenue

Plans are being made to make this the best ever. Wednesday, June 13, 1956 — Cocktail hour and Class dinner. Thursday, June 14, 1956 — Class business luncheon and Alumni Dinner.

Entertainment for the wives is planned as are many other innovations. If you have any ideas, send them in now. Plan now to come and meet the "old gang".

25th REUNION — 1931
Edward J. Donnelly, M.D., Chairman
1321 Spruce Street

Wednesday morning, June 13, 1956 — Alumni Clinics.
Following the Clinics busses will take members of the Class to Cherry Hill in New Jersey, where luncheon will be served followed by golf and swimming. For this afternoon a room at the Barclay has been engaged so that the wives may meet for tea. In the evening a dinner dance at the Barclay has been planned.

Thursday, June 14, 1956 — Cocktail party at the Union League, at 6:00 P.M., preceding the Alumni Dinner, which will be attended in a body.

20th REUNION — 1936

NICHOLAS R. VARANO, M.D., Chairman
941 Mansion Avenue
Drexel Hill, Pa.

Plans are being made for a luncheon Wednesday, June 13, 1956 and a dinner dance that evening.

The Dean’s Luncheon will be on Thursday, June 14, 1956, with the Annual Alumni Dinner that evening.

15th REUNION — 1941

PAUL J. POINSMARD, M.D., Chairman
2031 Locust Street

There will be a cocktail party and dinner dance on Wednesday, June 13, 1956, and on Thursday, June 14, 1956, there will be a cocktail party preceding the Annual Alumni Dinner at the Bellevue-Stratford.

10th REUNION — 1946

JOHN L. MCCORMICK, M.D., Chairman
The Jefferson Hospital
10th & Sansom Streets
Philadelphia 7, Pa.

Plans are being made to have a cocktail party on Thursday, June 14, 1956, prior to the Annual Alumni Dinner at the Bellevue-Stratford. Final arrangements will be in the May Bulletin.

5th REUNION — 1951

FRANCIS J. SWEENEY, JR., M.D., Chairman
512 Merwyn Road
Narberth, Pa.

The Class of 1951 are planning a cocktail party the afternoon of June 14, 1956, and will attend the Alumni Dinner the evening of the 14th.

CONRAD E. ALBRECHT, M.D., ’32

Dr. Albrecht, Alaska’s Commissioner of Health since 1945, has resigned his office to accept a position as chief of the executive division of the Ohio State Medical Hygiene and Correction Department.

Dr. Albrecht was the territory’s first full time Commissioner of Health and served in that capacity since 1945. Prior to that Dr. Albrecht had engaged in private practice as a medical physician and surgeon in Matanuska Valley. His resignation was accepted reluctantly and with deep regret. The Board of Health adopted unanimously a resolution commending Dr. Albrecht on his “energy, zeal, devotion to duty and administrative ability which resulted in building and organizing of medical services and facilities necessary to meet some of the most urgent health needs, particularly tuberculosis and mental disease”.

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Dr. Theodore R. Fetter, Professor of Urology and Head of the Department, addressed The Danville-Pittsylvania Academy of Medicine at Danville, Virginia, February 10, 1956. The subject of Dr. Fetter's talk was "Urinary Obstructions in Children".

Dr. John H. Gibbon, Jr., Professor of Surgery and Director of Surgical Research in the Department of Surgery, attended the meeting of the American Board of Surgery in New Orleans, Louisiana, January 16th and 17th, 1956. On February 21, 1956 he spoke on "The Function of the Lungs During Surgical Operations" at the Harrisburg Academy of Medicine, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. On March 23, 1956 he will attend the meeting of the Subcommittee on Cardiovascular System, National Research Council, Washington, D. C.

From March 19 to 24, 1956 Dr. Gibbon will be the Visiting Professor of Surgery at the Indiana Medical Center, Indianapolis, Indiana.

On April 9, 1956 he will attend the Annual Meeting, American Board of Surgery, April 10 the Annual Dinner and Council Meeting, American Board of Surgery and April 11th to 13th the American Surgical Association Convention being held in White Sulphur Springs, Virginia.

Dr. George A. Hahn, Assistant Professor of Obstetrics and Gynecology, was recently elected Chairman of the Pennsylvania Cancer Coordinating Committee and Chairman of the Scientific Exhibit Committee of the American Academy of Obstetrics and Gynecology.

Dr. Warren R. Lang, Assistant Professor of Obstetrics and Gynecology, and Dr. Louis G. Feo, Demonstrator of Obstetrics and Gynecology, attended the Second Central American Course on Obstetrics and Gynecology in Panama City, February 23rd and 24th, 1956. Dr. Lang presented a paper on "Nystatin Locally in the Treatment of Candidal Vulvovaginitis" and Dr. Feo on "Trichomonal Infection in Post-Menopausal Women".

Dr. Leandro M. Tocantins, Professor of Clinical and Experimental Medicine and Director of the Division of Hematology of the Cardeza Foundation, delivered the Sixty-eighth Thomas D. Mutter Lecture of the College of Physicians. He spoke on the role of the platelet in the clotting of the bloods and its relation to hemorrhage.

Dr. C. Wilmer Wirtz, Associate Professor of Medicine, presented a paper at the Regional Meeting of The American College of Physicians, January 27, 1956, entitled "The Basis of Non-Surgical Management of Upper Gastrointestinal Hemorrhage." He participated in a symposium on the management of upper gastrointestinal bleeding at the Regional Meeting of the American College of Surgeons, February 13, 1956, and presented a paper entitled "The Diagnosis and Management of Pancreatitis" at the Northeast Branch of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, February 21, 1956.
A Sectional Meeting of the American College of Surgeons was held in Philadelphia, February 13 through 16, 1956. The faculty of Jefferson Medical College was well represented in its activities.

Dr. William T. Lemmon was a member of the Advisory Committee on Arrangements. Dr. Lewis C. Scheffey was chairman of the Specialty Programs on Obstetrics and Gynecology. Dr. George J. Willauer served as Hospital Representative of the Jefferson Medical College Hospital.


The following participated in a variety of symposia: Drs. John H. Gibbon, Jr., Warren R. Lang, Thaddeus L. Montgomery, F. Johnson Putney, Andrew J. Ramsay, Abraham E. Rakoff and Gabriel Tatarian (Resident in Obstetrics and Gynecology).

Papers were presented by Dr. David M. Davis and Drs. Warren R. Lang and Joseph Stella (Fellow in Obstetrics and Gynecology).

**Positions Available**

Wanted: Raymondville, Texas — Board or Board eligible Pediatrician interested in group practice in Southern Texas. Raymondville has a population of 12,000 and there is no other Pediatrician within twenty miles.

Wanted: Pasadena, Maryland — Associate physician interested in urban type practice.

Wanted: Lebanon, Pennsylvania — Excellent opportunity for young doctor to act as House Physician in Good Samaritan Hospital. Hospital has one hundred twenty-four adult beds and thirty bassinettes, with excellent medical and surgical and medical personnel, good laboratory with full time Pathologist, good X-Ray Department with full time Radiologist and a Pharmacy with a full time Pharmacist.

**Positions Wanted**

Wanted: Young Jefferson graduate completing residency is interested in securing a good location for the practice of general surgery, beginning July 1, 1956.

Wanted: Physician with good background in Obstetrics and Gynecology seeks assistantship or association with busy Board Certified or Board Eligible man. Will consider association with group.

**Promotions, New Appointments, Resignations**

**Promotions**

Kelvin Anthony Kasper, M.D., from Assistant Professor of Laryngology to Associate Professor of Oto-Rhino-Laryngology.

Albert M. Biele, M.D., from Assistant to Associate in Psychiatry.

**New Appointments**

J. Woodrow Savacool, M.D., as Assistant Professor of Preventive Medicine (effective December 1, 1955).

Louis G. Feo, M.D., as Research Associate in Clinical Urology (dual) (without salary).

Dennis James Bonner, Jr., M.D., as Instructor in Physical Medicine.

W. Bernard Kinlaw, Jr., M.D., as Instructor in Preventive Medicine.

Jules H. Bogaev, M.D., as Assistant in Urology.

Howard E. First, M.D., as Assistant in Obstetrics and Gynecology.

**Resignations**

Arno E. Town, M.D., as Professor of Ophthalmology and Head of the Department.

William J. Snape, M.D., as Research Associate in Physiology.

Reading left to right: Dr. Mario A. Castallo, '29, Captain C. Ryan and Dr. Mario H. Assante, '35. These are the first tarpon caught in Key West this Season. Dr. Castallo and Dr. Assante initiated the catch on February 20, 1956.
Joseph L. Abbott, M.D., '54, has recently been promoted to the rank of Captain in the United States Air Force. Captain Abbott is doing Obstetrics and Gynecology at the 4463rd Air Force Hospital, Blytheville Air Force Base, Arkansas. He, his wife and two children, have a new home in the town of Blytheville.

Thomas M. Arrasmith, M.D., '24, Captain, Medical Corps, United States Navy, 5904 Powhatan Avenue, Norfolk, Virginia, has been assigned by the Navy Department as Assistant Medical Officer, Fifth Naval District, Norfolk, Virginia.

Prior to assuming his new duties, Dr. Arrasmith served as the Staff Medical Officer on the Staff of the Commanding General Fleet Marine Force, Atlantic.

Louis F. Burkley, M.D., '47, has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant Commander in the United States Navy.

Dr. Burkley has been on active duty since July 1949, and is stationed at the United States Naval Hospital at Jacksonville, Florida. He is married to the former Martha Anne Dougherty of Easton, Pennsylvania, and the Burkleys have three children.

Dr. Burkley is a specialist in obstetrics and gynecology, having completed residency training at Duke University Hospital and the Philadelphia Naval Hospital. He is a member of the American Academy of Obstetrics and Gynecology, the American Medical Association and the Pennsylvania and Northampton County Medical Societies.

In the Korean War, he was a surgeon who took part in evacuation and treatment of wounded from the combat zone.

Gail G. Li, M.D., '47, Capt. (MC) 0-1923106, USAH—8169th AU, APO #343, San Francisco, California, writes: "I have been serving with the United States Army in Japan since July 1955 and am doing Obstetrics and Gynecology. I am happy to report the birth of my second child and second daughter on September 24, 1955. She was born in Honolulu, Hawaii, but my family has just recently joined me here in Japan. Please extend my best regards to my classmates."

Harry C. McClain, M.D., '31, Saxton, Pennsylvania, was promoted to the rank of Colonel, and has assumed duties as commander of The Infantry Center's 54th Medical Group at Fort Benning, Georgia.

Colonel McClain served as senior adviser to the surgeon of the First Republic of Korea Field Army from October, 1954, until coming to Fort Benning. The previous two months he was IX Corps Surgeon in Korea.

He served continuously overseas from November 1942, to November, 1947, in the Mediterranean and European Theaters as 175th Engineer Regiment surgeon; surgeon and executive officer of the 52nd Station Hospital, and surgeon to the United States Representation on the Allied Control Commission for Hungary.

Colonel McClain was post surgeon at Camp Cook, California, from January, 1948, to June, 1950, and was assigned to the Medical Test Section, Continental Army Command Board No. 2, and as an instructor at the Armored School, Fort Knox, Kentucky, for four years before his Korean duty.

Colonel and Mrs. McClain, the former Ann Sweet of Saxton, Pennsylvania, have a son, Harry, Jr., sixteen.

John S. Purnell, M.D., '54, AO 3042329 USAEF (MC), 10th Tactical Hospital, APO #123, New York City, New York, in a recent letter described the skiing in Germany as excellent. His Air Force duties are apparently not so confining as to prevent him from indulging in his most treasured pastime, skiing. He and his family have a brand new furnished apartment, and are living in the best continental style.

David Schlosser, M.D., '43, Major U.S.A., 0440172 Medical Co., 53rd Inf., A.P.O. #949, Seattle, Washington, writes: "I am serving my two year hitch here in Alaska. I am commander of a medical company and am regimental surgeon, 53rd Infantry Regiment, 71st Division. In another two months we shall go up north on operation "Moosehorn," so while you are basking in 10° weather, think of me in furs at 40° (average). Alaska is a beautiful country, and I am glad my two years will be spent here.

I would also like to announce the birth of our second daughter, Susan Elizabeth, on November 20, 1955, at the new 5005th Air Force Hospital, at nearby Elwendor A.F.B. Enjoyed the article in the "Medical Clinic" on the Premartial Examination."

David G. Simons, M.D., '46, 406 Lovers Lane, Alamogordo, New Mexico, is a Major in the Air Force at Holloman Air Base, New Mexico. He is doing cosmic radiation research at high altitudes. In 1955 he was certified in the specialty of Aviation Medicine by the American Board of Preventive Medicine.

Maxwell W. Steel, Jr., M.D., 'J-44, has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel in the United States Air Force.

He is now stationed in Washington, D.C., as chief of medicine at Bolling Airfield Hospital. He has been in the service five years, served two and a half years in Japan and also was stationed at March Field, California and Walter Reed Hospital.

He is married to the former Larue Patterson of Homer City, Pennsylvania, and the Steels have six children, two girls and four boys.

Walther Turner Weylman, M.D., '54, U.S.S. Boston (CAG-1), c/o F.P.O., New York City, New York, is at sea and last wrote about a proposed trip to Cuba.
Norman H. Wiley, M.D., '28, Colonel, United States Army, new address is Gorgas Hospital, 8764th DU Panama Canal Co., APO #834, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Joseph M. Winston, M.D., '54, 331 Palm Avenue, Coronado, California, writes frequently from Coronado, where he and his bride of last September are living while Dr. Winston completes his tour with the Navy. In his letter of February 23rd the coming of spring in California was described, and the order of the day in the Winston household during such balmy days is charcoal grilled steaks, served on the patio, followed by large portions of Mrs. Winston's homemade pastries.

CLASS NOTES

1890 William H. Rote, M.D., 744 Park Avenue, Williamsport, Pennsylvania, writes: "I want to thank the Alumni Association for the beautiful bouquet of flowers they sent me on my birthday."

1893 Sheridan Ellsworth Gardiner, M.D., 309 N. Main Street, Mount Pleasant, Michigan, writes: "Being now listed among the nonagenarians of The Jefferson Medical College graduates, it gives me pleasure to know that I am probably the oldest practicing physician in the United States. For some time, I have felt that I was the oldest practicing physician in Michigan, having outlived all of the physicians living in the central part of Michigan, but I did not realize that I was the oldest practicing physician in the whole United States. I feel quite an honor and so I am enclosing to you a copy of the letter that I have just received. It speaks for itself.

'Ve have your letter addressed to the American Medical Association, and I am of the opinion that you are probably the oldest living practicing physician at the present time. It is quite interesting to note that Dr. Montgomery of Illinois, who recently passed away, was a graduate of Jefferson Medical College, as you are and so am I, although I graduated some time after you. May you continue to keep your health so that you may have many years ahead of you.

With kindest regards, I am
Sincerely yours,
George F. Lull"

Really, I cannot seem to realize that I have reached such an advanced age but figures do not lie. I do not feel like a fossil or an antique as I am up and around about as usual although I have to limit my work. People meet me on the street and tell me how well I look and many tell me of some professional work that I have done for them in the past sixty-three years in which I have been in practice. Part of my appearance depends upon my keeping well dressed, walking erect without a cane."

Charles Wyeth, M.D., 1100 S. 7th Street, Terre Haute, Indiana, writes: "Please find enclosed check for our Alumni Giving Fund. Am one of the ten remaining members of the Class of 1893. Am in good health, drive my own car and get around and about without trouble. Still have my 1893 Class button. So far as I know no one has questioned my mental condition, am able to care for my own private affairs.

Gifts of flowers on birthdays and an occasional letter from our Alumni Association keeps me in touch with College affairs, Am, as ever, very proud of being a graduate of Jefferson."

1895 Arthur S. Brackett, M.D., Willowmere, Riverside, Connecticut, writes: "Thank you very much for your kind thoughts and for the beautiful carnations which I received on my birthday."

1896 Byron F. Prunk, M.D., 1514 College Avenue, Indianapolis 2, Indiana, writes: "It was with a great deal of pleasure that I received the flowers that you sent me on my birthday. They were wonderful, a beautiful arrangement of yellow chrysanthemums and roses. Thank you so much for your remembrance of me."

1898 Doctor George T. Trayd, who has served ably as the Class Agent for 1898, was for twenty-eight years Secretary of the Burlington County Medical Society of New Jersey.

1903 Marcus W. Newcomb, M.D., Browns Mills, New Jersey, writes: "I have resigned from the Marcus W. Newcomb Hospital for Chest Diseases after thirty-six years of service to take effect March 15, 1956. I suppose it will seem strange for a while but I guess will get used to it. I will do some consultation work and I have a chest clinic twice a month. I also read X-ray films every Thursday from the chest clinic. I hope to attend the Alumni banquet next June. I was there last June and sat with Dr. Appleman at the Old Guard Table."

1905 Alexander J. Orenstein, M.D., Health Department, The Corner House, Johannesburg, Africa, writes: "I have agreed to accept a secondment to the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research to inaugurate a research project on pneumoconiosis. I have for years been preaching the need for this, and now it is actually being born. So I feel that I cannot well refuse to give it a start pending the finding of a permanent director. I shall, however, still act as consultant to the Central Mining/Rand Mines Corporation. The project involves a number of existing laboratories, but extensive additions in building and personnel will have to be made. Fortunately, and not as is usual, the money is available for both. The problem will be staff. The heart-warming hospitality and good will of everyone at Jefferson last September is a constant wonder, and a source of pride that I am a member of a College whose Alumni and staff are all too ready to be so friendly and so flattering."
1910 Doctor Norman B. Shepler, Class Agent, and Doctor James R. Martin, Associate Class Agent, have led the Class of 1910 to a good record.

1913 Frank S. Bonnell, M.D., Fairfield, Iowa, limits his practice to eye, ear, nose and throat along with managing his office building and civic duties.

Rossius I. Downs, M.D., 430 Cooper Street, Apartment #4-A, Woodbury, New Jersey, continues in active practice as well as Surgeon for the Atlantic City Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

John E. Livingood, M.D., 1168 Reading Boulevard, Wyomissing, Pennsylvania, President-Elect, of the Alumni Association, after being retired in early 1955, enjoyed a tour of Europe and the Mediterranean. Some of the interesting places visited were: Marsielle, Naples, Alexandria, Cairo, Damascus, Jerusalem, Athens, Baden-Baden, Black Forest, Bavarian Alps, Garmish-Partenkirchen and Paris. He was impressed by the great need in the Near East for increased educational, economic, medical and social welfare facilities.

Charles T. Vernon, M.D., 55 John Street, New York, New York, writes that he was retired in 1948 from full-time examiner with the Travels Insurance Company.

Jacob Walker, M.D., 7 N. Quincy Avenue, Margate, New Jersey, writes he was awarded first prize in Still Life Painting at the American Physicians Art Association which was held in conjunction with the A.M.A. Meeting at Atlantic City, New Jersey, in June 1955. He also has been appointed Consultant in Obstetrics and Gynecology to the Einstein Medical Center, Philadelphia.

Mason P. Young, M.D., 126 E. Earle Street, Anderson, South Carolina, after returning from his medical work in China, is associated with The Young-Perry Group of Doctors.

1921 Douglas L. Gamette, M.D., 727 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles 17, California, writes: "Recently I have changed my position from Medical Director of the Union Pacific to that of the J. W. Robinson Company, one of our leading department stores with branches in Beverly Hills and Palm Springs. "I am enclosing my contribution to the Annual Giving Fund, and hope to see you in June."

Weldon A. Gift, M.D., Marlette, Michigan, writes: "Have a son twenty-one years old in his third year of college and married with one little daughter. He has decided he wishes to study medicine and, of course, I would like to have him graduated by Jefferson. I sure am planning to attend our 35th Anniversary. It would be nice if we could have 100% attendance of those living. I for one would like to see all of our classmates again."

1922 William B. Morrison, M.D., Suite #107-111 Medical Arts Bldg., 327 E. State Street, Columbus 15, Ohio, writes: "I was in Philadelphia the week of September 12, and had the pleasure of inspecting the new Hospital, also saw quite a number of the Faculty. "Here's hoping we can meet at our thirty-fifth reunion."

Henry Allen Reisman, M.D., whose new address is Greedown, Little City, Higginum, Connecticut, writes: "Enclosed please find my check for the Jefferson Alumni Fund. I sincerely trust our Class will "come thru" for we do indeed owe at least a debt of gratitude to the wonderful school Jefferson was and still is today."

Leonard Shapiro, M.D., 1454 - 49th Street, Brooklyn 19, New York, writes: "Enclosed you will find my check for the Jefferson Alumni Giving Fund. This is a gift I am happy to give as we all owe a lot to 'Jeff'."

1924 Jean L. E. Brindamour, M.D., 2370 Waverly Street, Palo Alto, California, writes: "Enclosed find my contribution to the Annual Giving Fund. I appreciate more and more, as I live on, the fine training and outlook that Jeff provided us with during our academic period, and I realize that we were so fortunate to study in an institution so entirely devoted to the inculcation of the knowledge and highest principles of Medicine in her students. As you know, I have retired from the field of active practice. I am doing Medical Administrative work for the Veterans Administration in the capacity of Authorization Officer in the California Home Town Care Program for Veterans. It is a busy position, our volume of authorization being between six to seven thousand per month in our territory of Northern California, for the treatment of service connected disabilities. It encompasses both the medical and legal aspect of the situation. In spite, or probably because, of the "headaches" involved it is very interesting work and brings us in contact with the greater portion of the medical profession within our geographical area. My family, consisting of my darling wife, two daughters and two sons, is my richest possession."

1926 Francis S. Mainzer, M.D., 302 Eighth Street, Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, prominent Huntingdon surgeon, is the new chief of staff of the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital. Action on the matter of the appointment was taken at the regular January meeting of the trustees. Dr. Mainzer is a past president of the J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital Medical Staff and the Huntingdon County Medical Society. He is a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, a fellow of the American Medical Association, the American College of Surgeons, the Internal Academy of Proctology. He is a fellow and charter member of the American Neisserian Society. He also is a member of the Association of American Railroad Surgeons and the Association of Pennsylvania Railroad Surgeons.
Dr. Mainzer is married to the former Dorothy Kirkwood of Pottersdale, and they have four sons: Francis K. Mainzer, a freshman at George Washington Medical College, Washington, D. C.; Thomas R. Mainzer, a junior at Jefferson Medical College; John E. Mainzer, a student at Franklin and Marshall College and Peter J. Mainzer, a student at Hill School.

There is one granddaughter, Kathleen Patricia Mainzer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis K. Mainzer.

1928 VIRGIL B. DeWITT, M.D., 21 South Chestnut Street, New Paltz, New York, writes:

"I am in a small but rapidly growing locality where my work is approximately half gastroenterology and half general. I was a lucky and perhaps unlucky fellow when I came here for I have been busy since the moment I arrived. I have never been able to get away for the advanced study which I feel I owe myself, and every year one becomes more and more involved in other phases of the community. Of course, I graduated from Jeff and that gave me the right to practice medicine; I was the treasurer at the Phi Chi House and that prepared me for a director in the local bank; Tommy McCrae flunked me my junior year and that gave me an interest in Education, so I have served on two school Boards, The Consolidated District Board and The State Teachers College Board. You see, even up here, there is plenty to interest one outside of the office.

Have three children; one girl is married, one is studying nursing at The Albany Hospital and the one son, age fifteen and weighing two hundred and five pounds and standing six feet, is at The New York Military Academy. What do I miss most? I suppose sitting up there in the peanut row seeing first nighters or perhaps wondering if I would ever pay my notes off. That is done. It was all great and some fine men were in that class. I wish I could see more of them, and I do hope when the reunion of the thirty year grads comes along that I will be able to be there."

CHARLES LEVY, M.D., 621 Delaware Avenue, Wilmington, Delaware, writes:

"I am so elated, I have to tell you that I was inducted as President of our New Castle County Medical Society last night."

1929 JAMES P. WARD, M.D., Chief of Public Health Division, U.S.O.M., APO #65, c/o Postmaster, San Francisco, California, writes:

"I have just returned from a trip to the Matsu Islands, which, as you probably read, are just a few miles off the coast of Red China. Tomorrow I am supposed to visit Quemoy, which is about five miles from the Mainland. This is a most interesting assignment and I am enjoying the work, but it is certainly different from anything that I had done before. The Chinese are interesting people to work with and not too different from people everywhere else; some good and some not so good."

1931 FRANCIS P. BOLAND, M.D., 1033 Electric Street, Scranton 9, Pennsylvania, is President-Elect of the Lackawanna County Medical Society. In accordance with the Society's by-laws, Dr. Boland will take office in 1957.

Dr. Boland is Chief of Urology at Scranton State, Hahnemann, Mercy, West Side and St. Mary's Hospitals. He is a member of the American Medical Association and the American Urologic Association, has been certified by the American Board of Urology and is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons and President of the Lackawanna County Surgical Association.

ROCCO I. DE PROPHETIS, M.D., 500 West Ninth Street, Chester, Pennsylvania, Chief of Obstetrics at the Chester Hospital, is the new President of the Delaware County Medical Society.

J. IVAN HERSHEY, M.D., sends us his new address —

Chief of Medicine
Veterans Administration Hospital
Marlin, Texas

1933 CLARENCE P. CLEAVER, M.D., Catawissa, Pennsylvania, writes:

"I am having a little fun editing and developing our County Medical Society Bulletin (Columbia County). Am finishing a two year term as President of the Central Pennsylvania Crippled Children's Society and have just been elected President of the Bloomsburg Hospital Medical Staff."

1936 GABRIEL E. DECICCO, M.D., 207 Mill Creek Drive, Youngstown, Ohio, is the newly elected President of the Mahoning Medical Society. Dr. DeCicco has been active in the society, serving six years as secretary and two years as chairman of the annual post-graduate day, which brings leading specialists and professors of medicine to Youngstown. He helped organize the Youngstown branch of the American Academy of General Practice and is a member of the staff of the Youngstown Hospital Association. He has served on the board of the Mahoning Chapter of the American Cancer Society and Chairman of the Medical Advisory Board and served three years on the Coordinating Council.

Dr. DeCicco is a member of the Mahoning, Ohio State and American Medical Associations, the local, state and national Associations of General Practice and the Youngstown Chamber of Commerce.

1937 WILLIAM T. DOUGLASS, JR., M.D., 1926 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, was named winner of the Selbert Memorial Award for 1955 at a meeting of the Harrisburg Academy of Medicine in the Academy Building at Fourth and Seneca Streets.

In making the presentation to Dr. Douglass, Dr. Constantine P. Faller said "It was granted on the basis of his untiring efforts in promoting a formidable plan of public relations for members of the medical profession."

1940 FRANK M. GREM, M.D., 546 N. Elmwood Avenue, Oak Park, Illinois, writes:

"I am in the private practice of Anesthesiology in the Chicago area, and have the appointment of Associate Professor of Anesthesiology at the Loyola University School of Dentistry."

1943 ROBERT A. CRAWFORD, JR., M.D., 240 Capitol Street, Charlestown, West Virginia, writes:

"Nothing new here except addition of two sons this past year, making a total of three boys and one girl. See you for sure at our Fifteenth."

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PHILIP C. DERICKSON, M.D., 744 N. Country Club Rd., Tucson, Arizona, writes that he is practicing Orthopedics and doing very well. The Dericksons have five children: Davis 10 1/2, Judy 7 1/2, Jeff 3 1/2, Jack 2 1/2 and Jill 1 1/2. Last summer the family enjoyed a log cabin 8,000 feet high in the pine-clad Catalinas.

FRANKLIN EARNEST, III, M.D., 709 Madison Avenue, Toledo, Ohio, writes: "It is nice to hear from you and Jerry periodically. You will see from the letterhead that I have been situated in the practice of neurological surgery in Toledo, Ohio. After taking my training at the Mayo Clinic following a three year stretch in Uncle Sam's Army I launched into a practice here which has been very satisfactory. I became certified in neurological surgery shortly after my arrival here in 1950. At that time I also became a Fellow in the American College of Surgeons and the Internal College of Surgeons following the usual trend toward "gathering credentials". In 1953 Dr. J. Hugh Webb joined me in partnership in the practice."

NORMAN J. GOOD, JR., M.D., sends us his new address —
302 E. Maryland
Royal Oak, Michigan

GERARD O. HELDEN, M.D., change of address is
15 Anderson Street
Hackensack, New Jersey

EDWIN J. LEVY, M.D., 831 Parmaley Avenue, Yeadon, Pennsylvania, writes that about five years ago he gave up General Practice and took training in Dermatology and is now Board Certified. He has opened a second office in Lansdowne, Pennsylvania.

HUBERT K. TURLER, M.D., 420 7 Walnut Grove, Memphis, Tennessee, is practicing Thoracic Surgery and doing very well.


HOWARD M. OLIVER, M.D., new address is:
Hurricane Road
Keene, New Hampshire

1944-John C. BEARD, Jr., M.D., 842 Jefferson Avenue, Memphis 3, Tennessee, writes:
"I am spending a short time in Thoracic Surgery, and at the present time am in a residency program at the West Tennessee Tuberculosis Hospital in Memphis."

Paul L. Gorsuch, M.D., 1208 Nix Professional Building, San Antonio, Texas, writes:
"No complaints here. Gradually raising a family — two girls and finally, one boy. Golf all year round, though air conditioning is fine in the summer. Don't know when I’ll get back to Jeff, but perhaps next summer."

WILFORD H. GRAEE, JR., 1151 Madison, Memphis, Tennessee, is practicing Thoracic Surgery and doing very well.

1944-John C. REGANIS, M.D., 2000 Washington Blvd., Easton, Pennsylvania, has been named a Diplomate of the American Board of Surgery.

1945-JOHN S. CULBERTSON, M.D., Captain, 3520th USAF Infirmary, McConnell Air Force Base, Wichita, Kansas, is Base Surgeon in an Air Force Hospital. He has eleven months to serve before returning to practice.

1946-EDWIN S. GREBLE, III, M.D., new address is:
Rt. #2, Box #286
Gridley, California

JOSEPH C. KOCH, M.D., has left Saranac Lake and is now able to do a full day's work. He is engaged in industrial practice with the American Cyanamid Company. His new address is 463 Haverhill Road, Pittsburgh 34, Pennsylvania.

RICHARD G. TOZER, M.D., Menninger Foundation, Topeka, Kansas, has completed and passed his Boards in Neurosurgery.

1946-Earl K. Sipes, M.D., 100 N. 13th Street, Allentown, Pennsylvania, has received his certification in surgery and has become a diplomate of the American Board of Surgery. Dr. Sipes interned at Sacred Heart Hospital, Allentown, from 1946-47, after which he served a three year residency in surgery there. He continued his studies for a year.
at Lahey Clinic, Boston, before going to Germany with the United States Army for three years as a captain in the Medical Corps.
Dr. Sipes is married to the former Miss Helen Daday, registered nurse-anesthetist, of Bethlehem.

EDWIN M. MSZANOWSKI, M.D., 510 E. 12th Street, Erie, Pennsylvania, was married on Saturday, January 21, 1956, to Miss Eleanor Therese Dombkowski of Philadelphia. The Rev. Joseph Mszanowski, uncle of Dr. Mszanowski, performed the ceremony.
Mrs. Mszanowski was graduated from Clark Conservatory of Music and State Teachers College, West Chester, Pennsylvania. Dr. Mszanowski is chief surgeon at Raimey Air Force Base, Puerto Rico.

JOSEPH T. ZUKOSKI, M.D., 216 Beech Street, Pottstown, Pennsylvania, writes:
"I'm engaged in General Practice, am busy but happy, and I'm looking forward to being present for our next class reunion."

WALTER W. MOORE, M.D., Medical Arts Building, Suite #110, Wilmington, Delaware, writes:
"It doesn't seem possible that eight years have slipped by since we graduated from Jefferson. Since that time I understand that you have also been a member of the armed services again, as were most of our classmates. After I left Jefferson and completed my surgical residency I entered the armed services and had the opportunity of spending a sixteen months' tour in the Korean battle zone, where my interest in vascular surgery at the 44th and 43rd surgical hospitals was stimulated. On my return home I had the opportunity of establishing an artery bank for the State of Delaware, and had the privilege of doing the first implantation of an arterial homograft in the state. Since then one can hardly open a surgical journal without seeing articles about the use of freeze-dried arterial homografts, and it appears that this is a new surgical sub-specialty. Jane and I are now living in suburban Wilmington and have three small children; Danny aged five, Lois aged three and David aged nine months. This year I have made a New Year's resolution to attend the class reunion if at all possible, and I hope to see you there."

GEORGE A. WINCH, M.D., 384 Post Street, San Francisco, California, writes:
"Just a note to say that I am finally starting practice after finishing my Obstetric and Gynecology residency. Have been most fortunate in joining the best office in town, (Dr. William G. Moore, Dr. Albert M. Vollmer and Dr. John S. Miller).
Have a new four month old son, 'Jr.', as an added attraction.

WILLIAM JACOBY, JR., M.D., 34 West Avenue, Mt. Carmel, Pennsylvania —
Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Powrozwick of Petersburg, Virginia, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Joann Jean Powrozwick of Norfolk, to Dr. William J. Jacoby, Jr., son of Dr. and Mrs. William J. Jacoby, of Mt. Carmel, Pennsylvania.
Miss Powrozwick is a graduate of DePaul Hospital School of Nursing. A spring wedding is planned.
1952  WILLIAM J. DUGHIGG, M.D., 1030 Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, Ohio —
Mr. and Mrs. Dennis H. Hoynes, 3440 Avalon Road, Shaker Heights, announce the engagement of their daughter, Mary, to Dr. William J. Duhigg, son of Dr. and Mrs. James T. Duhigg, 2656 E. Overlook Road, Cleveland Heights.
Miss Hoynes was graduated from Lourdes Academy and from St. Mary of the Woods College in Terre Haute, Indiana. Dr. Duhigg is a resident at Cleveland Clinic.

1953  HAROLD Y. ALLEN, M.D., new address is:
Medical Department, BOP Assembly Division
General Motors Corporation
Boxwood Road
Wilmington, Delaware
Dr. Allen is continuing postgraduate training in Industrial Medicine at Wilmington and expects to be there only a few months.

DR. AND MRS. DALE C. REHANEK, 13833 Cedar Rd. #101,
Cleveland 18, Ohio, announce the birth of a son, David Charles, on August 3rd, 1955. Our congratulations to the proud parents.

1954  JOHN R. LOUGHEAD, JR., M.D., The Hospital for the Women of Maryland, Lafayette Avenue and John Street, Baltimore 17, Maryland, has very kindly sent us news of Jefferson graduates in his locality.
Dr. Loughhead writes that on the attending staff of The Hospital for the Women of Maryland are John H. Morris, M.D., '40, John S. Monk, M.D., 'S-44, who will become Chief Resident in Gynecology in July, and William P. Englehart, M.D., '50.

HAROLD R. WEIDAW, M.D., Mantrixville, Pennsylvania, has undertaken a rural practice of general medicine. He has become busy very quickly, and the loss of sleep has not interfered with the addition of a few pounds of weight. Mail reaches Dr. Weidaw through R. D. #3, Tamaqua, Pennsylvania.

1955  DR. AND MRS. ROBERT E. BERRY announce the birth of a daughter in September 1955. Dr. Berry was Editor of the 1955 "Clinic" and is interning at Methodist-Episcopal Hospital, Broad and Wolf Streets, Philadelphia 48, Pennsylvania.

RICHARD BROWN, M.D., Cincinnati General Hospital, 3231 Burnett Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio, has been accepted for a Pediatric residency at Childrens Hospital, Cincinnati, Ohio, beginning July 1956.

RICHARD A. COHEN, M.D., presently interning at the Los Angeles Veterans Hospital, Wilshire and Sawtelle Boulevards, Los Angeles 25, California, has successfully passed the California Medical Licensure Boards.

HERBERT E. COHN, M.D., presently interning at Atlantic City Hospital, Atlantic City, New Jersey, will enter the Air Force in July 1956.

ROBERT D. CORDEIR, M.D., United States Naval Hospital, 16th and Pattison Avenue, Philadelphia 45, Pennsylvania, will enter the United States Navy in July 1956 and will be stationed at Oakland Naval Hospital for surgical residency. The Cordiers are expecting their third child in April.

GEORGE E. LENYO, M.D., Reading Hospital, 6th and Spruce Streets, West Reading, Pennsylvania,—
Mr. and Mrs. Harry A. Mondell of Jersey Shore, Pennsylvania, announce the engagement of their daughter, Nancy Antoinette, to Dr. George E. Lenyo, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Lenyo, of 47 Adams Street, McAdoo. Miss Mondell is a graduate of the Jersey Shore public schools and College Misericordia, Dallas, where she received a bachelor of science degree in home economics. She is a therapeutic dietitian at Jefferson Hospital.
Dr. Lenyo is currently serving an internship at the Reading Hospital, and is a first lieutenant in the United States Air Force Reserve (Medical). A summer wedding is being planned.

JAMES C. MACKER, JR., M.D., Bryn Mawr Hospital, Bryn Mawr Avenue, Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania,—
Mr. and Mrs. Theodore A. Rosensteel of Elizabethtown, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Patricia Ann Rosensteel, to Dr. James Gordon Mackey, Jr., son of Col. and Mrs. J. Gordon Mackey of Wayne. Miss Rosensteel is attending the Bryn Mawr Hospital School of Nursing.
The wedding will take place in September.

DR. AND MRS. DONALD R. POHL, Connemaugh Valley Memorial Hospital, Johnstown, Pennsylvania, announce the birth of a daughter, Robin Lynne, on February 2, 1956. Our congratulations to the proud parents.

JOHN T. SCHWARTZ, M.D., Madison General Hospital, 925 Mound Street, Madison 5, Wisconsin,—
Barring entrance into the United States Navy after completing his internship at Madison General Hospital, Dr. Schwartz is planning to begin an Ophthalmology residency at Mayo Clinic.

ROBERT J. SENIOR, M.D., Buffalo General Hospital, 100 High Street, Buffalo, New York, was elected representative of the twenty-six interns on the House Staff Committee at Buffalo General Hospital. Dr. Senior has been accepted for Pediatric residency at Buffalo Childrens Hospital upon completion of his internship.
The Alumni Association
The Jefferson Medical College
1025 Walnut Street, Philadelphia 7, Pa.

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