Let us know how access to this document benefits you

Follow this and additional works at: http://jdc.jefferson.edu/gould1

Part of the History of Science, Technology, and Medicine Commons

Recommended Citation

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Jefferson Digital Commons. The Jefferson Digital Commons is a service of Thomas Jefferson University's Center for Teaching and Learning (CTL). The Commons is a showcase for Jefferson books and journals, peer-reviewed scholarly publications, unique historical collections from the University archives, and teaching tools. The Jefferson Digital Commons allows researchers and interested readers anywhere in the world to learn about and keep up to date with Jefferson scholarship. This article has been accepted for inclusion in The Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, Benefactors, alumni, hospital etc. Its founders, officers, instructors, 1826--1904 A HISTORY (Volume 1) by an authorized administrator of the Jefferson Digital Commons. For more information, please contact: JeffersonDigitalCommons@jefferson.edu.
his command he next joined the army under General Pope, and took part in the second battle of Bull Run. After General Grant took command of the army, he followed that intrepid leader through the Wilderness campaign, and participated in the battles of Spotsylvania, Cold Harbor, the engagements in front of Petersburg, and the siege of that city. He then followed Lee until the Confederate commander surrendered his army to the victorious Union troops. At the battle of Chancellorsville, while serving under General Hooker, on the 3d of May, 1864, Dr. Torrence was wounded in the left hand and also was shot through the left side. After the surrender, he went with his regiment to Washington, and thence returned to his home in Pennsylvania.

Having become imbued with the desire to obtain a better education than had previously been afforded him, Dr. Torrence entered Gladerun Academy in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, where he pursued a preparatory course, then taught school one year, and then entered Mount Union College, in Ohio. Two years were spent in that institution, after which he returned to Blairs ville, and entered upon the study of medicine in the office and under the direction of Dr. J. W. Hughes. He afterward spent one term in the Cincinnati Surgical College, and then matriculated in the Jefferson Medical College, in which he was graduated with the class of 1873.

Immediately afterward, Dr. Torrence entered upon the practice of medicine in Indiana, Pennsylvania, where he has since remained, covering a period of thirty years. He is a director of the school board of the borough of Indi-

ana, and he belongs to the Indiana County (Pennsylvania) Medical Society, of which he has been the secretary for eight years. He is a director of the First National Bank of Indiana, Pennsylvania. His political support is given to the Republican party.

On the 1st of May, 1879, Dr. Torrence married Miss Ida J. Hildebrand, a daughter of E. P. Hildebrand, of Indiana county, Pennsylvania. Three children have been born of this union: Helen, now the wife of David Blair, of Indiana, Pennsylvania; James Monroe, and Arthur Hildebrand Torrence.

DAVIS, William Franklin, 1845- 
Class of 1876.

Dr. William Franklin Davis, of Dover, Delaware, was born in Federalsburg, Caroline county, Maryland, July 27, 1845, a son of Lemuel M. and Edith J. (Lynch) Davis. The father was of Welsh and the mother of Irish lineage.

His early education was acquired in an academy at Federalsburg, Maryland, and continued in the high school of Philadelphia, in which he was graduated with the class of 1873. In September of the same year he entered the Jefferson Medical College, and was graduated in that institution on the 12th of March, 1876. Hospital experience well qualified him for the practical duties of his profession. In the year of his graduation he was elected Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Hospital, where he remained until 1879, and at the same time also engaged in general practice in that city, continuing a member of its medical fraternity until 1880, when he removed
to Dover, Delaware, where he has since resided.

Dr. Davis has attained marked success, when judged from both a professional and financial standpoint. He is now United States Pension Surgeon, having filled the position since 1878. He belongs to the Delaware State Medical Society, and to the United States Medical Society, and fraternity is connected with the United Workmen and the Heptasophs. His political allegiance is given to the Republican party.

On the 6th of February, 1866, Dr. Davis married Sarah E. Hall, and they have two sons—Dr. Alva Ross Davis, who was graduated from the Jefferson Medical College in 1895, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and is now engaged in general practice in Dover; and Frank H. Davis, a graduate of the law school of the University of Pennsylvania, of the class of 1895, who is also engaged in the practice of his chosen profession in Dover.

**DICK, John William, 1845-**

*Class of 1866.*

Dr. John William Dick, a practitioner of Philadelphia, was born in Montreal, Canada, March 10, 1845. His parents were William and Mary (Mackintosh) Dick. Members of the Dick family originally removed from the Netherlands to the western portion of Scotland at the time of the Spanish invasion of their native country. Because of their residence in Holland, they were called Van Dykes (“the men of the dyke country”) but various changes in the name have since occurred, until the present form of spelling has been evolved, and from the same source has come the name of Dixson and Dickson, etc. William Dick, father of Dr. Dick, removed from Ayrshire, Scotland, to Montreal, Canada, in the year 1839, and there engaged in business as a manufacturing confectioner. He followed that enterprise until his death, but his last days were spent in the United States. The Mackintosh family came from the high-

lands of Scotland, and belonged to a prominent and influential family. Mrs Mary Dick, the daughter of John Mackintosh, was born in Inverness-shire, Scotland.

Dr. John W. Dick was a student in the public schools of Philadelphia and in the Central High School, where he remained for two years. He then left to join the army as a member of the Pennsylvania State Reserves, at the
time of the invasion of the rebel forces into this state. Following his military experience he went to Canada, and remained as a student in the Richmond Hill Seminary until his graduation there with the class of 1864. He had determined to engage in the practice of medicine, and immediately after the completion of his literary course he began studying in the Jefferson Medical College, in which he was graduated on the 10th of March, 1866—his twenty-first birthday.

Dr. Dick entered upon the practice of medicine in Philadelphia in the spring of that year, and there continued until October following, when he removed to Archbald, Lackawanna county, Pennsylvania, where he practiced until 1879. He then returned to Philadelphia. He was, however, for some time engaged in the mining industry, and while in Lackawanna county was for about ten years paymaster for the Jones-Simpson Mines Company. Following his return to Philadelphia, in 1879, he resumed the active practice of his profession, in which he has since continued. He belongs to the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society. Dr. Dick is a Mason, who has attained the Royal Arch degree. In politics he is a Democrat, and a well known advocate of the single tax system.

He was married, December 30, 1868, to Isabella Christiana Doak, of Philadelphia. They have four children: Katherine Mackintosh, now the wife of Henry S. Montgomery, of Philadelphia; William Doak, Mayme Elizabeth, and John Nelson Dick.

STRANAHAN, Chester W., 1845-Class of 1867.

Dr. Chester West Stranahan, Physician and Surgeon, of Erie, Pennsylvania, was born in Warren, Pennsylvania, March 22, 1845. In the year 1725, James Stranahan, who was born in the north of Ireland in 1699, crossed the Atlantic to New England and settled at Scituate. There he purchased land and engaged in farming, but afterward removed to Plainfield, Connecticut, where his death occurred January 8, 1792, at the advanced age of almost ninety-three years. His son, Gibson Stranahan, grandfather of Dr. Stranahan, removed from New England to Pennsylvania, settling at Cooks Corners, in Erie county, where he carried on agricultural pursuits. His son, Dr. Daniel V. Stranahan, was a physician
and surgeon of Warren, Pennsylvania, and died in 1882. His wife bore the maiden name of Rebecca Jackson.

Their son, Chester West Stranahan, spending his boyhood days under the parental roof, pursued his education in the public schools of Warren, Pennsylvania, and in Warren Academy, where he won the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He afterward spent three years in the Medical Department of the University of Buffalo, and entered upon the practice of his chosen profession in Warren, Pennsylvania, where he continued for three years. Desiring to gain still broader knowledge of the medical science, he entered Jefferson Medical College in 1866, and was graduated the following year with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Through the succeeding thirty-six years he has been engaged in general practice in Erie, Pennsylvania, and was Surgeon-in-Charge of St. Vincent’s Hospital there, from 1892 until 1902. He is the inventor of a mouth-gag, which prevents the gag from slipping during operations. Politically Dr. Stranahan is a Republican, and socially is a Mason.

He was married, in 1869, to Mary C. Lacy, a daughter of George S. Lacy, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and they had two children, but the son, George L., is deceased. The daughter is Caroline M. Stranahan.

ROCKERFELLER, Ervin M., —

Class of 1887.

Ervin M. Rockerfeller, Physician and Surgeon, of Anaconda, Montana, was born in Northumberland county, Pennsylvania. His father, Godfrey Rocker-
feller, is a native of New Jersey, and married Mary Ann Neese, who was of German lineage.

Dr. Rockerfeller, reared in Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, attended the public schools there, and in 1864 matriculated in Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, where on the completion of a three years’ course he won his degree with the class of 1867. In the meantime he had entered the United States Regular Army as Assistant Surgeon in 1865, and thus served for a year. He was for twenty years engaged in the general practice of medicine at New Columbia, Pennsylvania, and in 1888 removed from that place to Anaconda, Montana, where he has been active in the practice of both medicine and surgery. He was a member of the Union County Medical Society of Pennsylvania, and belongs to the Anaconda Medical Society of Anaconda, Montana.

Dr. Rockerfeller is a supporter of the Republican party. He married Miss Harriet Leiser, and they have one son, Howard Rockerfeller.

DAVIS, Thomas Davis, 1846—

Class of 1870.

Dr. Thomas Davis Davis, a Physician and Surgeon of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in a native of Virginia, born in Morgantown, April 20, 1846, a son of the Rev. James and Margaret (Long) Davis.

In his youth he was a student in the private schools, and in Mongalia Academy, at Morgantown, Virginia. He also attended Eldersridge Academy of Pennsylvania, and Washington and Jefferson College, graduating with the
degree of Bachelor of Arts in the class of 1866, and subsequently received the honorary degrees of Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy from the last named institution. He taught mathematics at Lawrenceville, New Jersey, one year. He regarded all this as an initiatory step toward preparation for the practice of medicine, and in 1867 matriculated in the Jefferson Medi-

While there he was two years Lecturer on Ophthalmology in the Starling Medical College.

In the fall of 1877 Dr. Davis opened an office for general practice in East End, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he has since resided. For twelve years he was Surgeon to Mercy Hospital, Pittsburg, and for fourteen years was Surgeon to St. Francis Hospital. For eight years he was Surgeon to Passavant Hospital, in which he is now Consulting Surgeon, and for about eight years was Professor and Lecturer of Physiology in the Pennsylvania College for Women. He holds membership connection with various scientific societies, and is president of the Western Pennsylvania Botanical Society; has been president of both the Allegheny County Medical Society and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and at present is president of the board of trustees of the latter named organization; is a member of the American Medical Association, first vice-president of the American Academy of Medicine, president of the General Alumni Association of Jefferson Medical College, and president of the National Association of United States Examining Surgeons.

At the time of the Civil war, Dr. Davis manifested his loyalty to the government by enlisting in 1862 in the Union Army as a member of the One Hundred and Thirty-third Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, with which he faithfully served for a term of nine months, and he maintains association with his former comrades through membership in various patriotic organizations. He is past commander of McPherson Post No. 117,
G. A. R., and an aide on the staff of the commander-in-chief of that great order; president of his regimental association, and is a pension examining surgeon. Whatever pertains to the welfare and progress of his city, especially along the lines of intellectual and moral development, finds in him an earnest and helpful co-operant. He is a trustee of the Western Theological Seminary, and of the Bethel Home; is an ex-president of the local Young Men's Christian Association, and while actively identified with that organization in Ohio was chairman of its state executive committee. He has for the past twenty years been president of the school board of the twentieth ward of Pittsburg, and has been largely instrumental in advancing the public school system to its present high standard. For thirty years he has been a ruling elder in the Presbyterian Church, and his efforts in behalf of its religious work have been far-reaching and beneficial. His political allegiance is given to the Republican party.

Dr. Davis was married, September 25, 1873, to Miss Elizabeth D. McCay, and they have four children: Florence S., William M., who is a graduate of Washington and Jefferson College and of the Jefferson Medical College; Reuben, a graduate of the Troy (New York) Polytechnical Institute; and Margaret L. Davis.

ADAM, George, 1846-
Class of 1882.

Dr. George Adam, Physician and Surgeon, of San Francisco, California, was born May 10, 1846, in Elgin, Scotland, where for three hundred years his ancestors had resided on the old family homestead at Easterton, Birnie, Elgin, following the occupation of farming.

Dr. Adam attended the public schools of Scotland, and later became a student in a law office in Elgin, but, abandoning the idea of becoming a member of the bar, turned his attention to preparation for the medical profession. He was a student in the Pacific Medical College, now the Cooper Medical College, of San Francisco, and was graduated in Jefferson College at Philadelphia in 1882. He received practical training while acting as Interne in the Marine Hospital at San Francisco. He practiced in Arkansas and Missouri from 1882 until 1887, after which he visited Edinburgh, Scotland, and there attended medical lectures.
Dr. Adam was Professor of Therapeutics and Electro-Therapeutics in the College of Physicians and Surgeons in San Francisco until May 1, 1903, when he resigned. He is the author of a work entitled "Electricity—The Chemistry of Ether." He belongs to the San Francisco County Medical Society, to the California State Medical Society, and the American National Medical Association. He is now physician to the Scottish Clans, and Robin Hood Court of Foresters, and is local examiner for the Northwestern Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

He was married, February 16, 1898, to Alice Douglas, and resides at No. 1196 Greene street, San Francisco.

Dwyer, Charles Henry, 1846-
Class of 1883.

Dr. Charles Henry Dwyer, engaged in the active practice of medicine and surgery in Philadelphia, was born January 13, 1846, in Marcum, Ontario county, Canada, his parents being Charles Power and Harriet (Townsend) Dwyer.

As a pupil in the public schools of Buffalo, New York, he began his education, which was continued in the public schools of Detroit, Michigan. He was there pursuing his studies at the time of the outbreak of the Civil war, and although but sixteen years of age he offered his services to the government in defense of the Union and enlisted in the Second Ohio Volunteer Militia Regiment for three months, and served under General Lew Wallace in repulsing General Kirby Smith's invasion of Kentucky and attack upon Cincinnati, Ohio. He left that command in order to go into the West End Military Hospital at Cincinnati as assistant hospital steward, but after six months spent there he joined the Fourth Ohio Cavalry Regiment, with which he served until the cessation of hostilities. He saw active service throughout the entire war, and was in many prominent and sanguinary engagements, including the battles of Red Clay, Georgia; Tunnel Hill, Georgia; Decatur, Alabama; Moulton, Alabama; Altoona Hills, Georgia; Big Shanty, and Kennesaw Mountain, Georgia. He was wounded by a bullet in the left instep at Noon Day Creek, near Kennesaw Mountain, Georgia, June 20, 1864. He was also in the engagements at Marietta, Georgia, July 3-4; the Crossing of the Chattahoochee, Nashville, Tennessee; Wilson's
raid from Chickasaw to Macon, Georgia, March 22 to April 4, 1865; and at Monticello, Ebenezer Church, Selma, the capture of Montgomery, Alabama, and Columbus and Macon, Georgia. He faithfully performed a soldier's full duty to his country, and at the close of the war received an honorable discharge at Nashville, Tennessee, July 15, 1865.

Dr. Dwyer then took up his abode in New York city, where he engaged in the drug business, in which he continued until 1868. He then sold his store there and removed to Philadelphia, establishing a drug store in that city at the corner of Frankford and Jefferson streets, in 1869. He has been engaged in the drug business continuously since, and has extended his field of labor to embrace active connection with the medical fraternity. After one term spent in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy he completed a full course in the Jefferson Medical College, and was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1883. He entered upon the active practice of the profession in the summer of 1884, after nine months spent as Interne in St. Mary's Hospital in Philadelphia. He was appointed Chief of the Medical Clinic at the Hospital in 1884, and acted in that capacity for eight years. He is now well known as a general practitioner of medicine and surgery in Philadelphia, as well as one of the leading druggists of the city, whose connection with trade covers a period of more than a third of a century.

Dr. Dwyer is a member of the Jefferson College Alumni Association. He belongs to Post No. 7, Grand Army of the Republic, of Pennsylvania, and has been a member of the seventeenth sectional school board of the first school district of Pennsylvania for the past twelve years, and was just re-elected to serve three years more.

He was married, first, to Miss Mary D. Van Pelt, of Staten Island, New York, who died in 1875, leaving no children. He was married a second time to Jeannette McGregor, of Philadelphia, and to them was born a child, Nettie. On the 9th of August, 1892, Dr. Dwyer married Miss Julia Annie Toggweiler, of Philadelphia, and they have three children, Charles Henry, Hermon Francis and Julia Dwyer.

McCORMICK, John C. —

Class of 1869.

Dr. John C. McCormick, Physician and Surgeon of Pittsburg, is a native of Pennsylvania, and a representative of a family that has long been established in the Keystone State. The founder of the family in America was John McCormick, the great-grandfather of Dr. McCormick, who was born in Scotland, and, after landing in America, came to Pennsylvania about the year 1775. He located on a farm situated on the boundary line between Allegheny and Washington counties, now known as "Rocky Ridge." He was married in this country to Elizabeth McMillian, a native of Scotland, who bore him six children, viz: John, James, Samuel, Griselda, Elizabeth and Mary. He was a Revolutionary soldier, returning home after the war, and died on the old place. The grandfather of Dr. McCormick was James, the second son, who engaged in farming on the old homestead, and died October 14, 1839.
It was there that Joseph McCormick, father of Dr. McCormick, was born and reared. He, too, became a physician, and, after attending Jefferson Medical College, was for many years an active practitioner in Mount Lebanon, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He married Mary Espy, who was a descendant of George Espy, who came from the north of Scotland to Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at the time of the Revolutionary war. From that period down to the present, the members of the Espy family have been leading farmers and millers of the state.

Dr. McCormick, having completed his early education as a public-school student in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, pursued an academic course in Mount Lebanon Academy, in Pennsylvania, and a special course of study in Washington and Jefferson College. Being thus prepared to take up special professional studies, he became a student in the Jefferson Medical College, and is numbered among the alumni of 1869. Dr. McCormick entered upon the practice of medicine and surgery in Pittsburg in the year of his graduation, and still continues in that city. He spent the winters of 1900 and 1901, however, in Pasadena, California, and registered as a general practitioner while there. He belongs to the Allegheny County Medical Society and gives his political support to the Republican party.

He was married, November 16, 1869, to Ada Margaret Woods, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, who died in December, 1895. There were two children of that marriage, J. Woods, and J. Ralph McCormick.

DESSAU, Henry, 1847-
Class of 1868.

Dr. Henry Dessau, Professor of Pediatrics, New York School of Clinical Medicine, and Attending Pediatricist, Westside German Dispensary, was born in Macon, Georgia, July 24, 1847, the third son of Abraham and Fannie (Zachariah) Dessau, natives of Hamburg, German, and of Kent county, England, respectively. His ancestors had removed to Hamburg from Dessau, in the Duchy of Anhalt-Dessau, in the sixteenth century. Before emigrating to America, Abraham H. Dessau was a private tutor to one of the sons of the royal house of Denmark. He engaged in merchandising in this country, first conducting business along that line in Philadelphia, Penn-
sylva nia, in which city he was married. His wife was born in Chatham, Kent county, England, and in her girlhood days came with her parents to the United States. Her father was a native of Warsaw, Poland, and when a youth of thirteen years removed to England. Her mother was a member of the Cohen family, of England, that had been represented in that country from the time of Oliver Cromwell. Her grandfather, Eleazar Cohen, died in Charleston, South Carolina.

Dr. S. Henry Dessau was reared in his native city, attended a private school conducted by Sylvanus Bates between the years 1858 and 1860, and the following year entered the private school of Benjamin H. Polhill, under whose instruction he remained until 1864. He began reading medicine under Dr. Boyd, and later Dr. William H. Holt, of Macon, Georgia, was his preceptor. The latter, now deceased, was an alumnus of Jefferson Medical College, and it was through his advice that Dr. Dessau became a student at that institution, from which he was graduated in 1868. He served as an Interne in the Philadelphia City Hospital (Blockley) for twenty-one months, and at the expiration of that time went to New York City, where for twelve years he performed considerable work in the various dispensaries. For nine years he served as Physician to the Out-Door Department of the New York Foundling Asylum, filled a similar position in Mount Sinai Hospital, and was Attending Physician to the Montefiore Home for Chronic Invalids. For several years he was Assistant Inspector of the New York Board of Health, and he is the author of numerous papers which have been published in the medical journals.

Dr. Dessau is the ex-president of the North-Western Medical and Surgical Society, ex-vice-president of the New York County Medical Society, member of the New York Academy of Medicine, the Medical Association of the Greater City of New York, the Harlem Medical Society, and the Physicians' Mutual Aid Association. He has served as trustee of the Hebrew Mutual Benefit Society from 1885 to the present time (1904), and was its treasurer in 1895. He is an ex-member of the New York Athletic Club, and for twenty years was a member of the New York Democratic Club. He was a regent of Manhattan Council, No. 217, Royal Arcanum, in 1888, and is now medical examiner of the Royal
Arcanum and of the Loyal Association. Until 1876 he gave his political support to the Democracy, but since that time he has advocated the principles of Republicanism.

Dr. Dessau was married, April 29, 1886, to Miss Mary Hart, the only daughter of Benjamin I. Hart, of New York City. The following named children were born to them: Benjamin Hart, deceased; Herbert Spencer, deceased; Alvin Henry, and John Hart Dessau. His present address is 144 West 85th street, New York City.

FRIEBIS, George, 1847- 
Class of 1872.

George Friebis, M. D., was born in Edesheim, Germany, December 18, 1847, a son of John Adam and Juliana (Wanner) Friebis. His father, a landed proprietor, was expatriated for his participation in the revolution of 1848, and after a brief sojourn in France, came to this country. A paternal uncle was burgomaster of Edesheim for a period of twenty-five years, and still another uncle was Professor of the Classic Languages in his native town, Edenkohen.

His early education was obtained in the public schools of Philadelphia, and was subsequently added to in both English and German by private tutors. He entered upon a business career early in life, but subsequently adopted the dramatic profession, which he abandoned, however, for a course in Jefferson Medical College, from which he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1879.

After a few months spent at Little Rock, Arkansas, he began the practice of medicine in Philadelphia in association with Professor William H. Pancoast, and also with Dr. John V. Shoemaker. From the latter part of 1879 to 1892 he was connected with the Jefferson College, first as Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, and later as Assistant to Professor William H. Pancoast and Dr. Shoemaker.

He was also Lecturer with Dr. Shoemaker on Dermatology in the Philadelphia Skin Hospital, and afterward was associated with the Laryngological Department at Jefferson College. Subsequent to this he became assistant to Dr. Lawrence Turnbull in the Ophthalmological Department, and from there entered the Ophthalmological Department under Professor William Thomson, where he served about eleven years. During the latter part of this
OFFICERS AND ALUMNI

For four years he was connected with the German Hospital as Chief of the Out-Door Eye Department. He was at one time assistant editor of the "Medical Bulletin." At present he is Ophthalmic Surgeon to the Lutheran Home for Orphans, the Aged and Infirm.

He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pathological Society of Philadelphia, and is a fellow of the College of Physicians. He is also a member of the American Philosophical Society. He has contributed various articles to the medical journals on general medical practice, as well as in the line of his specialty.

His present address is 1906 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

STUBBS, Henry J., 1847-  
Class of 1867.

Dr. Henry J. Stubbs, a Physician and Surgeon of Wilmington, Delaware, and also Gynecologist to the Delaware Hospital and the Delaware State Hospital for the Insane, was born March 9, 1847, a son of Isaac and Elizabeth (Haines) Stubbs. The family is of English lineage.

He was a student in public schools in his early boyhood, afterward entered the Friends' Central School of Philadelphia, and subsequently at Millersville, Pennsylvania. His literary course was supplemented by professional study acquired in the Jefferson Medical College, in which he was graduated in 1867. Later he pursued post-graduate work in 1879. Following the completion of the regular course, Dr. Stubbs located at Kennett Square, in Chester county, Pennsylvania, where he remained from 1869 until 1879, and in 1880 he established his office in Wilmington, Delaware, where he has since practiced. He was Surgeon for two years in the Delaware Hospital and is now Gynecologist in the same institu-

He was married, in 1874, to Miss Florence Preston, who died in 1888,
and in 1893, he wedded Miss Helen Near Schiffer. By the first marriage there was one son, Dr. Ralph P. Stubbs.

McCLEERY, Samuel Bowman, 1848-
Class of 1871.

Dr. Samuel Bowman McCleery, a member of the medical profession of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, was born December 24, 1848, in the city in which he now resides. The McCleery family is of Scotch lineage, and representatives of the name went from Scotland to France, but were driven out of that country at the time of the uprising against the French Huguenots. They came to America and the ancestral home was established in Ohio. Carpenter McCleery, father of Dr. McCleery, removed from Ohio to Pennsylvania, settling in Lancaster about 1835. There he engaged in journalistic work as editor and proprietor of the "Lancaster Union." He married Catherine Danner, a daughter of Strine Danner, who was of German descent, and a school teacher and organist in the Trinity Lutheran Church at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, where he died about 1830.

Dr. McCleery, having completed the course of study of the public schools of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, including the high school curriculum, began the study of medicine with Dr. Henry Carpenter, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, who was his preceptor for four years. In 1869 he entered the Jefferson Medical College, where he continued his studies until his graduation in 1871 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. Throughout his professional career he has been engaged in practice in his native city, and a liberal patronage has been accorded him. He belongs to the Pathological Society of Lancaster. In Masonic circles he is well known, being a member of Lamberton Lodge, No. 476, F. and A. M.; Chapter, No. 43, R. A. M.; Goodwin Council, No. 19, Lancaster Commandery, No. 13, K. T., and Lulu Temple of the Mystic Shrine, Philadelphia. He votes with the Republican party.

GOULD, George Milbry, 1848-
Class of 1888.

George Milbry Gould, M. D., was born in Auburn, Androscoggin county, Maine, November 8, 1848, son of George Thomas and Eliza Ann (Lapham) Gould. His American ancestor was Robert Gould, who came from
Somersetshire, England, and settled in Hull, Massachusetts, about the year 1633. Dr. Gould has collected genealogical data of about 1,000 of Robert’s descendants, some of whom still live in Hull. His mother died when he was two years old, and he accompanied his father to Ohio, where he acquired an elementary education in the public schools of Athens. When only twelve years old he accompanied the Sixty-third Regiment, Ohio Volunteers, to the front as a drummer boy. A year and a half later he was discharged for disability, and in 1865 he again enlisted in the One Hundred and Forty-first Ohio Volunteer Infantry, with which he served until mustered out at the close of the war. Resuming at a later date the pursuit of his education, he was graduated from the Ohio Wesleyan University in 1873 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, following which he was a student at the Harvard Divinity School for three years. He also spent two years studying in Europe. His medical studies were pursued at the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. In April of that year he began the practice of his profession at 119 South Seventeenth street. He now resides at 1722 Walnut street.

Since entering professional life Dr. Gould has made a specialty of diseases of the eye, to the study of which he devoted his principal attention while in College, and as an oculist he has acquired a wide reputation. From 1892 to 1894 he was Ophthalmologist at the Philadelphia Hospital. As a writer upon medical topics and in other fields of literature he has made excellent use of his facile pen. From 1891 to 1895 he was editor of the “Medical News,” and from 1898 to 1900 was editor of the “Philadelphia Medical Journal,” and has been editor of “American Medicine” from its foundation in 1900 to the present time. Aside from his frequent contributions to various serials, he is author of the following works: In collaboration with Dr. L. Webster Fox, “A Quiz Compend of Diseases of the Eye,” 1888; in collaboration with Dr. W. L. Pyle, “A Compend of Diseases of the Eye and Refraction,” 1897; “A New Medical Dictionary,” 1890; “Twelve Thousand Medical Words Pronounced and Defined,” 1892; “Thirty Thousand Medical Words Pronounced and Defined,” 1899; “The Meaning and the Method of Life,” 1893; “An Illustrated Dic-

Dr. Gould was president of the American Academy of Medicine for the years 1893 and 1894, and is a member of the University and Art Clubs, of Philadelphia; a Fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, a member of the American Ophthalmological Society, the American Medical Association, and various other medical societies. He was invited to be one of the official speakers in the Section on Ophthalmology, Congress of Arts and Sciences, St. Louis, 1904.

HECHELMAN, Herman William, 1848- 
Class of 1869.

Dr. Herman William Hechelman, who occupies the chair of Ophthalmology and Otology in the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, the Medical Department of Western Uni-

versity of Pennsylvania, in Pittsburg, was born August 10, 1848, in Lindau, in the kingdom of Bavaria, Germany, his parents being Martin and Catherine (Fritzlin) Hechelman.

Dr. Hechelman was a youth of eleven years, when in the spring of 1860 he came to America. He was a student in an academy in Germany, and continued his education in the pub-
construction from noted medical scientists of the old world, he returned to Europe and continued his studies in Munich and Vienna. While in the old world the Franco-German war broke out, and he entered the army as a surgeon, acting in that capacity until 1871. He then spent several months in the Berlin Hospital, after which he returned to the United States, and entered upon the general practice of medicine and surgery in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. While abroad he devoted considerable study to the diseases of the eye and ear, and his advanced standing in this department of the profession is indicated by his professorship in the Western Pennsylvania Medical College. In 1886 he was chosen to the Chair of Anatomy in that institution, and later was elected to the Chair of the Diseases of Eye and Ear, in which he has since remained. At one time he was a member of the staff of the Allegheny General Hospital, also of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, and is now (1903) Oculist and Aurist to the Passavant Hospital, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He is also a member of the board of trustees of the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, and is acting as its treasurer. He is likewise United States Examining Surgeon for the eye and ear, being chosen as an expert for that work. He belongs to the Allegheny County, the Pennsylvania State, and the National Medical Societies.

Dr. Hechelman married Emma Elizabeth Reineman, on the 1st of May, 1873, and her death occurred December 16, 1901. There are two children of this marriage, Lucy Otelia and Esta Herminie.

CHAPMAN, George Huston, 1849-
Class of 1873.

George Huston Chapman, M. D., of Uniontown, Kentucky, traces his descent from Scotch ancestors who were among the early settlers of North Carolina. His father, Thomas Strother Chapman, who was the son of Jonathan Strother and Polly Casey (Waggoner) Chapman, married Prudence, daughter of Benjamin and Hannah (Friley) Huston.

George Huston Chapman, son of Thomas Strother and Prudence (Huston) Chapman, was born March 29, 1849, in Morganfield, Kentucky, and passed his boyhood in agricultural pursuits, attending meanwhile the schools of his native place, notably the one presided over by C. B. Johnson. In 1865 he attended the Mount Carmel
(Illinois) College, in 1868 the Rockport (Indiana) College, and in 1869 the Cecilian College, Kentucky. He studied for his profession at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, graduating in 1873, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He was a member of the class which took the M. R. C. S. degree in England, but felt unable to take a diploma by reason of the expense involved. In 1876 he refused for the same reason to take one from Tulane Medical College, in New Orleans, Louisiana. He declined to take charge of the Institute for the Feeble-Minded at Frankfort, Kentucky, and also refused the Chair of Physiology in Evansville Medical College. At the World's Columbian Exposition, held in Chicago in 1893, he was judge of surgical instruments. In 1894 he performed the first operation in lithotomy ever performed in Union county, Kentucky. He is the author of a number of articles on professional subjects which have appeared in the different medical journals. He is a member of Union County (Kentucky) Medical Society, and at one time held the office of secretary of the McDowell Medical Society. In politics he is a Gold Standard Democrat.

Dr. Chapman married, December 9, 1875, Mary Emma Holmes, and they are the parents of two children: a son, Thomas Noel, and a daughter, Lena Taylor. Dr. Chapman's home is at Uniontown, Kentucky.

GEMMILL, Jacob Mytinger, 1849-
Class of 1870.

Dr. Jacob Mytinger Gemmill, a representative of the medical fraternity in Tyrone, Pennsylvania, for a third of a century, was born October 20, 1849, in Alexandria, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, his parents being John and Rosanna (Jackson) Gemmill, the latter a daughter of William Jackson.

He began his education at the usual age as a pupil in the public schools of his native city, attended Tuscarora Academy for three years, and continued his studies in the high school of Philadelphia. His professional training was completed by graduation from Jefferson Medical College on the 12th of March, 1870, and he opened an office for practice in Altoona immediately afterward, but, thinking that he would have a more advantageous field of labor in Tyrone, Pennsylvania, he removed to that city in December, 1870, and entered upon what has been a successful professional career as a general
practitioner. He has also been surgeon for the Pennsylvania Railroad at Tyrone since 1871. To some extent he has been a contributor to medical journals, and he belongs to the Blair County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and has been a member of the American Medical Association since 1871. About 1897 he was sent as a delegate to the International Medical Convention at Washington.

He married, in October, 1886, Miss Emma N. Boyd.

GOODMAN, Edward Ellerslie, 1849-
Class of 1874.

Dr. Edward Ellerslie Goodman, Physician and Surgeon, of Altoona, Pennsylvania, represents one of the old families of that state of German origin. Three successive generations of the family followed the millwright's trade. The great-grandfather, a native of Germany, engaged in that business in Berks county, Pennsylvania, and Samuel Goodman, the grandfather, and Jacob Goodman, the father, were millwrights of Mill Creek, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. Samuel Goodman became a soldier at the time of the war of 1812, and served throughout the second struggle with England. Mrs. Catherine Rupert Goodman, mother of Dr. Goodman, was a daughter of Rupert, who emigrated from his native Germany and became a shoe manufacturer of Pennsylvania.

Dr. Goodman was born at Mill Creek, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, September 13, 1849, and was successively a student in the public schools there, the Huntingdon County Normal School at Alexandria, and Kishacoquillas Seminary in Kishacoquillas Valley, but before pursuing his academic course he spent two years in teaching school. He prepared for his professional career in Jefferson Medical College and won the Doctor of Medicine degree in 1874. After eighteen months spent as a general practitioner in Allenville, Pennsylvania, Dr. Goodman removed to Altoona, same state, in 1876, and has since been an active and successful representative of its medical fraternity. He belongs to the Blair County (Pennsylvania) Medical Society, and is a Democrat in politics.

Dr. Goodman was married, May 28, 1874, to Mary Mifflin, of Philadelphia, who died in December, 1875, leaving a son, Wesley Leroy. His second marriage, March 22, 1877, was to Sarah Prideaux, of Shireysburg, Pennsylvania, and they have one child, Chester Prideaux Goodman.

SCHADLE, Jacob E., 1849-
Class of 1881.

Jacob E. Schadle, M. D., of St. Paul, Minnesota, Professor of Rhinology and Laryngology in the School of Medicine of the University of Minnesota, is of German-American extraction. He is the son of Michael and Phoebe (Sal-lade) Schadle, of Revolutionary ancestry, and was born June 23, 1849, in Clinton county, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Schadle was educated in the Mfillersburg State Normal School, and taught school for six years until the autumn of 1875, when he was elected superintendent of public schools in Mifflinburg, Pennsylvania. In 1876 he
began the study of medicine in the office of Dr. John S. Crawford, Williamsport, Pennsylvania, and in 1881 received from Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For six years thereafter he practiced in the coal regions of Pennsylvania, residing in Shenandoah, in that state. It was during this time that he successfully treated an epidemic of smallpox which swept over the town. An interesting account of this visitation can be found in the "Medical Summary" of 1884. He studied Rhinology and Laryngology under Dr. Sajous, of Philadelphia, and later devoted much time to the study and treatment of nose and throat diseases in the course of his general practice. After moving to St. Paul, Minnesota, in 1887, he made this branch of medicine a specialty, to which he ever since limited his practice. In 1884, while a resident of Shenandoah, he served on the Board of Health, and is now Chief of Staff and member of the Board of Trustees of the St. Paul Free Dispensary. In both these positions he has materially aided in the upbuilding and maintenance of the institution. In 1896 he became Clinical Instructor in Laryngology in the University of Minnesota, and in 1897 Clinical Professor of Laryngology in the same institution. He was subsequently appointed full Professor of Rhinology and Laryngology in the school of Medicine of the University of Minnesota. During these years of labor and achievement Dr. Schadle went abroad on three different occasions, and spent considerable time in the German centers of medical instruction for the purpose of further studying rhinolaryngology and otology. In 1897 he was elected to the chairmanship of the American Laryngological, Rhinological and Otological Association, and in 1898 to the vice-presidency of Jefferson Medical College Alumni Association.

Dr. Schadle has made many valuable contributions to medical literature, some of which have been translated into the German and French languages, and also among which may be mentioned the following: "A Report of Cases of Successful Treatment of Total Adherent Soft Palate;" "Torticollis and Adenoid Growths;" "The Etiology and Diagnosis of Empyema of the Accessory Sinuses of the Nose;" "Accessory Thyroid Tumors at the Base of the Tongue;" "Diseases of the Naso-Pharynx," written for "Sajous Annual," Volume VI; "A Common
OFFICERS AND ALUMNI

Form of Spasmodic Asthma as Related to Diseases of the Nose; "A Visit to 'Jesus Hilfe,' or the Leprous Hospital of Jerusalem;" "Adenoid Growth in Children;" "The Relationship between Diseases of the Nose and Throat and General Diseases." Notable among Dr. Schadle's writings are two articles which by reason of important results which followed their publication deserve special mention. In the "Medical and Surgical Reporter" of December, 1885, may be found his report upon five cases of mushroom poisoning, in which he used atropine successfully in large doses. This was the first use of the drug as an antidote in mushroom poisoning, and it has since been generally recognized as the remedy par excellence. Standard authorities as McIlvaine, Gibson, Atkinson, and others, give Dr. Schadle the credit for the discovery of said antidote. Dr. Schadle was the first to call attention to the remote secondary and terminal effects of cocaine upon the genital tract, and his article on the subject, entitled "The Effects of Cocaine on the Genital Organs" was published in the "Philadelphia Medical Register" of 1889. Dr. Schadle is the inventor of several valuable and ingenious instruments which have been found of great service in nose and throat work. Among them are snares for the removal of fibroid and other growths from the naso-pharynx and nasal passages, and a lymphotome for the removal of adenoid vegetations at the vault of the pharynx, an automatic syringe for intratracheal injection.

Dr. Schadle married, in 1878, Jane Ray, daughter of Dr. David H. and Sarah Miller, Mifflinburg, Pennsylvania; no children. He is a member of the following medical and social organizations: The Ramsey County and Minnesota State Medical Societies; the American Medical Association; the American Rhinological, Otological and Laryngological Society, and the Minnesota Club, and Town and Country Club, of St. Paul. His present address is 145 Lowry Arcade, St. Paul, Minnesota.

TOMLINSON, Peter Wilson, 1849-
Class of 1878.

Dr. Peter Wilson Tomlinson, President of the State Medical Examining Board of Delaware, and an active practitioner at Wilmington, was born near Dover, Delaware, November 17, 1849, his parents being James and Rachel (Wilson) Tomlinson. The family is of English origin, but through several generations has been established in Delaware and on the eastern shore of Maryland, its representatives being largely devoted to agricultural life.

Dr. Tomlinson acquired his early education in public and private schools at Frederica, Delaware, and in 1868 attended the Quaker City Business College of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, preparatory to entering upon commercial life. He was connected with mercantile pursuits for a number of years, and then resolved to make the practice of medicine his life work. To this end he matriculated in Jefferson Medical College and completed his course by graduating in 1878. Two years later he joined the State Medical Society of Delaware, being at that time a practitioner at Milton, Delaware, where he remained from the spring of
1878 until the fall of 1881. In the latter year he removed to Philadelphia, opening an office at the southwest corner of Eighteenth and Mount Vernon streets. While building up a practice, he attended the different clinics, and many of the lectures given by the Professors of the Jefferson College. In the fall of 1882 he removed to Wilmington, Delaware, where he has con-

continued in the general practice of medicine and surgery to the present time.

Dr. Tomlinson was secretary of the President and Fellows of the Medical Society of Delaware from 1895 until 1897, inclusive, and still retains membership in that organization. In 1897 he was elected president of the Society, and he also belongs to the New.

castle County (Delaware) Medical Society. He was active in securing the passage of a law establishing a State Medical Examining Board; was appointed a member of that board in 1899, and has since been its president. He is now treasurer of the Newcastle County Medical Society, and secretary and treasurer of the Medical Council of Delaware. He is medical referee for the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York for Delaware and the eastern shore of Maryland, and is medical examiner for the following life insurance companies: The Mutual Life of New York, the National of Vermont, The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York City, the Manhattan Life Insurance Company, the Maryland Life Insurance Company of Baltimore, the Washington Life Insurance Company of New York, and the Security Life and Trust Insurance Company of New York.

As a citizen, Dr. Tomlinson is deeply interested in the reform and progressive movements, and is especially opposed to misrule in municipal affairs. He is a sound money Democrat, and in 1880 represented his district in the state legislature of Delaware. At this writing (in 1903) he is a member of the executive committee of the Citizens' Association, an organization which is nonpartisan in character, and was formed for the purpose of correcting political abuses in municipal, county and state affairs. As a result of the efforts of this society two public officials have been convicted and severely punished by fine and imprisonment.

In November, 1878, Dr. Tomlinson was married to Virginia C. Hazzard, daughter of John C. and Charlotte S. (Parker) Hazzard, of Milton, Dela-
ware, and they have one son, Robert Williams Tomlinson, who was born in Wilmington, Delaware, January 4, 1884, and is now preparing for the study of medicine.

SMITH, Mark Leeds, 1849-
Class of 1870.

Dr. Mark L. Smith, a general practitioner, of Philadelphia, Pennsylva-

nia, was born in Mt. Holly, New Jersey, June 19, 1849, a son of Captain Samuel S. and Mary Antrim (Burr) Smith, both of whom are descendants of an old and honored English ancestry, his mother tracing her descent from a long English line of Burrs, Antrims and Haines, as per history of Burr family. Her grandfather served in the capacity of officer in the Revolutionary war, and her father participated in the war of 1812, being a member of a New Jersey infantry regiment. Captain Samuel S. Smith (father) served in the United States infantry from the beginning of the Mexican war until the close, and also throughout the entire period of the Civil war, retiring as captain.

Dr. Smith pursued his preparatory educational course in the private schools and academies of Mt. Holly, and then took up the study of medicine at Jefferson Medical College, graduating from that institution with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in March, 1870. Since that date to the present time, a period of thirty-four years, he has conducted a general practice in the city of Philadelphia, with the exception of one year when he served as physician for the International Marine Company, operating between America and Great Britain, which position he resigned in October, 1884. He is independent in politics, casting his vote for the candidate who, in his opinion, is best qualified for office.

In October, 1883, Dr. Smith was united in marriage to Kathryn A. Hagan, daughter of John Hagan, president of the Atlantic Gas and Water Company. Their children are: Kathryn, a teacher in the public school; Agnes, also a teacher in the public school, and Helen, a senior in the girls' high school.

DUFFIELD, Harrison, 1849-
Class of 1874.

Dr. Harrison Duffield was born January 26, 1849, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he is now practicing. His parents were Joseph S. and Mary Amanda (Willits) Duffield. He is a descendant of a French Huguenot ancestry,
and the original spelling of the family name was De Dufel. It was under that name that the family was founded in the new world by emigrants who, to escape religious persecution in their own country, came to America about the last of the seventeenth century, and settled in Burlington county, New Jersey. Members of the family served in the Continental army both in the navy and in the line, and others were participants in the early wars of the colonists, and valiantly fought in the struggle for independence. Thomas J. Duffield, the grandfather of Dr. Duffield, settled near the old Oxford church, in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, where he was extensively engaged in farming, owning considerable land. Joseph S. Duffield, the father, was born on the old homestead, and through the greater part of his business career was a shoe merchant of Philadelphia.

Dr. Duffield pursued his education in the Deal street primary school, in the eighteenth ward secondary school of Philadelphia, and in the Morris grammar school at Kensington. He spent several years in mercantile life, and then entered the drug business. He prepared for his calling as a student in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, in which he won the degree of Graduated Pharmacist in the class of 1871. He next entered Jefferson Medical College, and was graduated in 1874. Opening in the practice of medicine in Philadelphia, he has since devoted his attention to the duties of his chosen calling, and has gained a large and distinctively representative clientele. In public affairs he has been active and influential and for nine years was a school director at Philadelphia. He has been connected with the North Philadelphia Building Association for eighteen years, having served as its president every year consecutively since its organization. In politics he is an independent Democrat.

Dr. Duffield was married, on the 15th of June, 1892, to Mrs. Christian Faunce, nee Clara Wible. They have no children, but Dr. Duffield had a daughter by a former marriage, Bertie Melissa, who is now the wife of William G. Happoldt, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

DUFF, John Milton, 1849-1904
Class of 1874.

Dr. John Milton Duff, deceased, late Senior Surgeon of the South Side Hospital, was born in Newlonsburg, Pennsylvania.
vania, October 16, 1849, a son of James Henderson and Susan Templeton (Miller) Duff. His father was also an alumnus of Jefferson College, a graduate of the year 1846. The family is of Scotch lineage. The paternal ancestor, John Duff, emigrated from Scotland in the year 1750, and settled in Pittsburg, where representatives of the family have since resided. Two of his brothers were soldiers of the Revolutionary army. The grandfather of Dr. John M. Duff became a prominent miller, and was one of the pioneers of that business in Pittsburg, and in the maternal line he also comes from old colonial stock. His father was a soldier in the Union army during the Civil war, volunteering his services as a surgeon, and retiring with the rank of major.

Dr. John M. Duff began his education in the public schools of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and his early mental training there was followed by study in the Turtle Creek Valley Academy of the same county. His collegiate work was begun in the Western University of Pennsylvania, in which he was graduated in 1872. Being now well equipped by broad literary learning to enter upon a special line of study, he entered the Jefferson Medical College, and was graduated with the class of 1874, having previously attended medical lectures at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, from 1870 until 1872, and his reading was comprehensive and thorough. He won the degrees of Bachelor of Arts, Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy, as well as that which indicates the trend of his professional career. He began practice in Pittsburg, where he continued during his active life, and in addition to general practice served as Surgeon to the South Side Hospital, as Gynecologist to the same institution, and later as the Senior Surgeon there. For many years he was Gynecologist to the Western Pennsylvania Medical Hospital, and for years prior to his death was Professor of Obstetrics and Clinical Gynecology in the Medical Department of the Western University. Chief Obstetrician and Gynecologist to the Remenian Hospital, Consulting Surgeon to Passavant Hospital, and also consulting surgeon to several other similar institutions outside of Pittsburg.

His relationship with medical societies included membership in the Allegheny County Medical Society, in which he was honored with the pres-
idency; the Pennsylvania State Society, the American Medical Association and the Pittsburg Obstetrical Society, of which he was at one time the president. He was likewise an honorary member of the Westmoreland County Association, and an ex-president of the Obstetrician Section of the American Medical Association. He was a fellow of the Academy of Medicine, and of the American Association of Gyneecologists and Obstetricians. Through the interchange of thought and experience in these different organizations he has continually added to his knowledge, and thus promoted his efficiency as a member of the medical fraternity, and was classed among the successful representatives of his calling in the city of Pittsburg. In his political views he was a Republican.

On the 7th of November, 1878, he was united in marriage to Miss Jennie Eliza Kirk and to them were born five children: James Henderson, Harriet Templeton, John Milton, Jr., Alfred William and Bessie Bryce.

Dr. Duff died on May 14, 1904, after an illness of about a year.

WIGGINS, Samuel Lowry, 1849-
Class of 1873.

Dr. Samuel Lowry Wiggins, a representative of the medical fraternity of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, was born in Indiana county, that state, March 6, 1849. The family is of English origin, and was established in Pennsylvania at a very early period in the colonization of the state, and through several generations its representatives were leading farmers and extensive land owners of Indiana county, Pennsylvania. His maternal ancestors were Scotch, and also located in Pennsylvania in pioneer times, following farming pursuits.

Dr. Wiggins is a son of James and Eliza Jane (Lowry) Wiggins, and at the usual age he was sent to the public schools of his native county. Later, the privilege of acquiring a more advanced education was afforded him, and he became a student in Elderton Academy, of Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. He began the study of medicine with Dr. Thomas J. Marlin as his preceptor, and, after reading in this way for two years, entered Jefferson Medical College, in which he won his degree with the class of 1873. He was for twelve years engaged in the general practice of medicine in Westmoreland and Indiana counties, Pennsylvania, and then pursued post-graduate work in Jefferson Medical College in 1885. Soon afterward he removed to McKeesport, Pennsylvania, where he has since been engaged in active practice, and has also served as a member of the surgical staff in the McKeesport Hospital. He belongs to the American Medical Association, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Penn-
sylvania State Medical Society. Interested in public schools, he served as secretary of the Board of Education in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, for six years. In Masonry he has attained high rank, being a member of Yough-iogheny Lodge No. 583, F. & A. M., McKeesport Chapter, R. A. M., Pittsburg Commandery No. 1, K. T., and of the Pennsylvania Consistory and Nobles of the Mystic Shrine of Sylvia Temple.

Dr. Wiggins has been twice married. He first married Mary Wright Shannon, and they had five children, all of whom are now deceased, as well as the mother. On the 17th of September, 1895, he married Anna Sill, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

POTTER, Thompson Eldridge, 1849-
Class of 1875.

Dr. Thompson Eldridge Potter, of St. Joseph, Missouri, the President of the Central Medical College, in which he also fills the Chair of Surgery, was born in Clinton county, Missouri, December 18, 1849, his parents being Thomas and Hessa Z. (Smith) Potter. About 1770 James Potter, emigrating from England, settled in South Carolina, and when the colonists attempted to throw off the yoke of British oppression, he joined the Continental army and aided in winning independence for the nation. His son, Eldridge Potter, the grandfather of Dr. Potter, was a soldier in Florida at the time of the Seminole war, while Thomas Potter, the father, was a defender of his country in the Mexican war. Dr. Potter is of English lineage in the maternal line, and his great-grandfather, Andrew Smith, was a Kentucky planter. The family was afterward represented in Georgia, and still later in Missouri. Thompson Smith, a son of Anderson Smith, was a prominent landowner of Missouri, and became one of the foremost political leaders of that state. For nineteen consecutive years he represented his county in the State Legislature, and also held several appointive positions. His sons were active in the Confederate cause, and one of them, Conlee Smith, became a colonel in the Confederate army, while another son, I. V. Smith, was a non-commissioned officer.

Dr. Thompson E. Potter pursued his early education in the public schools of DeKalb county, Missouri, followed by a course of study in McGee's College of that state. He en-
centered upon preparation for his profession after two years spent as a teacher in Clinton and DeKalb counties of Missouri and then matriculated in Jefferson Medical College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1875. While a student there he won the Wallace prize for the best thesis on "Descriptive and Relative Anatomy of Gravid Uterus." Following his graduation Dr. Potter became a general practitioner at Cameron, Missouri, where he remained for eleven years, and then sought a field of labor in St. Joseph, Missouri, where he has since been located. He is now Surgeon to St. Joseph's Hospital, and is President of the Central Medical College, in which he is also occupying the chair of surgery. He belongs to the Buchanan County, and St. Joseph, and Missouri State Medical Societies, and the Western Surgical and Gynecological Society. He was formerly editor and proprietor of the "Western Medical and Surgical Reporter," but owing to the pressure of his business duties as a practitioner and as president of the college, he was obliged to abandon his editorial work. Dr. Potter gives his political support to the Democracy, and while residing in Cameron, Missouri, served as mayor of the city in 1884-5. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity, in which he has attained to the Knight Templar degree, and he is also a member of the Benton and Lotus Clubs of St. Joseph.

He was married, April 7, 1876, in Cameron, Missouri, to Mary Barr Bassett, and they now have eight children: Mary Bassett, Ena Warfield, George Conlee, Bertha Barr, Caryl Ashby, Catherine, Frances and Florence.

CAMPBELL, Eugene Boyd, 1850-
Class of 1873.

Dr. Eugene Boyd Campbell, of Williamsport, was born in Mutchensville, Seneca county, Ohio, May 28, 1850. The grandfather of Dr. Campbell was born in Virginia, where he probably became a planter and landowner. Alexander M. Campbell, father of Dr. Campbell, was born in the Old Dominion, and, removing to Ohio, followed a merchandising and lumber business in that state, being one of the early pioneers in the Lake Superior trade. He married Anna M. Miller.

Dr. Eugene Boyd Campbell was a pupil in the public schools of Tiffin,
Ohio, through the period of his early youth, and afterward attended St. Louis University, at St. Louis, Missouri. Subsequently he became a student of Heidelberg College, Tiffin, Ohio, and his preparation for the practice of medicine was completed by his graduation in Jefferson Medical College with the class of 1873. On the 18th of April of the same year, he opened an office in Williamsport, where he has since remained in active practice, his capability securing him a good patronage. He is serving on the staff, and is now Consulting Physician to the Williamsburg Hospital, of which he is likewise a trustee. In addition to the duties of a private practice, he is serving as examiner for various life insurance companies. Dr. Campbell belongs to the Lycoming County Medical Society, and has attained the Knight Templar degree in Masonry, while his political support is given to the Republican party.

He was married in November, 1880, to Miss Jennie Priestly Lyons, a daughter of Dr. Thomas Lyons, of Williamsport, Pennsylvania, and they have one daughter, Elizabeth Priestly Campbell.

SAHM, William Kopp Tritle, 1850-
Class of 1877.

Dr. William Kopp Tritle Sahm, who, since 1880, has been Medical Examiner for the Relief Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and is a general practitioner of Pittsburgh, is a native of Pennsylvania, having been born in Johnstown, on the 19th of June, 1850. He is a representative in the paternal line of an old colonial family of German lineage, and when the first of the name came from the fatherland to the new world they settled in Pennsylvania. Mathias Sahm was a lineal descendant of the emigrant ancestor, and was a member of the Berks county militia prior to and during the Revolutionary war. The family has been continually represented in Pennsylvania since its earliest establishment there, and its mem-
and established his home in Franklin county, Pennsylvania. His descendants have largely been engaged in agricultural pursuits, and among the number have been many extensive landowners. John Tritle, the maternal grandfather of Dr. Sahm, was a soldier in the War of 1812.

When a youth of six years, Dr. Sahm entered the public schools, and, profiting by the instruction therein afforded, prepared for collegiate work, which he obtained in Pennsylvania College at Gettysburg, being a graduate of that institution with the class of 1872. He completed his professional training in Jefferson College in 1877 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He began practice in McCoytown, Pennsylvania, where he remained for nine years, when he was appointed Medical Examiner for the Pennsylvania Railroad in the Relief Department. He has since occupied this position, covering a period of eighteen years, and his long connection with the work indicates his high standing in professional circles, and the confidence reposed in his medical and surgical skill by the corporation which he represents.

He is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Sons of the Revolution, and the Phi Gamma Delta fraternity, a college organization. Socially he is prominent as a Mason, having attained the Knight Templar degree of the York Rite, and the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite, while he is also connected with the Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine. He is likewise a member of the University Club of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

WILLIAMS, Roger, 1850-
Class of 1877.

Dr. Roger Williams, who for nineteen years has been on the staff of St. Francis Hospital, is a well known practitioner of the city in which he was born, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. His natal day was April 22, 1850, and his parents were Evan and Ann (Davis) Williams.

His preliminary education was acquired in the public schools of Allegheny, Pennsylvania, and later he attended Bogles Academy of the same city. His advanced literary training was received in the Western University of Pennsylvania, and upon his graduation from Bethany College in
1874, the degree of Bachelor of Science was conferred upon him. He then entered the Jefferson Medical College and won the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1877. Dr Williams entered upon the practice of medicine in Philadelphia in that year, but when two years had passed removed to Pittsburg, where he has since remained. He has served on the staff of St. Francis Hospital, and that he has been connected with the institution for nineteen years indicates the appreciation of the hospital management for his professional ability and skill. For fourteen years he was a member of the East End Medical Society, and served as secretary for seven years. He also holds membership in the International Medical Congress, the American Medical Association, the Allegheny County Medical Society, and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society. His political support is given to the Republican party.

The Doctor has made a tour of the West Indies, traveled through Europe and the British Isles, also Mexico, and knows by observation almost the whole of the United States, but his life has been a busy one, devoted to the demands of his profession. He has written various articles of value for medical journals and the press, and also a "Log of the Yacht Barra-coua in the West Indies," and is widely known to the profession in this part of the country.

LIPPINCOTT, George Coote, 1850-
Class of 1875.

Dr. George Coote Lippincott, a member of the Medical Corps of the United States Navy, was born in Salem, New Jersey, September 18, 1850. He is of English descent, and is a son of Jacob Maul and Ann Swing (DuBois) Lippincott.

His early education was acquired in the Friends’ school in Salem, New Jersey, and he subsequently became a student in the University of Pennsylvania. The year 1874-75 was spent in Jefferson Medical College, and in the
United States Navy Hospital at Chelsea, Massachusetts; at Brooklyn, New York; at League Island, Pennsylvania, and at the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland, and upon various cruising ships of the navy. He belongs to the United States Naval Athletic Association.

ROGERS, Willard Hall, 1850-
Class of 1876.

Willard Hall Rogers, M. D., was born in Georgetown, Delaware, April 24, 1850, a son of Greenberry and Eliza (Wall) Rogers. John Rogers, the celebrated English protestant, who was burned at the stake for heresy in the sixteenth century, and Sir William Rogers of Delaware, were both in his ancestral line.

Dr. Rogers was educated in the public schools of his native town, and at the age of eighteen went to New York City, where he learned the printer’s trade. He followed this for about eight years, becoming foreman of the shop, and saving money to defray the expenses of a medical course. He was graduated from Jefferson College in 1876, and from that time until 1881 he practiced medicine in Cattaraugus county, New York. He then came to New York City, and for two years maintained an office in Fifteenth street. In 1883 he moved to his present address, 225 West Twenty-second street. He has a large practice of a desirable class, and he has been successful as a business man, being a large owner of real estate. He has been a general student, but has given special attention to electricity. He invented the water electrode now in use, enabling the physician to double the amount of electricity without pain.

He is a member of the American Medical Association, of the New York State Medical Society, of the New York County Medical Society, and of the New York County Medical Association. He is also a member of the New York Academy of Medicine, and of the Physicians’ Mutual Aid Association of New York, and belongs to Mosaic Lodge No. 418, F. and A. M.

Dr. Rogers married Mary L. Benjamin, of New York, June 21, 1876. She is an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and much interested in charitable work.

BOTSFORD, Le Baron, 1850-
Class of 1873.

Dr. Le Baron Botsford, actively engaged in the practice of his profession
in the borough of Brooklyn, New York, is a native of Dorchester, New Brunswick, Canada, the date of his birth being September 22, 1850. His father, Blair Botsford, was born in Sackville, New Brunswick, served thirty years as sheriff of Westmoreland county, New Brunswick, and later was warden of the penitentiary in Dorchester, New Brunswick; he married Sarah Cogswell, a native of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia, who at the present time (1903) is in the seventy-sixth year of her age, and his death occurred when he had attained the age of sixty-six years. His father died at the age of ninety-three years; his six brothers attained the ages of eighty-five and ninety years; one of his sons, Murray Botsford, was a banker in Halifax, and bank inspector of the Bank of British North America.

Le Baron Botsford was educated in the Canadian Collegiate School in Windsor, Nova Scotia, and after spending three years in his father's office entered the Jefferson Medical College, from which institution he was graduated in 1873. He began the active practice of his profession in St. Johns, New Brunswick, where he remained one year; he then spent two years in Peru, seven years in Sackville, Canada, four years in Sanford, Florida, six years in Brunswick, Georgia, and in 1893 located at 225 Stuyvesant avenue, borough of Brooklyn, New York, where he has since resided, and now enjoys an extensive general practice. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, being affiliated with Tyrian Lodge, No. 618.

On November 7, 1877, Dr. Botsford married Jane Steeves, of Moncton, New Brunswick, who died October 2, 1881, as did also their child, Charles Botsford. On October 12, 1889, Dr. Botsford married Mrs. Frances Estabrook, nee Trites, who died June 10, 1895, leaving one son, Le Baron Botsford. On April 20, 1897, Dr. Botsford married Clara Marschalk, of Brooklyn, New York.

HARTMAN, Paul Augustus, 1850-
Class of 1874.

Dr. Paul Augustus Hartman, a general practitioner of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and for twenty-five consecutive years the secretary of the Dauphin County Medical Society, represents one of the old families of the state. He is of German and Holland descent. His paternal great-grandfather emigrated from Baden-Baden in 1770, and became a resident of the Colony of Pennsyl-
vania. The brother who accompanied him to America was killed in the skirmish at Paulus Hook, in the Revolutionary war. Joseph Hartman, grandfather, was a printer by trade, and through almost a half century was a representative of the journalistic interests of Pennsylvania, being editor and proprietor of the “Warrior Democrat” from 1812 until 1863. John Joseph Hartman, father of Dr. Hartman, died in early manhood while preparing for the ministry. He had married Wilhelmina Stoever, a descendant of John Casper Stoever, who in 1727 emigrated from Amsterdam, Holland, to Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. He was a Lutheran clergyman, and served as pastor of the old Hill church in Lebanon county for many years, dying while still in active ministerial work. The congregation to which he had ministered through so many decades erected to his memory a monument which is still standing. He was the first Lutheran minister ordained in Pennsylvania, and was largely instrumental in extending the influence of his denomination. His descendants were farming people of Lebanon county.

Dr. Hartman was born in Lebanon, Pennsylvania, December 24, 1850, and pursued his more specifically literary education in the public schools of Williamsport, Pennsylvania, Dickinson Seminary, of the same place, the State Normal School, at Kutztown, Pennsylvania, and Dickinson College. He prepared for his chosen life work in Jefferson Medical College and won the Doctor of Medicine degree in 1874. Since that time he has practiced continuously in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and in addition to the duties of a private practice, which leaves him little leisure time, he served for ten years as physician to the Dauphin county prison. He is now Pathologist to the Harrisburg Hospital, and is Medical Inspector for the State Board of Health. He is a member of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, and the Dauphin County Medical Society, of which he is the secretary, having been honored with that office for a quarter of a century. His interest in educational advancement is indicated by his active service in behalf of the schools of Harrisburg during fifteen years’ membership on the school board, four terms of which time he was president of the board. He belongs to the Harrisburg Social Club.

HARTZELL, William Harvey, 1851-
Class of 1873.

Dr. William H. Hartzell, for the past twenty-three years a member of the medical profession in the city of Allentown, Pennsylvania, is a native of Rock Hill township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, the date of his birth being November 22, 1851. He is a son of Phillip Gerhard and Elizabeth (Kerr) Hartzell, and a descendant of Ulrich Hartzell, a native of Germany, who settled in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, on September 23, 1732, thus making the family members of the old Colonial stock. He was the father of six children, among whom was a son, Mark Hartzell, who died at the age of twenty-two years, leaving two children, one of whom was a son, Philip Hartzell, grandfather of William H.
Hartzell, who was united in marriage to Elizabeth Gerhard.

William H. Hartzell was a student in the district schools of Bucks county, and the Washington Collegiate Institute at Trappe, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania. From 1869 to 1871 he served in the capacity of teacher in the district schools of Montgomery county, and in the latter named year entered Jefferson Medical College, served as assistant in Professor Joseph Pancost's clinic, and was graduated in the class of 1873. During the same year he established an office in Allentown, Lancaster county, continuing there until the year 1877, when he removed to Harleysville, Montgomery county, where he practiced until 1881, and then located in Allentown, where he has built up a large and steadily increasing clientele. From the organization of the Allentown Hospital until his resignation in 1902, he served as chief of the staff; from 1894 to 1901, a period of seven years, he was a member of the board of trustees of the southeastern district (Insane) Hospital at Norristown; was surgeon to the Lehigh Valley and Philadelphia Traction Company; a member of the school board of Allentown; and formerly a member of the board of health and health officer of Allentown. He is prominently connected with the American Medical Association, Lehigh County Medical Society, Lehigh Valley Medical Society, and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society. He has written several valuable articles which have been printed in the medical journals, and he is also the author of a "Chart of Nervous Diseases." He was president of the Jefferson Medical Alumni Association in 1902. Dr. Hartzell has always been an active and prominent factor in the councils of the Democratic party, which organization he has supported since attaining his majority. He is a Scottish Rite member of the Masonic fraternity, and is affiliated with the Knights Templar.

November 10, 1874, Dr. Hartzell married Mary Louise Stauffer, of Lancaster City, Pennsylvania. Their children are: Harry Stauffer; Elizabeth Kerr, the wife of H. A. Foering, professor and principal of the Bethlehem Preparatory School; Dr. Rein Keelor, a member of the class of 1902 of Jefferson Medical College; William Harvey, and Edward Franklin Hartzell.

**STEWART, Joseph Stanger, 1851-1902.**

Class of 1877.

Dr. Joseph Stanger Stewart, a representative of the medical fraternity in
Homestead, Pennsylvania, is of Scotch and Swiss descent. In the paternal line he traces his ancestry back to Joel Stewart, who left Scotland when the United States formed a part of the colonial possessions of England and settled in New Jersey, where some of his descendants are still found. At the time of the Revolutionary war he espoused the cause of the colonists and became a captain of the Continental army. His son, the grandfather of Dr. Stewart, residences in New Jersey throughout his entire life and engaged in teaching school and in tailoring. Joseph Stanger Stewart, Sr., the father of Dr. Stewart, removed from New Jersey to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in the manufacture of window glass until his business was merged into that of the window glass trust. He married Experience S. Steelman, who was of Swiss lineage, her ancestors who settled in Philadelphia at an early day being engaged in shipbuilding at that port.

Dr. Joseph S. Stewart was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, May 7, 1851, and in his boyhood days was a pupil of the public schools of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, while later he pursued a collegiate course in Allegheny College of Meadville, Pennsylvania. He was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts, and that of Master of Arts was conferred upon him in 1873. He began preparation for his profession as a student in the office and under the direction of Dr. J. H. Legge, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, with whom he remained for some time prior to entering the Jefferson Medical College, in which he won his degree as a graduate of the class of 1877.

From 1876 until 1879 Dr. Stewart was Assistant Physician for the borough of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and in the latter year he began practice in Homestead, Pennsylvania, where he is now located. On the 1st of July, 1888, however, he settled in Marion, Indiana, where he practiced for five years, and then returned to Homestead, Pennsylvania. He is now serving as Physician to the County Poor Farm, and he was formerly President of the City Council of Homestead. In politics a Republican, he has always taken an active interest in the growth and success of his party, and he is a loyal member of the various fraternal organizations. He has attained the Knight Templar degree in Masonry, and is a member of the Mystic Shrine, belongs to the Odd Fellows Society, the Knights of Pythias fraternity, the Junior and Senior Orders of the United American Mechanics, the Royal Arcanum, and the Ancient Order of Heptasophs.

In December, 1890, he married Louise Baldwin, of Marion, Grant county, Indiana.

STROCK, Daniel, 1851-
Class of 1877.

Dr. Daniel Strock, a general medical practitioner of Camden, New Jersey, and a prolific writer on medical and sanitary subjects, represents one of the oldest families of his state, being a descendant in the maternal line of William Matlack, who came to America and was the first white man to land on the present site of Burlington, New Jersey, in the year 1667. His grandson, Jacob Matlack, rendered conspicuous service to the country in the war of the Revolution, and was a member of
the state militia. It was his granddaughter, Keziah Frances Lamb, who became the wife of James Thomas Strock. On the paternal side the family is of German and Scotch descent.

Dr. Strock was born in Flemington, New Jersey, September 6, 1851, and pursued his early education in the public schools of his native town. He completed his preparation for the practice of medicine and surgery by graduation from Jefferson Medical College in 1877, at which time the degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred upon him. He entered upon active practice in Philadelphia, where he remained for three years, or until October, 1880, when he located in Camden, New Jersey, where he has since continued to make his home.

In addition to a large private practice he has performed many public services along professional lines, and has thus gained distinction that is not limited by the boundaries of the state. He was formerly Lecturer on Dietetics in the New Jersey Training School for Nurses, and is now Lecturer on Anæsthetics in the Cooper Hospital Training School for Nurses. In 1889 he was appointed Surgeon of the Cooper Hospital at Camden and is now Senior Surgeon. He was formerly Consulting Surgeon to the Camden City Dispensary, is a member of its Board of Managers, and is the Secretary for the New Jersey Training School for Nurses. He has become widely known in connection with military service, and in 1890 was made Assistant Surgeon of the Sixth Regiment of the National Guard of New Jersey, with the rank of first lieutenant. In 1892 he became Surgeon of this regiment with the rank of major; in 1899 was appointed Surgeon of the Third Regiment with the rank of major, and in 1900 was commissioned Surgeon of the Second Brigade of the National Guard of New Jersey, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, continuing to act in that capacity until 1901, when he resigned. He organized the Hospital and Ambulance Corps of the Second Brigade, and his services as an instructor in litter and ambulance drill and the methods of rendering the first aid to the wounded have been of great value to the service. His work as a general practitioner has been characterized by skill in both surgical operations and along general lines and he stands very high in the medical profession.

Dr. Strock has made numerous con-
section."

Dr. Strock is identified with various societies for the promulgation of knowledge bearing upon his chosen profession. He belongs to the American Medical Association; the Medical Society of New Jersey, of which he is now a member of the judicial council; the Camden County Medical Society, of which he was president in 1898; the Camden City Medical Society, of which he was president in 1890; the New Jersey Sanitary Association, of which he was formerly secretary and in 1899 the president; and at one time he belonged to and was the secretary of the Order of Military Surgeons of New Jersey, but resigned on severing his connections with the National Guard. He has social and fraternal relations, being a member of Trimble Lodge, No. 117, F. & A. M., of Camden, while he also belonged to the Civic Club, to the Cooper Club of the same city, and to the Camden Astronomical Society.

Dr. Strock was married, February 5, 1879, to Miss Amelia Fredericka Ritzel, a daughter of George and Fredericka Ritzel, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

FREY, Clarence Leslie, 1851-
Class of 1872.

Dr. Clarence Leslie Frey, Oculist and Aurist, of Scranton, Pennsylvania,
tion of his father, and was graduated from Jefferson Medical College with the class of 1872. He immediately afterward entered upon the practice of his chosen profession at Glen Rock, his native town, where he remained for two years, and on the expiration of that period he was appointed Resident Physician in the State Hospital for the Insane at Danville, Pennsylvania. He occupied that position until 1876, after which he devoted himself to the general practice of medicine for several years. In 1880 he went to Philadelphia, where he pursued post-graduate work in the Wills Eye Hospital, and also in the Penn Hospital. In 1881 he opened an office in Scranton, Pennsylvania, and has since made a specialty of the treatment of the diseases of the eye and ear. In 1884 he went to Europe and studied in the hospitals of Vienna, Paris, and London. While abroad he gave considerable attention to throat affections, and on his return included the treatment of throat diseases in his practice. His entire life from his boyhood days to the present has been devoted to the study and practice of the science of medicine. Dr. Frey is a member of the medical staff of the State Hospital of North Eastern Pennsylvania. He is Oculist and Au­rist to the Pennsylvania Oral School in Scranton, and is special examiner for the United States pension bureau. He belongs to the Lackawanna County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the American Medical Association and the Scranton Medical Club. He is likewise well known in social circles of the city, belonging to the Scranton Club, the Country Club and the Scranton Bi­
cycle Club. He was twice married, and has one son, Robert Leslie Frey.

DELKER, William, 1852-
Class of 1884.

Dr. William Delker, of Philadelphia, was born in Germany, May 25, 1852, a son of Jacob Frederick and Margaret (Pross) Delker. Brought to America in early child­hood, he attended the public schools at Port Carbon, Pennsylvania, and was afterward a student in Bryant & Stratton's Commercial College, at the southwest corner of Tenth and Chestnut streets, in Philadelphia. He was a student in the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, from which he was graduated in 1873, and he completed his preparation for the practice of medi­cine by graduation from Jefferson
Medical College in 1884. His early business experience was that of a druggist in Ashland, Pennsylvania, where he was apprenticed to his brother in 1867. For ten years he was associated with Drs. Andrew and Robert Nebinger, of Philadelphia, after which he became their successors in business, and is now located at No. 1020 South Second street, Philadelphia.

Dr. Delker is a member of the Alumni Association of Jefferson Medical College, and of the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. His political support is given to the Republican party.

HERR, Benjamin Franklin, 1852-
Class of 1877.

Dr. Benjamin F. Herr, for almost thirty years a practicing physician of Millersville, Pennsylvania, the latter years of this long period being devoted to special work pertaining to the nervous system and surgery, was born in Williamsville, Erie county, New York, May 26, 1852, a son of Eli and Malvina L. (Eggert) Herr. On the paternal side Dr. Herr traces his ancestry to Hans Herr, who emigrated to this country from his native land in 1700, and purchased a tract of land from William Penn.

Dr. Herr obtained a liberal and practical education by attending Williamsville Institute, from which he was graduated in 1866; Cornell University, at Ithica, New York, from which he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1874; and Buffalo Medical University, where he pursued a one year course. Having chosen the profession of medicine for his life-work, he entered Jefferson Medical College, and this institution conferred upon him the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1877. He immediately located at Millersville, Pennsylvania, where he has remained ever since, and during this period of time he has attended to a large and lucrative practice, making a specialty, during the latter few years, of nervous diseases and surgery, for which branch of the profession he has a natural aptitude and inclination. Prior to his engaging in a private practice, Dr. Herr served an internship in Blockley Hospital, Philadelphia, where he was under the tutorship of Dr. D. D. Richardson, also Dr. H. P. Trull, of Williamsville, New York, Dr. William Q. Huggins, of New York, Dr. Daniel Musser, and Dr. John H. Musser, of Pennsylvania, were preceptors. Dr. Herr has given considerable attention to the invention of various instruments, and he is also the author of various medical articles which have been published in the leading journals and magazines devoted to medical subjects. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the Lancaster City and County Medical Society, in all of which he has filled various offices. He is a Republican in politics.

Dr. Herr was united in marriage to Susan A. Herr, of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of one daughter—Fannie M. Herr.

NEELY, James William, 1852-
Class of 1875.

Dr. James William Neely, a general practitioner, writer, and inventor of a fracture bed, is located in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and represents one of the old families of the state, his ances-
tors having come to Pennsylvania from Ireland at an early epoch in the development of this portion of the country. They followed farming in western Pennsylvania, and it was there that James Neely, the father of Dr. Neely, was born and reared. He married Amelia McMichael, who was of Scotch-Irish lineage, and also represented a family of farmers in Pennsylvania.

Dr. Neely was born on the old family homestead in Robinson township, Allegheny county, October 29, 1852, and at the usual age he became a pupil in the public schools near his home. His more advanced intellectual training was received in Mansfield Classical and Normal Institute, and also under the private instruction of Professor Aaron Williams, of Washington and Jefferson College, who directed his studies for four years. He took up the study of medicine with Dr. Alexander McCandless Pollock as a preceptor, his father having arranged that he should spend three years in the office, and under the direction of that physician. While studying under Dr. Pollock he acted during a part of that time as Intern in Mercy Hospital at Pittsburgh. He next entered Jefferson Medical College, of which he is a graduate with the class of 1875. He then entered upon the general practice of medicine in the western part of Pittsburgh, and still continues there in the enjoyment of a good patronage. For five months during the years 1885-86, he was district physician for the city of Pittsburgh under the Board of Charities, and also was outside or district physician to the Pittsburgh Free Dispensary. He was for four years Lecturer on Physiology, Anatomy, and Hygiene in Curry College of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and his bibliography embraces various articles prepared for medical journals and for current literature publications. He has always been a deep and earnest student of the science of medicine and of the needs of the profession, and in the latter connection he invented a fracture bed, which is known as Neely's bed. His professional relationship is with the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association.

Dr. Neely is a public-spirited and progressive citizen, deeply interested in the general welfare of his locality, and for five years he served as a member of the board of school directors of Chartiers township, Allegheny county,
Pennsylvania. He belongs to the Blue Lodge of Masons, to several social clubs, and politically is an independent Republican.

Dr. Neely was married, November 6, 1884, to Laura Etta Tomlinson, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and their children are two in number, Howard James and William Sherwood Neely.

COOVER, David Hummel, 1852-
Class of 1874.

Dr. David Hummel Coover, Oculist and Aurist, of Denver, Colorado, was born in New Cumberland, Pennsylvania, September 29, 1852. His father, Dr. Eli Houser Coover, was a graduate of Jefferson Medical College with the class of 1850, and practiced for many years. He married Annie Hummel.

Dr. David H. Coover laid the foundation for his education in the public schools of New Cumberland, Pennsylvania, and later attended Harrisburg Academy, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. In 1871 he matriculated in Jefferson Medical College, and was graduated with the Doctor of Medicine degree in the class of 1874. He was for four years engaged in general practice in Harrisburg, when, desiring to promote his efficiency by study abroad, he went to Europe and spent two years in the Vienna University Hospital, and in the hospitals of Berlin and London, receiving instruction from some of the most noted specialists and representatives of the medical fraternity in the old world.

Dr. Coover returned to America in 1880, and for ten years thereafter was engaged in practice in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, making a specialty of the treatment of the diseases of the eye and ear. In 1890 he removed to Denver, Colorado, where he has since followed his profession as a specialist. He is Oculist and Aurist at St. Anthony's Hospital at Denver, Colorado, also in the Denver County Hospital, the Mercy Hospital at Denver, Colorado, the National Jewish Consumptive Home of Denver, and is Oculist to the Women's Maternity Hospital, and Oculist and Aurist to St. Luke's Hospital. He is now Professor of Ophthalmology in the Denver-Gross College of Medicine. He belongs to the Denver and Arapahoe County Medical Society, the Colorado State Medical Society, the Denver Clinical and Pathological Society, and the Colorado Ophthalmological Society. He has written various articles that have been published in medical journals, and has
OFFICERS AND ALUMNI

ARMENT, Samuel Bowman, 1852-Class of 1877.

Dr. Samuel Bowman Arment, a Physician and Surgeon of Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, was born August 11, 1852, in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, a son of Oliver Hazzard Perry and Mary Govett (Whitehead) Arment.

Following his early public school training, Dr. Arment attended the Philadelphia high school, and was a student in the public schools of Delaware county, Pennsylvania. His academic course was pursued in Media, Pennsylvania, and on putting aside his text-books he began learning the carpenter's trade as an apprentice to his father, with a view of becoming an architect, his time being thus occupied between the age of sixteen and twenty-one years. In 1874 he matriculated in Jefferson Medical College, and was graduated with the class of 1877. He was Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy following his graduation, and practiced medicine in Philadelphia prior to his removal to Vincentown, Burlington county, New Jersey. Afterward emigrating westward, he located in Sioux City, Iowa, and was interested in a cattle ranch in that state. He also went on a surveying trip up the Missouri river as a physicist and rodman, and after that work was completed returned to Sioux City, and later removed to Correctionville, Iowa. In 1886 he returned to Philadelphia, and was again Demonstrator of Anatomy in Jefferson Medical College and Assistant in the Orthopedic Department of Jefferson Hospital. He came to Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1887, and has since been engaged in active practice there, making a specialty, however, of the treatment of the diseases of the throat, nose and ear.

Dr. Arment was appointed Pension Examiner June 8, 1899. He is Medical Inspector and Quarantine Officer for the Columbia County State Board of Health of Pennsylvania, and Medical Examiner for the following life insurance companies: The Mutual Benefit, the Aetna, the Travelers', the
United States, the Provident Life and Trust Company, the Home, the Bankers, Northwestern, Masonic Aid, and others. Dr. Arment is a member of the Columbia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He is an exemplary Mason, and has attained high rank in the order, belonging to Washington Lodge, No. 265, F. and A. M.; Bloomsburg Chapter, No. 218, R. A. M.; Mount Moriah Council, No. 10, R. and S. M.; Crusade Commandery, No. 12, K. T.; the Scottish Rite at Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania; Orient Conclave of the Knights of Constantine, and Irem Temple of Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania.

Dr. Arment was married, June 14, 1888, to Miss Armantine McIntyre, a daughter of Mrs. Mary McIntyre, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. They have one child, Armantine Lucretia Arment.

ERDMAN, Albert Joseph, 1852-
Class of 1873.

Dr. Albert J. Erdman, actively engaged in the practice of medicine and surgery in the city of Allentown, Pennsylvania, is a son of John and Ann Maria (Roth) Erdman, and his birth occurred in Lehigh county, Pennsylvania, March 9, 1852. The first American ancestor of the family of whom there is any authentic information was John Jacob Erdman, a native of Pfungstaad, in Hesse Darmstadt, who settled on a tract of land in the vicinity of Center Valley, Pennsylvania, given by royal grant from George II in 1732. The various members of the family have been extensive landowners and progressive farmers, also participants in the Revolutionary war, and the family tradition is that they suffered much persecution from the Tories during that period. During the last century many representatives of the family have led professional lives, such as clergymen, physicians and lawyers.

Albert J. Erdman attended the district schools of Lehigh county, the Allentown Academy, the Allentown Seminary, and a private school for three years. The following year he read medicine with Dr. H. H. Riegel, of Catasauqua, Pennsylvania. He entered Jefferson Medical College in the fall of 1871, continued reading with his preceptor for two years, and received his diploma as Doctor of Medicine in 1873. For twenty-two years he prac-
ticed his profession in the town of Siegertsville, Pennsylvania, after which he removed to Allentown, where he has since resided. For seven years he served in the capacity of Examiner for the United States Pension Board; for thirteen years was Physician and Surgeon to the Lehigh County Alms House and Hospital; and for many years served as school director, being an earnest advocate and supporter of all measures tending to advance educational lines. He is identified with the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Lehigh Valley Medical Society, and the Lehigh County Medical Society, of which he was the former president, and is now the treasurer. Politically he is a Democrat.

Dr. Erdman married, December 24, 1874, Amanda E. Bogh, of Catasauqua, Pennsylvania. One child has been born of this marriage, Edna Grace Erdman.

BLACHLY, Oliver Lindley, 1852-Class of 1877.

Dr. Oliver Lindley Blachly, a general medical practitioner of Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, was born October 5, 1852, in Sparta, Pennsylvania. His ancestry, both lineal and collateral, has been connected with the development of America from a very early epoch in the colonization of this country. He is a representative of the family in the sixth generation since the establishment in America. The first of the name was a Dr. Blachly, who settled on Long Island, and was the great-great-great-grandfather of Dr. Oliver L. Blachly. His son was a surgeon in the Revolutionary war, and successive generations of the family have been connected with the medical profession, the grandfather having been a graduate of the Medical Department of the New York University, after which he practiced in Washington county, Pennsylvania, for many years. Dr. Stephen Lindley Blachly, the father of Dr. Oliver L. Blachly, was a graduate of Jefferson Medical College, and afterward practiced in Washington county, Pennsylvania, where he was the first physician to administer an anesthetic. He married Sarah Lindley, a descendant of Francis Lindley, who settled on Long Island, soon after the "Mayflower" deposited its little band of pilgrims on Plymouth Rock. He was a farmer, and his descendants, some of whom follow the same occupation, removed from Long Island to New Jer-
sey and afterward to Washington county, Pennsylvania.

On reaching the regular school age, Dr. Blachly became a pupil in the public schools of Washington county, Pennsylvania, and his more advanced literary training was received in Waynesburg College, of which he is a graduate with the class of 1874. He attended Jefferson Medical College from 1875 until 1877, at which time the degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred upon him. He at once began the practice of his chosen profession in connection with his father, in Washington county, Pennsylvania, and this business association between them was maintained for thirteen years. After the dissolution of the partnership, he practiced alone in Washington county for three years, and then removed to Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, where he has since been in active and successful practice. He belongs to the American Medical Association, the Allegheny County and the Pennsylvania State Medical Societies, and to the Wilkinsburg Medical Club. In politics he is a Republican.

Dr. Blachly was married, May 19, 1871, to Anna Rachel Sherrard, of Prosperity, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of three children: Stephen Lindley, John Sherrard, and Mary Fulton.

WILLIAMSON, Jesse, 1853-
Class of 1873.

Dr. Jesse Williamson, general medical practitioner at Wilmington, Delaware, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, April 26, 1853, and is of Scotch descent. His parents were Jesse and Mary (Anderson) Williamson.

His preliminary educational training was received at Burlington College, Burlington, New Jersey, and at the Episcopal Academy in Philadelphia. He completed the work of the freshman year in the University of Pennsylvania, and then entered upon preparation for the practice of medicine as a student in Jefferson Medical College, in which he was graduated on the 12th of March, 1873.

Establishing his office in Philadelphia, Dr. Williamson practiced in his native city for nine years, and afterwards in Colorado Springs, Colorado, for sixteen years, subsequent to which time he has been an active representative of the medical fraternity of Wilmington, Delaware. His hospital service has been of a varied character. He was Resident Physician to the Episcopal Hospital of Philadelphia from April, 1873, until 1874; was Surgeon to Howard Hospital at Philadelphia, and was Surgeon to St. Francis Hospital at Colorado Springs, Colorado, in 1895. In 1899 he became Surgeon to the Delaware Hospital, and was formerly Consulting Surgeon for the Denver, Texas & Gulf Railroad, while residing at Colorado Springs. He is a fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia, was a member of the Pathological Society and the Philadelphia County Medical Society at Philadelphia, also the El Paso County Medical Society of Colorado, and at the present time holds membership relations with the Delaware State Medical Society, and the Newcastle County (Delaware) Medical Society.

Dr. Williamson was married, April
30, 1883, to Miss Sophia Watmough Thayer, and their children are Sophia Watmough, Mary Eleanor, Katharine Buckley, and Jessie.

HERSMAN, Christopher Columbus, 1853-
Class of 1896.

Dr. Christopher Columbus Hersman, General Practitioner, Specialist in Mental and Nervous Diseases, and an active factor in the organization of the South Side Hospital, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was born in Lewis county, Virginia, March 17, 1853, a son of Jacob Bush and Rachel (Morrison) Hersman, the latter named being a cousin of General Thomas J. Jackson, a gallant soldier in the Confederate army, better known as “Stonewall” Jackson. Dr. Hersman is a representative of an old Virginian family. His paternal great-great-grandfather, a native of Germany, upon his arrival in this country located in Hardy county, Virginia, now West Virginia, and a number of his descendants have since been residents of the two states, where they have devoted their time to agricultural pursuits. His maternal ancestors were of Scotch origin, and in the early period of colonial development, the pioneer members of the family settled in either North or South Carolina, where their descendants are prominent in political and social circles, wielding considerable influence in affairs of State.

Dr. Hersman obtained his early education in the private and public schools of Lewis county, Virginia. He then entered Weston Academy, Weston West Virginia, later became a student in Clark’s College, Buchanan, West Virginia, then matriculated in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Baltimore, Maryland, from which institution he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, March 4, 1884, and completed his professional studies in Jefferson Medical College, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in which he pursued a special course in mental and nervous diseases in 1896.

In 1872, prior to his entering Clark’s College, he accepted a position as teacher in the district schools, continuing in that capacity until 1881, teaching during the winter months and continuing his studies during the summer months. In 1880 he engaged in the drug business in Weston, West Virginia, in association with a partner, and they conducted the same for two and a half years, when he entered the
College of Physicians and Surgeons, Baltimore, Maryland, September, 1882. During the college term of 1883-84, the last year of his connection with the College of Physicians and Surgeons, he was a resident student in the City Hospital of Baltimore. In 1884 he was elected as one of the Assistant Superintendents of the West Virginia Hospital for the Insane, which position he retained for three and a half years. He then began the general practice of medicine in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he has since remained.

In 1887, Dr. Hersman was elected to fill the position of Lecturer on Mental and Nervous Diseases in the Medical Department of Western University, which connection he severed in 1900, and the following year he was elected Lecturer on Clinical Medicine in the same institution. In March, 1890, he was elected to a position on the staff of the Insane Department of St. Francis Hospital, which he still continues to hold, and from 1898 to 1902 he served in the capacity of president of the staff. In 1890 he was one of a number instrumental in the organization of the South Side Hospital, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, being chairman of the arrangement committee, and presiding officer at the opening of the institution. He is a member of the present board of directors of the South Side Hospital, to which position he was elected for a term of five years, and is also the secretary of the same, filling that position for a third term. Dr. Hersman lectures on materia medica and therapeutics in the South Side Hospital, and St. Francis Hospital Training Schools for Nurses.

His membership with societies bearing upon his profession is extensive. He belongs to the American Medical Association, the South Side Medical Society, of Pittsburg, the Allegheny County Medical Society, the West Virginia Medical Society (honorary), the Pennsylvania Medical Society, and the American Medical Temperance Association. He also holds membership in the Pittsburg Academy of Science and Arts, the South Pittsburg Scientific Society, the Southern Society of Pittsburg, and the Masonic Country Club. Fraternally he is a Mason, and a past master of his lodge. His political allegiance is given to the Republican party in local affairs, but in National politics he is independent.

On August 11, 1885, Dr. Hersman was united in marriage to Miss Abba Clifton, of Weston, West Virginia, the daughter of a prominent New England family. They are the parents of one daughter, Ella Clifton Hersman.

LAMBKING, William, 1853-1881.

Among the many members of the medical profession in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, may be mentioned the name of Dr. William Lambking, son of Jacob and Nettie Lambking, whose birth occurred in that city on August 19, 1853.

His preliminary educational training was obtained in the public schools of Philadelphia, and in 1873 he was graduated from the Central High School in the same city. He then went abroad and for three years supplemented the knowledge thus gained by continuing his studies in St. Petersburg, Russia. Upon his return to his native city he
OFFICERS AND ALUMNI

began to read medicine under the preceptorship of Dr. James Van Buskirk, of Philadelphia, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this work, and his degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred upon him by Jefferson Medical College in 1881. He was appointed Intern for Jefferson Hospital, and after serving in that capacity for one year he filled a similar position for a like

period of time at St. Mary's Hospital. He then established an office for the active practice of his profession, devoting his time especially to diseases of the heart and lungs. Since attaining his majority he has been a strong adherent of the principles of Republicanism, served his party on several occasions, and in 1867 was a candidate for membership in the common council.

In 1881 Dr. Lambking was united in marriage to Mary Jane Cunningham, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Their children are Walter Irvin and Violante Frances Lambking.

ARNEY, George Franklin, 1853-
Class of 1878.

Dr. George Franklin Arney, of Altoona, Pennsylvania, is of German and French lineage. His great-grandfather came from the Alsace-Lorraine province to America, and settled in Pennsylvania, where his descendants have since been connected with agricultural interests, save where some representative of the name has abandoned the tilling of the soil for another vocation, as in the case of Dr. Arney. The latter's parents were Jacob and Rachel (Meyer) Arney. The mother was also of German descent, although in pioneer times the Meyer family was founded in Pennsylvania.

The early education of Dr. Arney was obtained in the public schools of Center county, Pennsylvania. He was born there, March 11, 1853, and supplemented his early educational privileges by study in the Normal school of the county. He is a graduate of Jefferson Medical College of the class of 1878, and with the exception of the first year of his graduation, spent in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, he has practiced continuously in Altoona. He has for nine years been a member of the staff of the Altoona Hospital, and he belongs to the American Medical Association, the Blair County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the Altoona Academy of Medicine. In his political views he is a Democrat.
Dr. Arney was married, in 1881, to Lucy Boggs, of Center county, Pennsylvania, and they have one child, Ralph Thompson Arney.

GIESY, Andrew Jackson, 1853-
Class of 1882.

Andrew Jackson Giesy, Physician and Surgeon, of Portland, Oregon, now occupying the chair of Clinical Gynecology in the Medical Department of the University of Oregon, was born in Steilacoom, Washington, October 19, 1853. He is a son of Christian and Emma (Wagner) Giesy, and is of Swiss descent.

Dr. Giesy began his education in district schools, and also studied under a private instructor, Christian Wolf. His early training for his chosen profession was received in the Medical Department of Willamette University, at Salem, Oregon, where he was graduated with the class of 1876. He spent the year 1881-2 in post-graduate work in Jefferson Medical College, and has also pursued post-graduate studies in Berlin and Vienna, profiting by the instruction of some of the most eminent members of the medical profession of Europe. He entered upon active practice in 1876, at Aurora, Oregon, where he remained until 1881, and after his return from Jefferson Medical College he located in Salem, Oregon, where he practiced until 1885, since which time he has made his home in Portland, Oregon. From October, 1883, until October, 1885, he was Assistant Physician to the Oregon State Insane Asylum. He is a member of the staff of the Good Samaritan Hospital at Portland, and has been connected with the faculty of the Medical Department of the University of Oregon since its organization in 1886, now holding the chair of Clinical Gynecology. He has been president of the City (now County) Medical Society, and also of the State Medical Society of Oregon, and is one of the leading representatives of the medical fraternity in his adopted state.

Dr. Giesy has attained the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite in Masonry, and in his political affiliations is a Republican. He was married in 1886 to Miss Ida H. Church, and they have one son, Paul C. Giesy.

WHEAT, Lewis Emerson, 1854-
Class of 1888.

Dr. Lewis Emerson Wheat, of Philadelphia, was born in Orange county,
New York, November 15, 1854, a son of Alexander Wilson and Sarah Elizabeth (Jillet) Wheat. His district school education acquired in Orange county, New York, was supplemented by a high school course in Burdette, that state, but between the ages of eight to fourteen years he was obliged to largely abandon all study because of ill health. He spent four years as a high school student and after reading medicine four years under Dr. John A. Northrup, of Burdett, went to Canada, and entered the Agricultural Department of the University of Toronto, in 1876. Two years later he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888.

Dr. Wheat immediately afterward went abroad, spending one year in Europe, and in 1889 he began the practice of medicine in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he still remains. In 1889 he was appointed assistant to Professor C. E. de M. Sojous, continuing for two years and two years succeeding in the same department for I. Solis Cohen at the Jefferson Hospital. He was also assistant to Professor Lawrence Turnbull for two years at the Jefferson Hospital, and was Demonstrator of Anatomy for Professor William S. Forbes for three years. His practice is now of a general character, and has gained profitable proportions.

Dr. Wheat gives his political support to the Republican party. He married Hessie Cordelia Beach, of South Sterling, Pennsylvania, on the 19th of March, 1879.

KIRKPATRICK, Andrew Beecher, 1854-
Class of 1884.

Dr. Andrew Beecher Kirkpatrick was born in Bruce township, LaSalle county, Illinois, February 9, 1854. The Kirkpatrick family is of Scotch origin, and was established in America by the great-grandfather of Dr. Kirkpatrick, who sailed from Scotland to the new world and took up his abode in Champaign county, Ohio, where he engaged in farming, becoming an extensive landowner of that state. Upon the old family homestead there, Andrew Kirkpatrick, the grandfather, was born and reared. He put aside agricultural pursuits in later life, however, and engaged successfully in the manufacture
of stoneware. At the time of the Revolutionary war the great-grandfather espoused the cause of the colonists, and fought for the independence of the nation. Murry Kirkpatrick, the father of Dr. Kirkpatrick, was born in Ohio, and in 1834 removed to Illinois, where he engaged in the manufacture of fireproof materials and fire clays, making his home in Bruce township, LaSalle county. He married Diantha Baldwin, a daughter of Daniel Baldwin, who was born in Connecticut, and was a minister of the Baptist church.

Dr. Kirkpatrick spent the days of his boyhood and youth in his parent’s home in the county of his nativity, and after mastering the elementary branches of learning in the public schools of LaSalle county, Illinois, he attended the Illinois State Normal University at Bloomington, in which he was graduated with the class of 1878. Wishing to become a member of the medical fraternity, he read medicine under the direction of his brother, Dr. Murry Baldwin Kirkpatrick, of Philadelphia, and at the same time engaged in teaching school in LaSalle and Grundy counties, Illinois, in 1879. In 1882 he became a student in Jefferson Medical College, and was graduated with the Doctor of Medicine degree in 1884.

Dr. Kirkpatrick successfully passed an examination before the State Pharmacy Board of New Jersey in the same year. On the 3rd of October, 1882, he had begun work in the dispensary and laboratory of the Philadelphia Medical Mission, with which he was connected for about eight years. From the time of his graduation until 1888 he practiced for about three months during the summer seasons at Cape May Point, New Jersey, paying special attention to gynecology and to the treatment of the diseases of the nose and throat. He was at one time Clinical Assistant of the Diseases of the Ear at the Pennsylvania Hospital for two years. He is at present Chief of the Clinic, Instructor in Laryngology, also Assistant Attending Surgeon at the College, and Chief of the Out-Patient Department of the Jefferson Medical College Hospital. He has prepared a number of valuable papers and addresses which have been published or read before leading medical societies. One of these was entitled “A Gunshot Wound with the Use of Electric Probe,” read before the Philadelphia County Medical Society. His bibliography includes
“An Instrument for Applying Medicaments to the Urethral, Uterine and Rectal Canals,” as advanced by him in 1891 and read before the American Medical Association of 1893; “The Medical Treatment of Appendicitis, with the Report of Five Cases Recovered”; “Transactions of the Philadelphia County Medical Society of 1891”; and “The Use of Paraffine Injection for Nasal Deformity,” with exhibition of five patients, read before the Philadelphia County Medical Society; and other papers of deep interest to the profession.

Dr. Kirkpatrick is a member of the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the Philadelphia Medical Club. Fraternally he is a Mason. He was married to Mary Louise Knight of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, September 20, 1888, and they have one child, Andrew Harold Kirkpatrick.

BOWER, Charles Hamrick, 1854-
Class of 1885.

Dr. Charles Hamrick Bower, a representative of the medical fraternity of Council Bluffs, Iowa, was born in the Kensington district of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, June 23, 1854, a son of Joshua and Sarah (Dwier) Bower.

On the paternal side, Dr. Bower traces his ancestry to Samuel Bower, who married a daughter of Peter White, in England, in 1726, and of the eight children born to them the following named came to America: Samuel, William and Joseph. William was unmarried, and served as Colonel in the Revolutionary war. Joseph Bower, the ancestor of Dr. Bower, was born in July, 1753, was married to Christiana Headley, and died in 1799, leaving Joshua, who married Eliza Collard. Samuel and Joseph Bower were among the first ship builders of Philadelphia. Joseph Lee married Mary Franklin, sister or daughter of Benjamin Franklin, and they both died of yellow fever in the year 1793. They were the parents of eight children: Joseph, Elizabeth, who married John Collard, a relative of the English poet, and their daughter Eliza was united in marriage to Joshua Bower, grandfather of Dr. Bower, in 1815; Benjamin, Mary, Sarah, George, James, and Franklin. On the maternal side, Dr. Bower is descended from Daniel Dwier, who was born in Ireland about 1795, came to this country when about six years
of age, and here he married Mary Campbell, a Scotch girl, and in early life he settled in the old district of Kensington, where he became one of its most prominent and enterprising citizens. He had the distinction of having four granddaughters who were prominent members of the faculty of the Girls' Normal School of Philadelphia, namely: Mrs. Eliza Bower Saul, Mrs. Mary Dickes Geisler, Mary Sowden and Mary Dwier.

As a student of the public schools of Philadelphia, Dr. Bower became familiar with the branches of learning which form the basis of all education. He entered Jefferson Medical College in 1882, and won the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1885, but his first knowledge of the science of medicine was gained in the office of Dr. W. W. Hubbard, of New Jersey. In the meantime, however, he had gained considerable practical experience in the business world, having filled the position of telegraph operator in Philadelphia from 1876 until the time of his matriculation in Jefferson College. He practiced medicine in the city of Philadelphia successfully until 1889, when, on account of the ill health of his wife, and on the recommendation of Professor J. M. DaCosta, who ordered a change of climate, he went west and settled in Council Bluffs, Iowa, where he has since continued his professional duties. On October 26, 1886, during his residence in Philadelphia, he was appointed Police Surgeon under Mayor William B. Smith. He is now a member of the staff of Mercy Hospital of Council Bluffs, one of the largest hospitals west of Chicago. He is examiner for the Fidelity Mutual Insurance Company of Philadelphia, the Prudential Insurance Company of Newark, New Jersey, and the Phoenix Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut. He is a member of the Pottawattamie County Medical Society, and the Missouri Valley Medical Society.

On November 5, 1880, Dr. Bower married Elmaretta Darton, daughter of Richard Pittinger and Lydia (Buchanan) Barton, of Perth Amboy, New Jersey. Her ancestors settled in New Jersey during colonial times. On the paternal side she is related to the family of Simpson, of which General Grant was also a descendant, and on the maternal side is related to ex-President Buchanan. They reside at No. 555 Broadway, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

CARR, Lloyd Logan, 1854-

Class of 1876.

Lloyd Logan Carr, Physician, was born at Fairmont, Virginia (now West Virginia), April 26, 1854, a son of Hugh Holmes and Lydia Elizabeth (Pitcher) Carr. His father was a druggist, and he had three uncles who were physicians, as well as several cousins in the profession. He is a descendant of old Virginia stock in several lines. His paternal grandmother was a member of the famous Longacre family, and his grandfather, Jonathan J. Pitcher, came from Rhode Island to Virginia in 1809, where he married and settled in Fairmont.

Dr. Carr was educated in the public schools of his native town, and took a medical course in the University of Kentucky, in 1874 and 1875. He then entered the Jefferson Medical College, and was graduated from there in 1876.
He began practice in Fairmont, where he remained until 1890. He is a registered druggist, and under the firm name of Logan Carr & Company he conducted a drug store during this time. In 1890 he took post-graduate work, chiefly in gynecology, in the New York Polyclinic Hospital, and since that time he has practiced in New York. He has a general practice, and has been examiner for several insurance companies. In Fairmont he was examiner for the New York Life Insurance Company, and he is now examiner for the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York. From 1892 to 1900 he was connected with the Out-door Patient Department of Bellevue Hospital, and for several years he was connected with the DeMilt Dispensary. He was formerly a member of the examining board for the Knights of Pythias and the Foresters. He is a member of the New York State Medical and of the New York County Medical Associations. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, being a past assistant surgeon general, on the staff of the past commander, Lieutenant General Underwood, commanding Patriarchs Militant of the United States. He also belonged to the Masonic order, being a member of the Royal Arch.

December 25, 1879, he married Maria C. McCoy, daughter of Hon. John W. and Delia Evans McCoy, both of whom are deceased. Mrs. Carr died in 1884, leaving a son, Hugh Holmes Carr. He was a graduate, class of 1904, of the Medical Department of Cornell University, New York, and received the appointment of Intern in Bellevue Hospital.

On December 21, 1897, Dr. Lloyd Logan Carr married his present wife, Linda Lozier Carr, of Flatbush, Brooklyn, New York, daughter of Cornelius J. and Anna Maria Bergen. His present address is 270 West Forty-third Street, New York City.

In 1900 he and Mrs. Carr visited Italy, Switzerland, Germany, France, Belgium, and England, while in 1902 they went to northern Europe, Scotland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland. They have traveled at home as well as abroad, having passed a winter in Florida and visited the Pacific Coast, Yosemite Valley and the Yellowstone Park. As he is quite interested in amateur photography, he has made a collection of pictures taken while traveling. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and
in politics a Prohibitionist. In West Virginia he was a candidate for his party to the Legislature.

MARSHALL, George William, 1854-Class of 1876.

George William Marshall, A.B., A.M., M.D., of Milford, Delaware, was born in Georgetown, Delaware, August 31, 1854, and is of English and Scotch descent. His parents were Dr. William and Hester Angelina (McColley) Marshall, the former a graduate of Jefferson Medical College with the class of 1847.

George William Marshall pursued his early education in the public schools of Georgetown, and afterward attended a classical school at Milford, Delaware, prior to entering Delaware College, in which he was graduated with the class of 1874, the degree of Bachelor of Arts being then conferred upon him. He won his degree of Doctor of Medicine on the completion of a course in Jefferson Medical College in 1876, and the following year his alma mater conferred upon him the degree of Master of Arts. Since 1876 he has practiced continuously in Delaware, and in 1889 he read a paper at the Centennial Anniversary of the State Medical Society of Delaware on "A Century of Surgery." He has been medical examiner for practically all the insurance companies doing business in Delaware, and is now surgeon for the Delaware Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. He was elected a delegate to the house of delegates of the American Medical Association, which met at New Orleans in May, 1903, and was re-elected a delegate to the house which was to meet in convention at Atlantic City in 1904. He belongs to the American Academy of Medicine, and has been president of the State Medical Society of Delaware, while for ten years he was its secretary.

Dr. Marshall is deeply interested in the cause of education and in all movements that prompt intellectual activity and advancement. He has been president of the Board of Education of Milford, Delaware; has been a trustee of Delaware College for eighteen years, and for twelve years has been a trustee of the State College for Colored Students. In politics he has ever given an unswerving support to the Republican party, has been recognized as one of its most prominent leaders in the state, and for ten years was chairman of the Republican committee of Kent county. He was also president of the Republican League of Delaware for four years, has twice been nominated for Governor of the state, and was a delegate to the Republican National Convention, which met at Minneapolis in 1892. In November, 1900, he was elected Insurance Commissioner of Delaware and in 1903 the office of Bank Commissioner was imposed and added to his duties as Insurance Commissioner. He has been a member of the town council, and has served as its president; for two terms he was a member of the Board of the Light and Water Commissioners of Milford, and rendered effective service in establishing the light and water plant at that place. He belongs to the Historical Society of Delaware, and to the Presbyterian Church.

Dr. Marshall is equally prominent
and honored in fraternal circles, having been grand master of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Delaware for two terms. His membership is with Temple Lodge, No. 9, F. and A. M.; Delta Chapter, No. 4, R. A. M.; and St. John’s Commandery, No. 1, K. T., of Wilmington, Delaware. For almost two decades he was connected with the military service, being captain in the National Guard of Delaware for eight years, a lieutenant-colonel for two years, and colonel of the First Regiment of the Delaware National Guard for seven years.

On the 25th of April, 1878, Dr. Marshall was married to Miss Mary Louise Donnell, a daughter of Andrew and Rose (Mathewson) Donnell, of Newark, Delaware. They have four sons: Andrew Donnell, born February 10, 1879; William Marshall, November 26, 1880; George Chester, October 23, 1882; and Samuel Mathewson Donnell Marshall, born October 2, 1884.

WALTER, Harry Bushey, 1854-

Dr. Harry Bushey Walter, who since 1881 has been engaged in the active practice of medicine and surgery in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, was born July 5, 1854, in Greencastle, that state, where lived his grandfather, Bernard Walter, who was a farmer of that locality. The family is of Welsh descent, and it is believed that the American ancestor was a member of the family of Walters long prominent as editors and proprietors of the “London Times.” Dr. Walter’s parents were William and Susan (Bushey) Walter, the former an agriculturist of Greencastle, Pennsylvania. The maternal ancestors were also pioneer settlers of that locality.

Dr. Walter enjoyed the advantage of mental discipline in the public and select schools of Greencastle, Pennsylvania, and was afterward a student in the Millersville State Normal School, and the Pennsylvania State College, at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania. He was

graduated in Jefferson Medical College with the class of 1881, and has since practiced continuously in Harrisburg. He is now serving on the staff of the Harrisburg Hospital, and is examiner for several life insurance companies, including the Metropolitan, New York Mutual, and Pennsylvania Mutual. He was Surgeon to the Pennsylvania Railroad, and President of the United States Board of Examining Surgeons.
He belongs to the Harrisburg Academy of Medicine, of which he was formerly president, the Dauphin County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He is also a member of the national auxiliary congressional and legislative committee of the American Medical Association, and is a man of considerable influence in the ranks of the medical fraternity, having built up a reputation as a thoroughly skillful and scientific medical practitioner.

His interest in educational affairs of his city was manifest in his efficient service on the school board. He has also been a member of the Harrisburg select council. His political support is given the Republican party. He is a Knight Templar and Consistory Mason, a past master of Robert Burns Lodge, F. and A. M., and past eminent commander of Pilgrim Commandery, No. 11, K. T. He also belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and the Knights of Pythias fraternity.

On the 24th of December, 1884, he was married to Sarah Amelia Chamberlin, and they have four children: Harry Morris, Alfred Roscoe, Ralph Summers, and Paul Chamberlin Walter.

WEBER, Charles Zeigler, 1856-
Class of 1882.


His first ancestor in America was Christian Weber, who came from Germany in company with about four hundred German Protestants, in 1727, in the ship "Good Will," and settled at Towamensin Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania. A house which Christian Weber built on the tract of land he purchased is still standing. The family lived on this estate as farmers for many generations. The first Christian Weber had a son John, whose son Christian, the great-grandfather of Dr. Charles Z. Weber, was a distinguished man in his generation. He served in the Revolution, himself recruiting one hundred men at a harvest home celebration. He was made captain of the company, which served under Colonel Leech. He made a gallant record during the war, and at its close was appointed as a justice of the peace. He was also a county commis-
sioner, and his name appears on the Manatawny bridge, which was erected in 1800. His son John, born October 8, 1768, was elected to the general assembly in 1807, and thrice re-elected, serving as speaker of the house during the last two sessions. He was a prominent candidate for governor of the state, but he died just prior to his probable nomination while comparatively a young man. He was successful as a business man, being a large land owner and farmer, and also operated mills on the Wissahickon creek and on the Perkiomen at Collegeville, where he lived when he was elected to the legislature. His son, Christian Weber, who was born at Collegeville, was a farmer and miller, and operated his father's mills. John Casselberry, son of Christian and father of Dr. Weber, was also an extensive land owner and farmer, and is now living in retirement at Norristown.

In his early years Dr. Weber attended the country schools, later being a pupil in the public schools of Norristown and at Tremont Seminary, Norristown, Pennsylvania. The first five years of his professional life were spent as a teacher, and for four years of this period he was principal of the Center Square school of Whitpain Township, and during the last three years he studied medicine with Dr. Joseph K. Weaver, of Norristown. In this way he was enabled to enter Jefferson College well advanced in preparation, where at the completion of the prescribed course he won the Henry C. Chapman prize essay in Physiology. He received his degree in 1882, and the first year of his active practice was in partnership with his former preceptor, the aforesaid Dr. Joseph K. Weaver. He then began an independent practice, which he still continues.

In 1881 he was Quiz Master on Physiology at Jefferson College, and since he began practice he has been on the visiting staff of the Charity Hospital of Norristown, and a lecturer in the Training School for Nurses. For eight years he held the appointment of Prison Physician. He is a member of the American Medical Association, and of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society. He was also president of the Montgomery County Medical Society during the year 1894, having previously served six years as its secretary. He has written a history of the medical profession in Montgomery county, and has contributed various monographs to the medical journals. In politics he is a Republican.

October 28, 1884, Dr. Weber married Anne Yerkes Gilbert, of Norristown, a daughter of Solomon Gilbert. She was a graduate of the Norristown High School, and the Millersville State Normal School, and was assistant principal of the Norristown High School for six years before her marriage. Six children have been born to Dr. and Mrs. Weber: Charles Gilbert, Jean, John Malcolm, Emily, Eleanor, and Aubrey.

OTT. Lambert, 1856-
Class of 1878.

Dr. Lambert Ott, a practitioner of medicine in Philadelphia, was born in Independence, Missouri, September 26, 1856, of German parents, Christian and Louisa (Mohr) Ott. The father, Christian, left his home in Niederlust-stadt,
Rhenish Bavaria, in 1845, and, coming to America, settled in St. Louis. In 1849 he removed to Independence, Missouri, where he was engaged in the manufacture of furniture. His mother, Louisa Mohr, came from Daun, Rhenish Prussia, in the "Eifel," in 1843, settling with her parents in the city of St. Louis, and subsequently in 1849 was wedded to Christian Ott, in Independence, Missouri, where ten children were born, seven of whom are living.

As a public school student in Independence, Missouri, Lambert Ott mastered the elementary branches of learning, and later attended the Kemper Military Institute at Boonville, Missouri, where he completed the required course, graduating in 1874, at which time the degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred upon him. He began reading medicine in the office and under the direction of Dr. Craven Jackson, of Independence, who was his preceptor until 1876. He then came to Philadelphia, and in the fall of that year was enrolled as a student in the Jefferson Medical College, where he remained until 1878.

Immediately following his graduation, Dr. Ott was elected Intern of the German Hospital of Philadelphia and filled the position for a year. He was then chosen Chief of the Out-Door Patient Department of the same Hospital, and held that position for several years. He was also associated with Dr. Marcus Franklin, a member of the surgical staff of the German Hospital. Dr. Franklin and Dr. Ott were in private practice together, the relation between them being maintained until 1883, when the partnership was dissolved, and Dr. Ott began practice alone. In 1884 Dr. Ott was appointed instructor in nervous diseases and electro-therapeutics in the post-graduate course in the Jefferson Medical College, and occupied that position until the course was abolished. In 1887, on account of his increasing private practice, he severed his hospital connections in order to devote his entire time and attention to the duties of a general medical practitioner.

He has written extensively on different medical subjects, and among his many contributions to medical literature may be mentioned the following: "Fifteen Years Observations among Beer Drinkers," "The Delirium of Convalescence," "The Nocturnal Manifestations of Diseases in Children," and many others which have
awakened wide-spread interest in the profession. He belongs to the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Philadelphia Obstetrical Society, the Philadelphia Pediatric Society, the Philadelphia Medico-Legal Society, the Philadelphia Medical Club, and is a charter member of the Southern Club of Philadelphia.

Dr. Ott is a man of strong mentality, and his research and investigations have been carried on along other lines aside from his profession. He has had not a little influence in promoting the educational interests of the city of Philadelphia, and has lectured before the public schools and the Girls' High School upon the Yellowstone National Park and other subjects. He has been a member of a sectional school board for the past fifteen years, and has recently been re-elected for another term of three years. His political allegiance is given to the Republican party, and in fraternal and social circles he is well known. He belongs to the Masonic order, in which he has attained the thirty-second degree of the Scottish Rite and he is also a member of the Old Maennerchor of Philadelphia.

Dr. Ott was married, February 27, 1883, to Miss Ida Leona Ford, the youngest daughter of the late George W. Ford, of Philadelphia. They have three children: George Warren, Lambert, Jr., and Adolene.

KEVIN, Robert Oliver, 1856-
Class of 1882.

Robert Oliver Kevin, Physician and Surgeon, practicing in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was born in Ireland, of Scotch-Irish parentage, June 24, 1856, the youngest son of George and Mary J. (MacNeil) Kevin. His father, George Kevin, born in Ireland, in 1809, was a schoolmaster in his younger days, and died in Belfast, Ireland, aged seventy-four years. His wife, Mary J. (MacNeil) Kevin, was born in Ireland in 1810, and died in Belfast, Ireland, in the sixty-ninth year of her age. They were the parents of four sons and three daughters, all of whom are married. Their sons are: Robert Oliver, mentioned hereinafter; John Wesley, a successful business man of Philadelphia; Charles, a well known physician and surgeon, a graduate of the Queens University of Belfast, and practicing in that city; and Henry Newton, a
graduate of the Methodist College in Belfast, and a man of some prominence in the Irish Methodist ministry.

Robert Oliver Kevin’s early education was obtained in Dr. Adam Clark’s Memorial School, Portrush, County Antrim, Ireland, and in the public schools of Belfast. In June, 1874, he came to the United States and settled in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in mercantile pursuits for several years. He entered Jefferson Medical College in 1879, and graduated from that institution in 1882. His early studies were in skin diseases and general practice. For the last fourteen or fifteen years he has mostly confined his attention to genito-urinary diseases, his specialty. He commenced the study of genito-urinary diseases with Dr. Hillary Christian, in the Out-Patient Department of the University of Pennsylvania. He has been for a number of years connected with the Genito-Urinary Department in the Jefferson Hospital, which is under Professor Orville Horwitz. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Obstetrical Society, and the Medical Club, and is well known by the profession as having had a wide field of experience in genito-urinary maladies. He has contributed several translations from the French in the “Medical Bulletin,” also many articles and monographs in the “New York Medical Journal,” “Medical Record,” and other periodicals.

Robert Oliver Kevin married Nellie Catherine Krusen, at Still Pond, Kent county, Maryland, May 4, 1898. Their children are: Robert Oliver, Jr., Mary, and Catherine Kevin.

RODMAN, William Louis, 1858-
Class of 1879.

William Louis Rodman, Physician, was born at Frankfort, Kentucky, September 7, 1858, the son of John and Harriet Virginia (Russell) Rodman. The earliest ancestor of the family of whom there is record was John Rodman, an English Quaker, who on being exiled from England settled in Barba-
and was captured at the battle of Raisin river. He also served in the Kentucky legislature as state senator. John Rodman, father of Dr. Rodman, was a prominent figure in the political life of Kentucky and at the bar where he was known as a great jury lawyer. He was attorney general for the state of Kentucky from 1867 to 1873. He died in 1886.

Dr. Rodman attended the public schools of Frankfort, Kentucky, and took a four years' course at the Kentucky Military Institute, where he received the degree of Master of Arts in 1876. He read medicine with Dr. James Rodman, his uncle, and Dr. W. B. Rodman, his cousin, at Frankfort, Kentucky, and entered Jefferson College in 1877. He was graduated in 1879 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine, and for a year was Intern in the Jefferson Hospital. He then entered the Medical Corps of the United States Army and passed nearly five years on the frontier. In 1885 he located in Louisville, Kentucky, where he practiced medicine for thirteen years. In 1898 he removed to Philadelphia, where he is still engaged in surgical practice. In 1886 he became Demonstrator of Surgery in the University of Louisville, and was Chief of the Surgical Clinic of Professor David W. Yandell in the same institution until 1893. In that year he was elected Professor of Surgery and of Clinical Surgery in the Kentucky School of Medicine, at Louisville, where he remained until 1898, when he was called to Philadelphia to take a similar position in the Medical-Chirurgical College. In 1890 he was made Professor of Surgery and Clinical Surgery in the Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania. He was elected President of the Surgical Section of the American Medical Association at its meeting in Philadelphia in 1897, and presided the next year at the Denver meeting. In 1900 he delivered the oration in surgery at the meeting of the Association, and in the same year was elected one of its trustees. In 1902 he was elected President of the Association of American Medical Colleges, and presided at the New Orleans meeting in 1903. In his presidential address he advocated a higher standard in the way of preliminary education for all matriculates in colleges members of this Association. His recommendations were adopted, and after July 1, 1905, every matriculate must furnish a diploma of a four years high school, or submit to an examination in lieu thereof in all branches taught in such a course. He is a member of the American Surgical Association; of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia; of the Philadelphia Academy of Surgery; of the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and of the Philadelphia County Medical Society. He was associate editor of the "International Text-book of Surgery," and is the author of various articles on the subject of surgery. In June, 1904, the degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon him by his alma mater.

He married Bettie C. Stewart, of Frankfort, Kentucky, daughter of Dr. John Q. A. Stewart, a prominent physician of that city, on October 31, 1882. Dr. and Mrs. Rodman are the parents of three children, John Stewart, Harriet Virginia, and Mary Yandell.
SLIFER, Frank Sebring, 1866— Class of 1888.

Dr. Frank S. Slifer, of Glenside, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, a son of John J. and Sarah (Goetchius) Slifer, is a native of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, born September 20, 1866. His father and mother were natives of New York City, their ancestors having come to this country from Germany and Holland at an early date, and settled in New York City and its vicinity.

He obtained his preparatory education in the public schools of Philadelphia, and the Business College at Philadelphia. He pursued his studies for the practice of medicine and surgery at the Jefferson Medical College, graduating therefrom in the year 1888, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine.

From the year of his graduating until 1898 he remained a resident of Philadelphia, and since then to the present time (1904) he has resided at Glenside. While a resident of Philadelphia, in addition to his private practice, he served for two years as assistant under Dr. Addenell Hewson, at Jefferson Hospital, was Visiting Physician for three years at the Northern Dispensary, and for a similar period of time was Consulting Surgeon at the same institution, succeeding Dr. Agnew. He is an earnest student along the lines of his profession, and by membership in the Montgomery County Medical Society he keeps in touch with the advanced thoughts of the day. He is a Republican in politics, but takes no active part outside of casting his vote.

Dr. Slifer married Anna Heist, a daughter of George D. Heist, a well known resident of Glenside, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, and two daughters have been the issue of this marriage, as follows: Eleanor H. and Ruth L. Slifer.

TOD, Alva Forman, 1862— Class of 1896.

Dr. Alva F. Tod, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, is a lineal descendant on the maternal side of John Forman, who settled in Monmouth county, New Jersey, from Wales, about the year 1690, and became an extensive landowner and successful tiller of the soil. The family were driven from Chestnut Neck by the Hessians, hence their settlement in New Jersey. John Forman, great-great-grandfather of Dr. Tod, was a member of the colonial congress.
of the state of New Jersey, and seventeen members of the family participated in the Revolutionary war. Thomas Forman, great-grandfather of Dr. Tod, served in the capacity of colonel under General George Washington, and was placed in charge of headquarters at Germantown, Pennsylvania, while General Washington went to Valley Forge. The parents of Thomas Forman, great-grandfather of Dr. Tod, served in the capacity of colonel under General George Washington, and was placed in charge of headquarters at Germantown, Pennsylvania, while General Washington went to Valley Forge. The parents of Dr. Tod were William Marshall and Rachel Jane (Forman) Tod, the former named having emigrated from Edinburgh, Scotland, to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1848, and thereafter up to the time of his death followed a mechanical life.

Alva F. Tod was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 9, 1862. After a public school education which was acquired in the city of Philadelphia, he became a student of Girard College, and was graduated from that institution in 1878. The following year he engaged in the drug business, which he followed until 1881, when he entered the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy, and after pursuing the regular course received the degree of Graduate of Pharmacy in March, 1883. He again resumed the drug business for his daily avocation, and in June, 1886, purchased a drug store on Diamond street, Philadelphia. In 1888 he entered Jefferson Medical College, and after his graduation in the spring of 1890 he established the practice of medicine in his native city, in which he still continues. He was appointed on the staff of Professor W. S. Forbes, in the Out-Door Patient Department and Surgical Clinic of Jefferson Hospital in 1890, and served until 1892. During the latter year he was on the staff of the Out-Door Patient and Surgical Department of the Episcopal Hospital, and from June, 1894, to August, 1897, was Chief of the Out-Door Patient Clinic (Surgical) of the Union Mission Hospital. He holds membership in the Philadelphia Medical Club, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Northwestern Medical Association and the American Medical Association.

Dr. Tod is a member of the present school board in the city of Philadelphia. His fraternal affiliations are with Philates Lodge, No. 527, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is past master; Corinthian Chapter, No. 250, Royal Arch Masons, of which he is past high priest; Corinthian “Chasseur” Commandery, No. 53, Knights Templar; Philadelphia Consistory, Lu
Lu Temple, of which he was formerly high priest and is now chief rabban, and also of Lu Lu Patrol and Philadelphia Lodge No. 2, B. P. O. Elks. Dr. Tod is unmarried. His present address is 2100 N. Fifth street, Philadelphia.

HENDRICKS, Augustus William, 1869-
Class of 1893.
Dr. Augustus W. Hendricks, Health Officer for the city of Allentown, Pennsylvania, and a representative of its medical fraternity since his graduation, is a son of Franklin Frederick and Hannah (Leister) Hendricks, and his birth occurred in Souderton, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania, January 7, 1869. He traces his ancestry on the paternal side to old colonial stock, the pioneer of the family having settled in Montgomery county, where the various members have resided for many generations, and been extensive land owners and tillers of the soil. During the progress of the Civil war, Franklin F. Hendricks (father) was a large manufacturer of powder in Sumneytown, Pennsylvania.

Augustus W. Hendricks was a student in the district schools of Perkiomen township, Montgomery county; Pierce's Business College in Philadelphia, from which he was graduated in 1887; and the West Chester State Normal School, which he attended for one term. The medical profession being most agreeable to his tastes and inclinations, he entered the office of Dr. Vincent Z. Keelor, of Harleysville, Pennsylvania, remaining three years, and he completed the regular course in Jefferson Medical College in 1893. In addition to his extensive private practice, which he established immediately after his graduation, he is serving his third term as health officer of Allentown, and a member of the school board. He was formerly a member of the common council of the city of Allentown. Dr. Hendricks is prominently identified with the Lehigh County Medical Society, of which he is secretary, the Lehigh Valley Medical Society, and the Pennsylvania State Medical Society. He is a firm advocate of the principles of Republicanism.

On March 15, 1894, Dr. Hendricks married Alice Weisel Bean, of Schwenkville, Pennsylvania. The following named children were born of this marriage: Dorothy Augusta, Eva Pauline and Wilmer De Forrest, who died in 1903.

McLERNON, John, —
Class of 1892.
Dr. John McLernon, a resident of the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was born in Magherafelt, county Derry, Ireland, a son of John and Mary (Smith) McLernon, and a descendant on the maternal side of the family of Viscount Lord Nelson, the idol of the British navy and the hero of Trafalgar. The early educational advantages enjoyed by Dr. John McLernon were obtained in the national school, after which he was under the preceptorship of Adam Brown, M.A., LL.D., teacher of languages, etc., and subsequently he was enrolled as a student in the Jefferson Medical College, graduating therefrom in 1892 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. From 1892 to 1893 he served as Assistant in the Jefferson
OFFICERS AND ALUMNI

Medical Dispensary, and from that date to the present time (1904) has put to a practical test in a general practice the theoretical knowledge he obtained in his collegiate course. His political affiliations are with the Republican party, and his fraternal relations are with Melita Lodge, No. 295, Free and Accepted Masons. Dr. McLernon is unmarried. He resides at


BOWER, Collier Levis, 1863-
Class of 1885.

Dr. Collier Levis Bower, Consulting Physician to the Villa Nova College, and a general medical practitioner of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was born in that city January 25, 1863. His parents were Henry A. and Eliza J. (Bryer) Bower. The ancestors have been conspicuous in the history of Pennsylvania for more than a century. His grandfather, General Jacob Bower, of Reading, Pennsylvania, was an officer in the Continental army in the Revolutionary war, and was also one of the original members of the Pennsylvania Society of the Cincinnati. He was likewise a great-grandson of Colonel Joseph Wood, of Philadelphia, who won his title in active service as a defender of American rights and liberties in the war with England.

Dr. Bower in his boyhood days was a student in the public schools of Philadelphia, and subsequently attended the College of Pharmacy of that city, in which he completed the regular course, and was graduated in 1882, the degree of Graduated Pharmacist being conferred upon him. In the succeeding autumn he entered Jefferson Medical College, of which he is an alumnus of 1885. His early practical experience in the profession came to him through an internship in the Pennsylvania Hospital, covering two and a half years. In 1887 he entered upon the active practice in Philadelphia, where he still continues. He was for several years assistant to R. J. Levis Jefferson, and also his assistant in his private practice. He was Assistant Professor of Surgery in the Polyclinic for about twelve years, and is now Consulting Physician to the Villa Nova College.

Dr. Bower has written various articles for medical journals on surgery, having made surgery a specialty in his practice. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, of
which he has been treasurer for the past twelve years, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and he is Medical Director of the Grand Fraternity. His political support is given to the Republican party.

Dr. Bower was married, March 5, 1895, to Marian R. Gardiner, of Boston, Massachusetts.

ASHTON, Thomas George, 1866-
Class of 1888.

Dr. Thomas G. Ashton, Visiting Physician to the Philadelphia Hospital, Professor of Clinical Medicine in the Philadelphia Polyclinic Hospital, and also extensively engaged in the practice of clinical medicine in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, was born in the city in which he now resides April 6, 1866, a son of Dr. Samuel Keen and Caroline M. (Smiley) Ashton. The family have resided in Philadelphia since the advent of the pioneer ancestor of the family, Jonathan Asheton (the former spelling of the family name), who came from Ashton-under-Line, England, about 1682; he served as clerk of the Church of England in America. William Asheton (great-great-grandfather) served in the Continental army during the Revolutionary war; George Asheton (great-grandfather) was a ship builder by occupation, and served as an officer in the Continental army; William Easterly Ashton (grandfather) was an eminent Baptist clergyman; and Samuel Keen Ashton (father) was a skillful and prominent member of the medical profession in the city of Philadelphia. Thomas G. Ashton acquired his preparatory education in the Episcopal Academy of Philadelphia and Germantown Academy, and after completing his course there began the study of medicine with his father, subsequently matriculating at the Jefferson Medical College, from which institution he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1888. The following eighteen months he supplemented the knowledge thus gained by serving in the capacity of interne at the Philadelphia Hospital, and then established an office in Philadelphia, where he has since acquired an extensive practice. He has served as Demonstrator of Clinical Medicine, Chief of Medical Clinic, and Assistant Physician to the Jefferson Hospital, which appointments covered a period of twelve consecutive years; he was also elected Assistant Professor of Medicine in Jeffer-
son Medical College but declined to serve in that capacity. He was formerly Visiting Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, and at the present time (1903) is filling a similar position in the Philadelphia Hospital, and was recently elected Professor of Clinical Medicine in the Philadelphia Polyclinic Hospital. Dr. Ashton is a member of the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, the Pathological, Pediatric and Neurologic Societies of Philadelphia, and a Fellow of the College of Physicians of Philadelphia. Socially he is a member of the University Club and the Markham Club of Philadelphia. In politics he has always been allied with the Republican party.

On November 7, 1900, Dr. Ashton married Mary Lincoln Henszey, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. They are the parents of one child, Anne Ashton.

---

**COLGAN, James Francis Edward, 1863-**

Class of 1892.

Dr. James F. E. Colgan, since 1892 a practicing physician in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in which city he was born on February 5, 1863, is a son of James and Catherine (Kieran) Colgan, and a descendant of an old and honored Irish ancestry. In 1855 James Colgan (father) settled in Philadelphia from County Louth, Ireland, and at once engaged in the dry goods business, which he conducted successfully until his retirement from active mercantile life in the year 1894.

During the early years of his life, Dr. Colgan attended the private and public schools of his native city, and in 1881 graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts from the Central High School of Philadelphia, and he subsequently received the degree of Master of Arts from the same institution. He gained his first business experience by engaging in mercantile pursuits, in which he continued until 1889, when he entered Jefferson Medical College, graduating from that institution in 1892 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He received the appointment of extern for the Orthopedic Department of Jefferson College, served from 1892 to 1893, and from 1893 to 1895 served in the capacity of Chief of the Medical and Surgical Dispensary for St. Mary's Hospital in Philadelphia. He is the author of a number of valuable monographs on surgery and medicine which have been published in the leading medical journals. He is a member of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the Philadelphia Medical Club, and the Jefferson Medical College Alumni Association. Dr. Colgan is unmarried.

---

**ROYER, Benjamin Franklin, 1870-**

Class of 1899.

Benjamin Franklin Royer, M. D., was born in Franklin county, Pennsylvania, December 15, 1870, the son of John and Elizabeth (MacSanahan) Royer. Jean Royer, the great-great-grandfather, was born in France, a son of Marquis Royer, and came to America about 1775, settling in eastern Pennsylvania as a landowner. The family have since been known in Lancaster and Franklin counties as land-
owners and farmers. On the maternal side Dr. Royer is descended from an early settler in Maryland, who came from the north of Ireland.

His early instruction was gained in the public schools of Franklin county, and he afterward attended the Northern Illinois Normal School at Dixon, Illinois, from which he was graduated in 1892. He taught district school in Pennsylvania before attending the Normal school, and taught in district schools in Illinois after graduation. The years 1894 and 1895 he spent at Mercerburg Academy, Mercerburg, Pennsylvania, in the double capacity of student and instructor. He was graduated from the Academy in 1895, when he entered Jefferson College, finishing his course with the degree of Doctor of Medicine in 1899. He was interne in the Jefferson Hospital, commencing his duties six weeks before graduation, and serving for fourteen consecutive months, when he opened private practice and became Instructor in Obstetrics in Jefferson Medical College. Later he was appointed an Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, and in April, 1902, he was elected Chief Resident Physician in Jefferson Hospital. He resigned this position and gave up his private practice in September, 1903, to accept the appointment as Chief Resident Physician in the Philadelphia Municipal Hospital. He is a member of the Associated Physicians and Surgeons of the Charity Hospital, the Philadelphia County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He had recently, while in England, the honor of "Fellow Royal Institute of Public Health" conferred upon him. In politics he is a Republican.