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Original research

Bridging thrombolysis in atrial fibrillation stroke is associated with increased hemorrhagic complications without improved outcomes

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ABSTRACT

Background Atrial fibrillation (AF) associated ischemic stroke is associated with worse functional outcomes, less effective recanalization, and increased rates of hemorrhagic complications after intravenous thrombolysis (IVT). Conversely, AF is not associated with hemorrhagic complications or functional outcomes in patients undergoing mechanical thrombectomy (MT). This differential effect of MT and IVT in AF associated stroke raises the question of whether bridging thrombolysis increases hemorrhagic complications in AF patients undergoing MT.

Methods This international cohort study of 22 comprehensive stroke centers analyzed patients with large vessel occlusion (LVO) undergoing MT between June 1, 2015 and December 31, 2020. Patients were divided into four groups based on comorbid AF and IVT exposure. Baseline patient characteristics, complications, and outcomes were reported and compared.

Results 6461 patients underwent MT for LVO. 2311 (35.8%) patients had comorbid AF. In non-AF patients, bridging therapy improved the odds of good 90 day functional outcomes (adjusted OR (aOR) 1.29, 95% CI 1.03 to 1.60, p=0.025) and did not increase hemorrhagic complications. In AF patients, bridging therapy led to significant increases in symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage and parenchymal hematoma type 2 (aOR 1.66, 1.07 to 2.57, p=0.024) without any benefit in 90 day functional outcomes. Similar findings were noted in a separate propensity score analysis. **Conclusion** In this large thrombectomy registry, AF patients exposed to IVT before MT had increased

AF patients exposed to IVT before MT had increased hemorrhagic complications without improved functional outcomes, in contrast with non-AF patients. Prospective trials are warranted to assess whether AF patients represent a subgroup of LVO patients who may benefit from a direct to thrombectomy approach at thrombectomy capable centers.

INTRODUCTION

The role of bridging therapy with intravenous thrombolysis (IVT) in the management of large vessel occlusions (LVOs) undergoing mechanical thrombectomy (MT) remains unclear. Given the high rates of recanalization with MT, it is not known whether the potential for thrombolytic induced recanalization justifies the risk of hemorrhagic complications associated with exposure to IVT. Retrospective studies and a meta-analysis have suggested conflicting results regarding the utility of bridging therapy. 1-3 Four randomized controlled trials have recently reported similarly mixed results, two demonstrating non-inferiority while the other two were unable to confirm noninferiority or inferiority.⁴⁻⁷ These mixed results are likely due to varying endpoints, but may also reflect a heterogeneous population of stroke patients in which subgroups differentially respond to bridging thrombolysis. While it remains unclear how these recent data will change clinical practice, it is clear that improved patient selection strategies will be required to optimize bridging therapy treatment decisions.

Atrial fibrillation (AF) is a common cause of acute ischemic stroke and is independently associated with more severe stroke syndromes, poor functional outcomes, increased rates of hemorrhagic conversion, and increased morality after an ischemic stroke, even when controlling for premorbid anticoagulant use.8-12 The lack of ischemic preconditioning likely contributes to the larger territories of hypoperfusion and infarction reported in AF associated strokes.⁸ ¹³ ¹⁴ There may also be a contribution of larger infarct burden based on larger cardioemboli, although this has been disputed.¹⁵ In patients treated with IVT, comorbid AF diminishes the benefit of thrombolysis and is independently associated with larger infarcts, hemorrhagic complications, and worse clinical outcomes, although this





Ischemic stroke

is not uniformly replicated.¹³ ¹⁷⁻¹⁹ Interestingly, the experience in MT is different, with no differences in clinical outcomes or hemorrhagic complications in AF associated strokes treated with MT.²⁰⁻²² This may be due to high baseline rates of reperfusion with MT, in combination with procedural advantages in AF associated stroke that lead to faster procedure times and higher rates of first pass success.²⁰

This differential effect of MT and IVT in AF associated stroke raises the question of whether patients with AF associated LVO may be at higher risk for hemorrhagic complications of IVT and benefit from a direct to thrombectomy approach at thrombectomy capable centers. To test this hypothesis, we leveraged a large multicenter, international, real world registry to assess whether hemorrhagic complications and clinical outcomes were modified by exposure to bridging therapy in AF patients undergoing MT.

METHODS

Study population

Patient data were reviewed from the Stroke Thrombectomy and Aneurysm Registry (STAR) that included all patients (18 years of age or older) undergoing MT for acute ischemic stroke at 22 comprehensive stroke centers between June 1, 2015 and December 31, 2020.^{23 24} Patients with both anterior and posterior circulation occlusions were included. Patients were allocated to the AF group if they had an established diagnosis of AF prior to presentation with acute ischemic stroke, or if AF was diagnosed during stroke work-up prior to discharge. The diagnosis of AF was adjudicated at the site level. These data was generated by retrospective review of individual charts at each participating site; diagnostic codes were not used to adjudicated a diagnosis of AF.

To guard against confounding comorbid AF and carotid atheroembolism, patients were excluded from the analysis if they had both AF and underwent carotid angioplasty or stenting during thrombectomy. The registry did not assess the completeness of the stroke work-up; patients were therefore not excluded due to the presence or absence of any specific diagnostic tests. Additionally, data on antithrombotic usage and comorbid heart failure or valvular disease are not currently reported in the registry. Finally, the intervals between IVT and MT are not available in the registry. This study was approved by the institutional review boards at each participating institution, and informed consent was waived given the retrospective design of the study.

Mechanical thrombectomy

Patient selection for MT was based on operator judgement and discussion with patient families. It was not influenced by this study. Participating centers used different selection criteria for patient eligibility. Investigators had no uniform onset-to-groin cutoff for offering intervention. The frontline thrombectomy approach used was based on operator preference and included aspiration thrombectomy (or ADAPT), stent retriever, primary combined approach or, in a few cases, intracranial angioplasty and stenting. Success of recanalization was reported using the modified Thrombolysis in Cerebral Ischemia (TICI) score performed by the operator at the end of the procedure. ²⁵ Postprocedural hemorrhage was assessed using postoperative CT or MRI performed 24 hours after the procedure.

Data collection

Demographic data, admission deficits, severity scores, onsetto-groin time, and IVT use were reviewed from patient charts. Procedure notes and imaging reports were reviewed for technical variables, reperfusion scores (TICI), and hemorrhage scores. Postprocedural hemorrhage was scored by neuroradiologists based on the European Cooperative Acute Stroke Study (ECASS) II criteria. ²⁶ Successful recanalization was defined as a TICI score of 2B or more.

Clinical outcomes

The modified Rankin scale (mRS) was the primary outcome measure. mRS scores were obtained during routinely scheduled follow-up visits with stroke neurologists or advanced practice providers at 90 days post-stroke (±14 days). In the event patients were discharged to a nursing home or hospice or were unable to attend the clinic visit, telephone encounters were used. Telephone encounters with family were used to confirm the mortality of deceased patients. A good outcome was defined as an mRS score of 0–2 at day 90. Postprocedural National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale (NIHSS) scores (within 24 hours), NIHSS score at discharge and/or follow-up were also available for a subset of patients.

Complications

Procedural notes were reviewed for intraoperative complications, including the type of complication and need for intervention. Additionally, postprocedural hemorrhage was evaluated by neuroradiology on postoperative CT or MRI imaging (24 hours) based on ECASS-II criteria, including parenchymal hematoma type 2 (PH2). ²⁶ Symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage (sICH) was defined as postprocedural hemorrhage associated with an increase of at least 4 on the NIHSS.

Statistical analysis

Statistical analyses were performed in SPSS V.25 (IBM) and GraphPad Prism 9 (GraphPad, California, USA). Univariate testing was performed using the Student's t-test, Mann-Whitney test, or χ^2 test for parametric, non-parametric, and categorical variables, respectively. Multivariate analysis was then performed using independent models for different outcome measures. Variables included in regression analysis were predetermined variables (age, sex, admission NIHSS, comorbidities), and variables with p<0.1 on univariate testing. To avoid bias in excluding patients with incomplete data, we used multiple imputations to handle missing baseline variables (race, onset-to-groin, sex, and other comorbidities), and Rubin's rule was then used to approximate coefficients. Missing data were less than 10% of observations for each variable. A total of 10 imputations was performed for each model. Clinical severity, presence of atrial fibrillation, procedural variables, and outcome variables were not imputed. Logistic regression models were used for categorical variables (eg, good outcome). In the subset of patients with comorbid AF, propensity score matched subgroups based on the use of IVT were identified using the nearest neighbor algorithm while balancing demographic, baseline, and admission variables. A p value < 0.05 was considered statistically significant.

RESULTS

A total of 6461 patients underwent MT for LVO at 22 stroke centers during the study period. We divided patients into four groups based on comorbid AF and exposure to IVT prior to MT. Of all patients included in the study, 3050 (47.2%) were treated with IVT prior to MT (table 1). Comorbid AF was noted in 2311 (35.8%) patients, of whom 1036 (44.8%) were also treated with

Table 1 Patient demographic, admission, technical, radiographic. and clinical outcome variables

			AF				No AF			
	IVT			No IVT	_	IVT			No IVT	
Variable	N		N		P value	N		N		P value
Demographics										
Age (mean (SD))	1036	76 (11)	1275	76 (11)	0.935	2104	65 (15)	2046	65 (15)	0.648
Female (n (%))	1036	559 (54)	1275	688 (54)	0.999	2104	1010 (48)	2046	986 (48)	0.928
White race (n (%))	524	385 (74)	599	417 (70)	0.154	1140	753 (66)	1000	653 (65)	0.749
Comorbidities (n (%))										
Diabetes	1029	293 (29)	1273	389 (31)	0.276	2105	491 (23)	2045	596 (29)	0.001
Hypertension	1036	840 (81)	1275	1070 (84)	0.082	2104	1407 (67)	2046	1477 (72)	0.001
Hyperlipidemia	1034	442 (43)	1273	633 (50)	0.001	2104	813 (39)	2045	849 (41)	0.065
Previous stroke	818	123 (15)	1083	246 (23)	0.001	1650	197 (12)	1796	325 (18)	0.001
Pre-stroke mRS (0–2)	714	644 (90)	909	792 (87)	0.065	1552	1457 (94)	1522	1381 (91)	0.001
Admission variables										
Admission NIHSS (mean (SD))	1032	16 (6)	1263	16 (7)	0.226	2086	15 (7)	2019	15 (8)	0.052
ASPECT score >6 (n (%))	480	418 (87)	525	451 (86)	0.065	1806	1575 (87)	802	700 (87)	0.944
Onset-to-groin time (hours) (mean (SD))	889	4.3 (3)	1061	7.7 (7)	0.001	1871	4.3 (3)	1696	10 (14)	0.001
Procedural variables										
Procedure time (min) (mean (SD))	942	51 (41)	1138	48 (39)	0.173	1889	55 (58)	1856	52 (47)	0.73
Total attempts (mean (SD))	865	2.1 (1.5)	1158	2.2 (1.6)	0.05	1688	2.1 (1.5)	1767	2.4 (1.8)	0.001
Final TICI score (n (%))	985		1235		0.594	1956		1960		0.572
0-2A		152 (15)		202 (16)			309 (16)		323 (16)	
2B-3		833 (85)		1033 (84)			1647 (84)		1637 (84)	
Complications (n (%))	755	47 (6)	1195	63 (6)	0.936	1656	114 (7)	1697	125 (7.4)	0.592
Hemorrhage (PH2/sICH) (n (%))	994	91 (9.2)	1186	82 (6.9)	0.0477	1995	140 (7)	1900	129 (6.8)	0.801
Outcome (n (%))										
mRS: 90 days	879		986		0.083	1782		1709		0.001
mRS 0-2		295 (34)		294 (30)			822 (46)		605 (35)	
mRS 3-6		584 (66)		692 (70)			960 (54)		1104 (65)	
Mortality: 90 days	879	222 (25)	986	300 (30)	0.013	1782	324 (18)	1709	415 (24)	0.001

Statistical tests were done using t tests, χ^2 tests, or Mann-Whitney tests.

AF, atrial fibrillation; ASPECT, Alberta stroke program early CT score; ICA, internal carotid artery; IVT, intravenous thrombolysis; mRS, modified Rankin Scale; NIHSS, National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale; PH2, parenchymal hematoma type 2; sICH, symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage; TICI, Thrombolysis in Cerebral Infarction.

IVT prior to MT. In 4150 non-AF patients, 2104 (50.7%) were exposed to IVT prior to MT.

Baseline patient and presentation characteristics are reported in table 1 and online supplemental table 1. AF patients were more likely to be older, female, white, and have vascular risk factors, including hypertension and hyperlipidemia (p<0.05, online supplemental table 1). Presentation characteristics also differed, with higher NIHSS scores on admission, lower Alberta stroke program early CT score (ASPECTS), and lower rates of IVT prior to MT (online supplemental table 1).

When comparing AF patients with and without IVT exposure, patients receiving IVT had lower rates of hyperlipidemia and previous ischemic stroke (table 1). Patients receiving IVT had significantly shorter onset-to-groin times (4.3 vs 7.7 hours, respectively, p<0.001), slightly fewer total endovascular passes at the clot (2.1 vs 2.2, respectively, p < 0.05), and lower mortality at 90 days (25% vs 30%, respectively, p<0.013) in univariable analysis. Similar results were noted in non-AF patients undergoing IVT (table 1).

We assessed whether bridging thrombolysis was associated with hemorrhagic complications after MT. In univariable analysis, there was no significant difference in the rates of sICH or PH2 (sICH/PH2) hemorrhage between non-AF patients with or

without bridging therapy (7.0% vs 6.8%, p>0.05), but there were increased rates of hemorrhagic complications in AF patients exposed to IVT (9.2% vs 6.9%, p<0.05, figure 1A). Under multivariable binary logistic regression assumptions, patients with comorbid AF who received IVT were independently associated with higher rates of sICH/PH2 (adjusted OR (aOR) 1.41, 95% CI 1.0.1 to 1.97, p=0.042 (online supplemental table 2). Procedural complications and increased number of thrombectomy attempts were also associated with increased hemorrhagic complications. When restricting the analysis to only patients with AF, IVT was independently associated with sICH/PH2 (aOR 1.66, 1.07 to 2.57, p=0.024, (online supplemental table 2).

Good functional outcomes were assessed by ordinal shift analysis. Exposure to IVT was associated with improved functional outcomes in non-AF patients, but there was no improvement in AF patients (figure 1B). In multivariable binary logistic regression analysis, exposure to IVT improved the odds of good functional outcomes in the full cohort (aOR 1.28, 1.07 to 1.54, p=0.006) and non-AF patients (aOR 1.29, 1.03–1.60, p=0.025) but not in AF patients (aOR 1.28, 0.94 to 1.74, p=0.11, table 2, figure 1C).

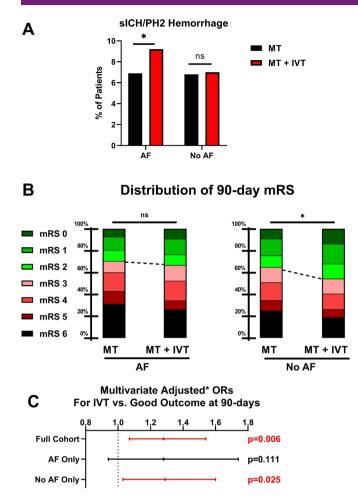


Figure 1 Impact of bridging thrombolysis on symptomatic hemorrhage and functional outcomes in atrial fibrillation (AF) associated stroke undergoing mechanical thrombectomy. (A) Rates of symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage (sICH) or parenchymal hematoma type 2 (PH2) hemorrhage in patients with or without bridging therapy divided by AF status. Proportion statistics performed using z score test. IVT, intravenous thrombolysis; MT, mechanical thrombectomy. (B) Distribution of 90 day modified Rankin Scale (mRS) scores by AF status and use of bridging therapy. Comparison of shift performed using the χ^2 test. (C) Results of multivariable logistic regression for odds of good outcome (mRS 0-2) with intravenous tissue plasminogen activator (IV-tPA) use in patients with AF, no AF, or full cohort. Variables were adjusted for: female gender; age; diabetes mellitus; hypertension; hyperlipidemia; baseline mRS; admission National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale score: anterior location: Alberta stroke program early CT score; onset-to-groin (hours); procedure time (min); successful recanalization; and complications. *p<0.05.

We further evaluated the outcome observations in AF patients using propensity score matching analysis. A subset of 1404 AF patients who underwent MT were matched on the baseline variables outlined in table 3 and bifurcated by bridging therapy with IVT. Bridging therapy did not improve functional outcomes or mortality in AF patients, but did lead to a significant increase in sICH/PH2 (OR 1.56, 1.05 to 2.29, p=0.032).

DISCUSSION

Given the historically low recanalization efficacy and increased hemorrhagic complications of IVT for LVOs in AF associated stroke specifically, it is unclear whether bridging therapy with IVT is beneficial in AF patients undergoing MT. ^{27–29} We used a

large, real world cohort study from an international thrombectomy registry of 6461 patients to test whether bridging therapy was associated with increased hemorrhagic complications or improved clinical outcomes in AF-associated LVO undergoing MT.

In univariable analysis, AF patients exposed to bridging therapy had significantly higher rates of sICH. When comparing the four cohorts of patients divided by comorbid AF and exposure to bridging therapy, comorbid AF with bridging therapy was independently associated with sICH compared with all other patients. Similarly, when evaluating only AF patients, bridging therapy was independently associated with sICH. Importantly, bridging therapy improved functional outcomes in non-AF patients, as assessed by mRS shift analysis, but that benefit was not observed in AF patients. Similar increases in sICH without improvement in functional outcomes were observed in a propensity score matched analysis in AF patients. with and without IVT. Together, these data confirm previously reported observations that IVT complications are increased in AF patients, and newly demonstrate that in AF patients undergoing MT, bridging therapy increased sICH without improving functional outcomes. 13 17 18 These observations likely reflect the lack of ischemic pre-conditioning with sudden cardioembolism, resulting in narrower therapeutic windows and larger territories at risk for infarction and hemorrhagic conversion after IVT.8 13 14

These data suggest that a direct to thrombectomy approach in thrombectomy capable centers may be a safer reperfusion strategy that capitalizes on the procedural advantages of AF in MT and avoids the increased hemorrhagic complications of IVT in this population. Consistent with these observations, a recently announced but not yet reported meta-analysis of two randomized clinical trials on bridging therapy observed a similar observation in their subgroup analysis of 193 non-AF and 245 AF patients. Investigators reported a non-significant trend towards increased sICH and significant increases in both any complicating hemorrhage and 90 day mortality in AF patients exposed to bridging therapy prior to MT.

Our results contribute to the ongoing efforts to optimize patient selection for bridging therapy. Within the limitations of retrospective, non-randomized data, our observations reflect the heterogenous results recently reported in four randomized controlled trials, suggesting that a differential effect of bridging therapy in specific patient subgroups may explain the mixed results.⁴⁻⁷ In this context, bridging therapy is likely to remain the standard of care at most centers unless subgroup specific harm can be demonstrated. Our data, in combination with the recent reports from DEVT and SKIP, highlight AF patients as a particularly high risk subgroup that may benefit from a direct to thrombectomy reperfusion strategy.³⁰ IVT currently remains the standard of care for eligible patients, but randomized trials will be essential to determine whether AF patients with an acute LVO represent a subgroup of patients who would benefit from a direct to thrombectomy approach at thrombectomy capable centers.

Our study nevertheless has several limitations. There was significant confounding by indication for premorbid anticoagulant use in the AF cohort, and this was further amplified by the lack of any premorbid antithrombotic data in the registry. Nevertheless, the absolute contraindication to IVT in the setting of anticoagulation makes it unlikely that a significant percentage of AF patients bridged with IVT were on therapeutic anticoagulation, although this has been reported in rare cases. 31 32 Conversely, therapeutic anticoagulation was likely enriched in the AF cohort that did not receive IVT. In fact, at least two

Table 2 Multivariable binary logistic regression for predictors of good outcome (modified Rankin Scale score 0–2) at 90 days

		Full cohort		AF cohort No AF cohort						
	n=3070				n=1045			n=2025		
Variable	aOR	95% CI	P value	aOR	95% CI	P value	aOR	95% CI	P value	
Female gender	0.98	0.82 to 1.15	0.768	0.94	0.7 to 1.27	0.692	1	0.82 to 1.23	0.969	
Age	0.97	0.97 to 0.98	0.001	0.96	0.95 to 0.98	0.001	0.97	0.96 to 0.98	0.001	
Diabetes mellitus	0.65	0.54 to 0.79	0.001	0.55	0.39 to 0.77	0.001	0.7	0.56 to 0.89	0.003	
Hypertension	0.85	0.69 to 1.04	0.11	0.85	0.57 to 1.27	0.436	0.83	0.65 to 1.05	0.119	
Hyperlipidemia	1.06	0.89 to 1.26	0.504	0.98	0.73 to 1.32	0.888	1.1	0.88 to 1.36	0.406	
Prestroke mRS 0–2	5.24	3.32 to 8.26	0.001	3.53	1.85 to 6.74	0.001	7.13	3.73 to 13.65	0.001	
Admission NIHSS score	0.91	0.89 to 0.92	0.001	0.9	0.88 to 0.92	0.001	0.91	0.89 to 0.92	0.001	
Anterior location	1.03	0.79 to 1.36	0.812	0.86	0.50 to 1.48	0.582	1.1	0.80 to 1.51	0.554	
ASPECT score >6	0.99	0.63 to 1.57	0.973	0.96	0.38 to 2.40	0.919	1.03	0.63 to 1.66	0.916	
IV-tPA use	1.28	1.07 to 1.54	0.006	1.28	0.94 to 1.74	0.111	1.29	1.03 to 1.60	0.025	
Onset-to-groin (hours)	0.97	0.95 to 0.98	0.001	0.97	0.94 to 1.00	0.033	0.97	0.95 to 0.99	0.001	
Procedure time (min)	0.58	0.49 to 0.68	0.001	0.64	0.48 to 0.85	0.002	0.56	0.46 to 0.68	0.001	
Successful recanalization	3.33	2.43 to 4.56	0.001	2.97	1.69 to 5.22	0.001	3.5	2.39 to 5.10	0.001	
Complications	0.59	0.42 to 0.85	0.004	0.62	0.33 to 1.19	0.149	0.58	0.38 to 0.89	0.013	

AF, atrial fibrillation; aOR, adjusted OR; ASPECT, Alberta stroke program early CT score; IV-tPA, intravenous tissue plasminogen activator; mRS, modified Rankin Scale; NIHSS, National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale.

registries have reported anticoagulation rates of more than 20% in unselected patients undergoing MT.^{33 34} While the absence of antithrombotic data is an important limitation, the likely enrichment of anticoagulant use in the non-bridging therapy patients (who suffered less hemorrhagic complications) highlights a striking difference between these cohorts. On the other hand, antiplatelet use is unlikely to correlate with IVT candidacy, and thus the lack of antiplatelet data remains a limitation. Second, the adjudicated stroke mechanism was not reported for each patient. Instead, we used comorbid AF as a surrogate for the mechanism,

Table 3 Baseline and outcome variables in propensity score matched subset of atrial fibrillation patients dichotomized by intravenous thrombolysis use

<u> </u>					
Variable	No IVT (n=702)		IVT (n=702)	P value	e
Baseline					
Age (mean (SD))	76 (10)		76 (11)	0.380	
Female gender (n (%))	378 (54)		371 (53)	0.748	
Diabetes mellitus (n (%))	213 (30)		203 (29)	0.599	
Hypertension (n (%))	580 (82)		566 (81)	0.37	
Hyperlipidemia (n (%))	322 (46)		297 (43)	0.197	
Prestroke mRS 0-2 (n (%))	641 (91)		651 (93)	0.786	
Admission NIHSS (mean (SD))	16 (6.8)		16 (6.5)	0.637	
Posterior location (n (%))	54 (7.7)		44 (6.3)	0.346	
ASPECTS >6 (n (%))	670 (95)		670 (95)	1.00	
Outcome					
Successful recanalization (n (%))	601 (86)		594 (85)	0.653	
90 day mRS (0-2) (n (%))	217 (30.9)		231 (32.9)	0.342	
Mortality (%)	27.30		25.70	0.593	
sICH/PH2 (n (%))	46 (6.6)		69 (9.8)	0.032	
AGRECT ATT A TOTAL	1 000	D. CT		 	

ASPECT, Alberta stroke program early CT score; IVT, intravenous thrombolysis; mRS, modified Rankin Scale; NIHSS, National Institutes of Health Stroke Scale; PH2, parenchymal hematoma type 2; sICH, symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage.;

likely underestimating the rate of non-cardioembolic stroke in patients with comorbid AF. Although lacunar and atheroembolic strokes occur in the setting of AF, we selected for LVOs and excluded patients with carotid interventions to minimize these confounds, respectively. 35 36 Third, angiographic, hemorrhagic, and clinical outcomes were locally reported without central adjudication. Fourth, as a retrospective registry, we cannot exclude selection bias, particularly with decisions for continued recanalization attempts to improve the angiographic outcome. Fifth, due to variably completed datasets in the registry, the analysis was limited by the use of multiple imputations to handle missing baseline variables in a subset of patients. However, the use of multiple imputation also limited bias by limiting the exclusion of patients with missing data. Finally, our analysis was not powered to dissect whether the observed associations were restricted to anterior and/or posterior circulation strokes.

Given the historically low recanalization efficacy and increased hemorrhagic complications of IVT for LVOs in AF associated stroke, the role of bridging thrombolysis in AF patients undergoing MT is unclear. ^{27–29} ³⁷ In this large registry of 6461 MT patients, bridging therapy with IVT in AF patients was independently associated with increased rates of sICH and no improvement in functional outcomes, in contrast with non-AF patients. Prospective trials are warranted to assess whether AF patients with an acute LVO represent a subgroup of patients who may benefit from a direct to thrombectomy approach at thrombectomy-capable centers.

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Contributors FA, AA, JAG, and AMS designed the research study. AA, BMH, CMC, FCT, FN, OBS, IM, WF, NG, RMS, AR, KMF, MNP, PJ, RDL, SGK, TMD, PK, JL, ASA, SQW, JM, RJC, WCF, BG, AMS, and JAG participated in data acquisition and will act as the author guarantor, FA, AA, LD, JAG, and AMS participated in data analysis, All authors participated in interpretation of the data and critical revision of the manuscript.

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Supplemental Table 1. Demographic, Admission, Technical, Radiographic and Clinical Outcome Variables in Patients with and without Atrial Fibrillation.

		AF	No AF			
Variable	N	Mean (SD) Median	N	Mean (SD) Median	p- value	
		[IQR] N (%)		[IQR] N (%)		
Demographics		11 (70)		11 (70)		
Age	2311	76 (11)	4150	65 (15)	0.001	
Female	2311	1996 (48)	4150	1247 (54)	0.001	
White Race	1123	1406 (66)	2140	802 (71)	0.001	
Comorbidities				,		
Diabetes	2302	1087 (26)	4150	682 (30)	0.003	
Hypertension	2311	2884 (69)	4150	1910 (83)	0.001	
Hyperlipidemia	2307	1662 (40)	4149	1075 (47)	0.001	
Prior Stroke	1901	522 (15)	3446	369 (19)	0.001	
Pre-stroke mRS (0-2)	1623	2838 (92)	3074	1436 (88)	0.001	
Admission Variables						
Admission NIHSS	2295	15 (7)	4216	16 (7)	0.001	
ASPECT Score > 6	1005	2275 (87)	2608	869 (86)	> 0.2	
Onset-to-groin time (hr)	1950	7 (10.3)	3567	6.1 (5.8)	0.001	
Procedural Variables						
Procedure time (min)	2080	53.5 (52.9)	3745	49.4 (39.9)	0.002	
Total Attempts	2023	2.3 (1.7)	3455	2.2 (1.6)	0.035	
Final TICI score	2220		3916		> 0.2	
0-2A		632 (16)	3916	354 (16)		
2B-3		3284 (84)	3916	1866 (84)		
Complications	1950	239 (7)	3353	110 (6)	0.035	
Hemorrhage (PH2/sICH)	2180	269 (7)	3895	173 (8)	0.138	
Outcome						
mRS: Discharge	1865	4 [4]	3491	4 [4]	0.001	
mRS: 90-days	1865		3491		> 0.2	
mRS 0-2		1427 (41)	3491	589 (32)		
mRS 3-6		2064 (59)	3491	1276 (68)		
Mortality: 90 days	1865	739 (21)	3491	522 (28)	0.001	

AF, atrial fibrillation; ASPECT, Alberta stroke program early CT score; mRS, modified Rankin Scale; NIHSS, National Institute of Health Stroke Scale; PH2, parenchymal hematoma type II (ECASS-II criteria); sICH, symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage; TICI, thrombolysis in cerebral infarction score. Statistical tests were done using t-tests, chi squared tests (Chi-sq), or Mann-Whitney tests (MW).

Supplemental Table 2. Multivariable Binary Logistic Regression for Predictors of Post-procedural sICH/PH2 hemorrhage.

Supplemental Table 2. Multivariate Logistic Regression for Predictors of Post-procedural sICH/PH2 hemorrhage.						
Variable	Coefficient	95% CI	p-value			
	Full Coh	ort				
Model	: Logistic Regre	ession, N = 312	8			
Age	1.01	1 - 1.02	0.07			
White Race	0.84	0.62 - 1.13	0.239			
Diabetes Mellitus	1.24	0.94 - 1.64	0.129			
Hypertension	0.99	0.71 - 1.37	0.938			
Hyperlipidemia	0.91	0.7 - 1.18	0.476			
Baseline mRS 0-2	1.44	0.88 - 2.36	0.151			
Admission NIHSS	1.01	0.99 - 1.03	0.385			
Location: Posterior	1.75	1.08 - 2.85	0.024			
ASPECTS > 6	1.02	0.53 - 1.99	0.947			
AFIB+IV-tPA Use	1.41	1.01 - 1.97	0.042			
Onset-to-Groin	1	0.99 - 1.02	0.888			
Number of Passes	1.12	1.05 - 1.2	0.001			
Successful Recanalization	0.84	0.6 - 1.18	0.322			
Complications	2.99	2.07 - 4.33	0.001			
IA-tPA Use	1.14	0.79 - 1.65	0.483			
	AF Cohort					
Model	: Logistic Regre		9			
Age	0.997	0.98 - 1.02	0.762			
White Race	0.59	0.35 - 0.97	0.039			
Diabetes Mellitus	1.28	0.81 - 2.03	0.287			
Hypertension	1.28	0.68 - 2.44	0.445			
Hyperlipidemia	0.85	0.55 - 1.31	0.457			
Baseline mRS 0-2	1.53	0.71 - 3.33	0.279			
Admission NIHSS	1.01	0.98 - 1.04	0.528			
Location: Posterior	2.38	0.84 - 6.72	0.103			
ASPECTS > 6	1.63	0.36 - 7.4	0.517			
IV-tPA Use	1.66	1.07 - 2.57	0.024			
Onset-to-Groin	1.02	0.99 - 1.05	0.208			
Number of Passes	1.11	0.99 - 1.25	0.062			
Successful Recanalization	0.6	0.35 - 1.04	0.067			
Complications	3.14	1.68 - 5.87	0.0001			
IA-tPA Use	1.15	0.63 - 2.13	0.646			
ASDECT Alberta stroke						

ASPECT, Alberta stroke program early CT score; IA-tPA, intra-arterial thrombolysis; IV-tPA, intravenous thrombolysis; PH2, parenchymal hematoma type II (ECASS-II criteria); sICH, symptomatic intracranial hemorrhage; TICI, thrombolysis in cerebral infarction score.



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Akbik 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation						
1. Given Name (First Name) Feras	2. Surname (Last Name) Akbik	3. Date 12-May-2021					
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta					
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillat	ion Associated Stroke						
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you kr n/a	now it)	_					
Section 2. The Work Under Co	onsideration for Public	cation					
any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)?	Did you or your institution at any time receive payment or services from a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for any aspect of the submitted work (including but not limited to grants, data monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation, statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of interest? Yes No						
Section 3. Relevant financial	activities outside the s	submitted work.					
Place a check in the appropriate boxes in the table to indicate whether you have financial relationships (regardless of amount of compensation) with entities as described in the instructions. Use one line for each entity; add as many lines as you need by clicking the "Add +" box. You should report relationships that were present during the 36 months prior to publication . Are there any relevant conflicts of interest? Yes Vo							
Section 4. Intellectual Proper	rty Patents & Copyrig	ahts					
Do you have any patents, whether plan	.,						

Akbik 2



Section 5.	Relationships not covered above						
	relationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?						
	Yes, the following relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below): No other relationships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest						
	anuscript acceptance, journals will ask authors to confirm and, if necessary, update their disclosure statements Irnals may ask authors to disclose further information about reported relationships.						
Section 6.	Disclosure Statement						
Based on the abo	ove disclosures, this form will automatically generate a disclosure statement, which will appear in the box						
Dr. Akbik has no	thing to disclose.						

Evaluation and Feedback

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Akbik 3



Instructions

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Alawieh 1



Section 1. Iden	tifying Informati	ion						
1. Given Name (First Nam Ali	,	. Surname (Last Name) lawieh	3. Date 12-Ma	e y-2021				
4. Are you the correspond	ding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta					
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis	in Atrial Fibrillation	Associated Stroke						
6. Manuscript Identifying n/a	Number (if you know	it)	_					
Cartina								
Section 2. The \	Work Under Cons	sideration for Publi	cation					
any aspect of the submitte statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant o	Did you or your institution at any time receive payment or services from a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for any aspect of the submitted work (including but not limited to grants, data monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation, statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of interest? Yes No							
Section 3. Relev	vant financial act	ivities outside the	submitted work.					
of compensation) with	entities as described x. You should report	d in the instructions. U t relationships that we	ether you have financial relationsh se one line for each entity; add as m re present during the 36 months	nany lines as you need by				
C 11 A								
Section 4. Intel	lectual Property	Patents & Copyri	ghts					
Do you have any paten	ts, whether planned	I, pending or issued, b	oadly relevant to the work? Ye	es 🗸 No				

Alawieh 2



Section 5.	Relationships not covered above
	elationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):
At the time of ma	tionships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest anuscript acceptance, journals will ask authors to confirm and, if necessary, update their disclosure statements rnals may ask authors to disclose further information about reported relationships.
Section 6.	
Dection of	Disclosure Statement
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Dr. Alawieh has	nothing to disclose.

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Alawieh 3



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Arthur

Section 1.



Identifying Information

ICMJE Form for Disclosure of Potential Conflicts of Interest

1. Given Name (First Name) Adam	2. Surname (Last Name) Arthur	3. Date 12-May-2021	
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Sp	iotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillati	on Associated Stroke		
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Section 2. The Work Under Co	onsideration for Publi	cation	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	but not limited to grants, d	a third party (government, commercial, private Ita monitoring board, study design, manuscript	
Section 3. Relevant financial	activities outside the	submitted work.	
of compensation) with entities as descri	bed in the instructions. Uport relationships that we st? Yes No	ether you have financial relationships (rega se one line for each entity; add as many line re present during the 36 months prior to	es as you need by
Name of Entity	Grant	n-Financial Other? Comments	
Balt	V		
Johnson and Johnson			
Medtronic	✓		
Microvention	✓ ✓		
Penumbra	✓		
Scientia			
Siemens	✓		
Stryker	✓		
Arthur			2



Section 4.	tellectual Property Patents & Copyrights	
	ents, whether planned, pending or issued, broadly relevant to the work? Yes Vo	
Section 5. Ro	elationships not covered above	
Are there other relationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of potentially influencing, what you wrote in the submitted work?		
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Based on the above below.	disclosures, this form will automatically generate a disclosure statement, which will appear in the box	
from Medtronic, gra	rants and personal fees from Balt, personal fees from Johnson and Johnson, grants and personal fees nts and personal fees from Penumbra, personal fees from personal fees from Siemens, grants and personal fees from Stryker, outside the submitted work; .	

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124	mation	3. Date
. Given Name (First Name) C. Michael	2. Surname (Last Name)	12-May-2021
. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
. Manuscript Title ridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrill	ation Associated Stroke	
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Relevant mane	es in the table to indicate w	submitted work. hether you have financial relationships (regardless of amount
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Crosa 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation		
Given Name (First Name) Roberto	2. Surname (Last Name) Crosa	3. Date 12-May-2021	
4. Are you the corresponding author?	☐ Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta	
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillation Associated Stroke			
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Section 4. Intellectual Proper	rty Patents & Copyric	uhtc	
Do you have any patents, whether plan			

Crosa 2



Section 5.			
Section 5.	Relationships not covered above		
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Crosa 3



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Dumont



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Given Name (First Name) Travis	2. Surname (Last Name) Dumont	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillation Associated Stroke		
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you know it) n/a		
Section 2. The Work Under C	Consideration for Public	cation
Did you or your institution at any time receive payment or services from a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for any aspect of the submitted work (including but not limited to grants, data monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation, statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of interest? Yes Vo		
Section 3. Relevant financial	activities outside the	submitted work.
Place a check in the appropriate boxes in the table to indicate whether you have financial relationships (regardless of amount of compensation) with entities as described in the instructions. Use one line for each entity; add as many lines as you need by clicking the "Add +" box. You should report relationships that were present during the 36 months prior to publication . Are there any relevant conflicts of interest? Yes V		
Section 4. Intellectual Prope	rty Patents & Copyri	ghts
Do you have any patents, whether plar	nned, pending or issued, bi	roadly relevant to the work? Yes V No

Dumont 2



Section 5.			
Section 5.	Relationships not covered above		
	elationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?		
Yes, the following relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):			
No other relationships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest			
At the time of manuscript acceptance, journals will ask authors to confirm and, if necessary, update their disclosure statements. On occasion, journals may ask authors to disclose further information about reported relationships.			
Section 6.	Disclosure Statement		
Based on the abo below.	ove disclosures, this form will automatically generate a disclosure statement, which will appear in the box		
Dr. Dumont has	nothing to disclose.		

Evaluation and Feedback

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Royalties: Funds are coming in to you or your institution due to your patent

Fargen 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
1. Given Name (First Name) Kyle	2. Surname (Last Name) Fargen	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillation Associated Stroke		
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Section 4. Intellectual Bronou	str. Datants 9 Canywis	uluda
intellectual Proper	rty Patents & Copyric	gnts
Do you have any patents, whether plan	ned, pending or issued, br	oadly relevant to the work? Yes V No

Fargen 2



Section 5.	Deletionaline and commendations	
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Dr. Fargen has n	othing to disclose.	

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Feng 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
Given Name (First Name) Wuwei	2. Surname (Last Name) Feng	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	☐ Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillat	tion Associated Stroke	
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Section 2. The Work Under C	onsideration for Public	cation
	g but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ata monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
Section 3. Polovant financial		
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Do you have any patents, whether plan	nned, pending or issued, br	roadly relevant to the work? Yes V No

Feng 2



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Fox 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	ation	
Given Name (First Name) W. Christopher	2. Surname (Last Name) Fox	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillati	ion Associated Stroke	
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you kn n/a	now it)	_
Section 2		
Section 2. The Work Under Co	onsideration for Public	cation
any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of intere	y but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ata monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
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Section 4. Intellectual Proper	rty Patents & Copyrig	nhtc
intellectual Proper	ty ratents & copyri	gni3
Do you have any patents, whether plani	ned, pending or issued, br	roadly relevant to the work? Yes V No

Fox 2



Continu F	
Section 5.	Relationships not covered above
	elationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
Yes, the follo	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):
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Section 6.	Disclosure Statement
Based on the abo	ove disclosures, this form will automatically generate a disclosure statement, which will appear in the box
Dr. Fox has noth	ing to disclose.

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GORY



Section 1. Identifying Infor	mation		
1. Given Name (First Name) Benjamin	2. Surname (Last Name) GORY	3. Date 12-May-2021	
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta	
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrilla	ntion Associated Stroke		
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Are there any relevant conflicts of inte	rest? Yes V No		
Section 3. Polyant Grands			
Relevant financia	l activities outside the s	submitted work.	
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Do you have any patents, whether pla	nned, pending or issued, br	roadly relevant to the work? Yes V No	

GORY 2



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Goyal 1



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Goyal 2



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Royalties: Funds are coming in to you or your institution due to your patent

Grossberg 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation			
1. Given Name (First Name) Jonathan	2. Surname (Last Name) Grossberg		3. Date 12-May-2021	
4. Are you the corresponding author?	✓ Yes No			
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillat	ion Associated Stroke			
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you kr n/a	now it)			
Section 2. The Work Under C	onsideration for Pub	lication		
Did you or your institution at any time rece any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of intere	g but not limited to grants, o		•	c.) for
Section 3. Relevant financial	activities outside the	submitted work.		
Place a check in the appropriate boxes of compensation) with entities as descr clicking the "Add +" box. You should re Are there any relevant conflicts of interest fyes, please fill out the appropriate infe	ibed in the instructions. I port relationships that west? Yes No	Jse one line for each e	ntity; add as many lines as you need	d by
Name of Entity	Grant	on-Financial Support?	Comments	
Georgia Research Alliance	✓			
Emory Medical Center Foundation	✓			
Cognition		✓	Stock Options	
Department of Defense SC2i	✓			
NTI			Own Equity	

Grossberg 2



Costion A	
Section 4.	Intellectual Property Patents & Copyrights
Do you have any	patents, whether planned, pending or issued, broadly relevant to the work? Yes Vo
Section 5.	Relationships not covered above
	elationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
Yes, the follo	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):
✓ No other rela	tionships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest
	anuscript acceptance, journals will ask authors to confirm and, if necessary, update their disclosure statements. rnals may ask authors to disclose further information about reported relationships.
Section 6.	Disclosure Statement
Based on the abo	ove disclosures, this form will automatically generate a disclosure statement, which will appear in the box
_	ports grants from Georgia Research Alliance, grants from Emory Medical Center Foundation, non-financial agnition, grants from Department of Defense SC2i, other from NTI, outside the submitted work; .

Evaluation and Feedback

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Grossberg 3



Instructions

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Royalties: Funds are coming in to you or your institution due to your patent

Howard 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
1. Given Name (First Name) Brian	2. Surname (Last Name) Howard	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillat	ion Associated Stroke	
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you kin/a	now it)	_
Cartina		
Section 2. The Work Under C	onsideration for Public	cation
any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of inter	g but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ita monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
Relevant financial	activities outside the s	submitted work.
of compensation) with entities as descr clicking the "Add +" box. You should re	ibed in the instructions. Us port relationships that wer	ether you have financial relationships (regardless of amount se one line for each entity; add as many lines as you need by re present during the 36 months prior to publication.
Are there any relevant conflicts of inter-	est? Yes ✓ No	
Section 4. Intellectual Prope	rty Patents & Copyrig	yhts
Do you have any patents, whether plan	ned, pending or issued, br	oadly relevant to the work? Yes V No

Howard 2



Section 5.	Relationships not covered above
	Relationships not covered above
	relationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
Yes, the follo	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):
✓ No other rela	ationships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest
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Section 6.	Disclosure Statement
Based on the abo	ove disclosures, this form will automatically generate a disclosure statement, which will appear in the box
Dr. Howard has	nothing to disclose.

Evaluation and Feedback

 $Please\ visit\ \underline{http://www.icmje.org/cgi-bin/feedback}\ to\ provide\ feedback\ on\ your\ experience\ with\ completing\ this\ form.$

Howard 3



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Jabbour - Company of the Company of



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
1. Given Name (First Name) Pascal	2. Surname (Last Name) Jabbour	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillat	ion Associated Stroke	
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any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of intere	g but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ita monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
Relevant financial	activities outside the s	submitted work.
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Section 4. Intellectual Proper	rty Patents & Copyric	uht-
Do you have any patents, whether plan		

Jabbour 2



Section 5.	Relationships not covered above				
	Relationships not covered above				
	relationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?				
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✓ No other rela	ationships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest				
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Kan 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation				
Given Name (First Name) Peter	2. Surname (Last Name) Kan	3. Date 12-May-2021			
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta			
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillation Associated Stroke					
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you kin/a	now it)	_			
Section 2					
Section 2. The Work Under C	onsideration for Public	cation			
any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of inter	g but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ata monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,			
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Are there any relevant connicts of lines	est: Tes VIVO				
Section 4. Intellectual Prope	rty Patents & Copyric	ahts			
	rty - r atents a copyrig	,			
Do you have any patents, whether plan	nned, pending or issued, br	roadly relevant to the work? Yes V			

Kan 2



Section 5.	Relationships not covered above
	relationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
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Keyrouz 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
1. Given Name (First Name) Salah	Surname (Last Name) Keyrouz	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
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Keyrouz 2



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Dr. Keyrouz has	nothing to disclose.				

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Maier



Section 1. Identifying	g Information				
Given Name (First Name) Ilko	2. Surname (Last Name) Maier	3. Date 12-May-2021			
4. Are you the corresponding aut	hor? Yes 🗸 No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta			
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillation Associated Stroke					
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Section 2. The Work I	Inder Consideration for Publi	ication			
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Are there any relevant conflict	s of interest? Yes V No				
Section 3. Polyant 6					
Relevant fi	nancial activities outside the	submitted work.			
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Are there any relevant conflict	s of interest? Yes No				
Section 4. Intellectua	I Duananto - Datanta 9 Canoni	alasa.			
intellectua	l Property Patents & Copyri	gnis —			
Do you have any patents, whe	ther planned, pending or issued, b	oroadly relevant to the work? Yes Vo			

Maier 2



Section 5.	
	Relationships not covered above
	elationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
Yes, the follo	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):
✓ No other rela	tionships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest
	anuscript acceptance, journals will ask authors to confirm and, if necessary, update their disclosure statements rnals may ask authors to disclose further information about reported relationships.
Section 6.	Disclosure Statement
Based on the abo	ove disclosures, this form will automatically generate a disclosure statement, which will appear in the box
Dr. Maier has no	thing to disclose

Evaluation and Feedback

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Maier 3



Instructions

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Licensed: The patent has been licensed to an entity, whether earning royalties or not

Royalties: Funds are coming in to you or your institution due to your patent

Mocco 1



Section 1. Identifying Info	rmation		
1. Given Name (First Name) J	2. Surname (Last Name) Mocco		3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	☐ Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Ar	uthor's Name crossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrill	ation Associated Stroke		
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you n/a	know it)		
Section 2			
Section 2. The Work Under	Consideration for Publ	ication	
any aspect of the submitted work (includistatistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of interesting the submitted work (including the submitted work).	ing but not limited to grants, of erest? Yes No nformation below. If you ha	data monitoring board	nment, commercial, private foundation, etc.) fo d, study design, manuscript preparation, entity press the "ADD" button to add a row
excess rows can be removed by press			
Name of Institution/Company	Grant	Othe Support	Comments
licrovention			Research Support
enumbra			Research Support
itryker			December Comment
		V	Research Support
		V	Research Support
Section 3. Relevant financia	al activities outside the		
Place a check in the appropriate boxe of compensation) with entities as des	es in the table to indicate whicribed in the instructions. U	submitted work hether you have fin Jse one line for eacl	
Place a check in the appropriate boxe of compensation) with entities as des clicking the "Add +" box. You should Are there any relevant conflicts of interest."	es in the table to indicate where the cribed in the instructions. Use the creport relationships that we have a rest?	submitted work hether you have fin Jse one line for eacl	ancial relationships (regardless of amount h entity; add as many lines as you need by
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Name of Entity	Grant?	Personal Fees	Non-Financial Support?	Other?	Comments
Imperative Care				√	Investor and Consultant
Endostream				✓	Investor and Consultant
Viseon				✓	Investor and Consultant
BlinkTBI				✓	Investor
Serenity				✓	Investor
Cardinal Consulting				✓	Investor
NTI				√	Investor
RIST				✓	Investor and Consultant
Viz.ai				✓	Investor and Consultant
Synchron				✓	Investor
Section 4. Intellectual Propert	y Pate	ents & Cop	pyrights		
Do you have any patents, whether plann Section 5. Relationships not co	·	_	ed, broadly releva	nt to the	work? Yes 🗸 No
Are there other relationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of potentially influencing, what you wrote in the submitted work?					
Yes, the following relationships/cond					
At the time of manuscript acceptance, jo On occasion, journals may ask authors to					

Mocco 3



Section 6.

Disclosure Statement

Based on the above disclosures, this form will automatically generate a disclosure statement, which will appear in the box below.

Dr. Mocco reports other from Microvention, other from Penumbra, other from Stryker, during the conduct of the study; other from Cerebrotech, other from Imperative Care, other from Endostream, other from Viseon, other from BlinkTBI, other from Serenity, other from Cardinal Consulting, other from NTI, other from RIST, other from Viz.ai, other from Synchron, outside the submitted work;

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Mocco 4



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Nahab 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
1. Given Name (First Name) Fadi	2. Surname (Last Name) Nahab	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillat	ion Associated Stroke	
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you ki n/a	now it)	
Section 2. The Work Under C	onsideration for Public	cation
any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of inter	g but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ta monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
Relevant financial	activities outside the s	submitted work.
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Section 4. Intellectual Prope	rty Patents & Copyric	ihts
Do you have any patents, whether plan		

Nahab 2



Section 5.	
	Relationships not covered above
	elationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
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Section 6.	Disclosure Statement
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Evaluation and Feedback

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Psychogios



Section 1. Identifying Info	ormation	
Given Name (First Name) Marios-Nikos	2. Surname (Last Name) Psychogios	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes Vo	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibr	llation Associated Stroke	
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Section 2. The Work Unde	r Consideration for Publi	cation
any aspect of the submitted work (inclu statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of in	ding but not limited to grants, da	n a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ata monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
Section 3. Relevant finance	ial activities outside the	submitted work.
of compensation) with entities as de clicking the "Add +" box. You should Are there any relevant conflicts of in	scribed in the instructions. U I report relationships that we	nether you have financial relationships (regardless of amount se one line for each entity; add as many lines as you need by re present during the 36 months prior to publication .
Section 4. Intellectual Pro	perty Patents & Copyri	ghts
Do you have any patents, whether p	lanned, pending or issued, b	roadly relevant to the work? Yes V No

Psychogios 2



Section 5.	Relationships not covered above	
	relationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?	
Yes, the follo	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):	
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Dr. Psychogios h	nas nothing to disclose.	

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De Leacy 1



Section 1.			
Identifying Infor	mation		
1. Given Name (First Name) Reade	2. Surname (Last Name) De Leacy	3. Date 12-May-20	21
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex	: Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrilla	ation Associated Stroke		
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Section 2. The Work Under	Consideration for Public	ation	
any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of interesting the statistical analysis, etc.)		ta monitoring board, study design, manusc	ript preparation,
Continue			
Continue	al activities outside the s	ubmitted work.	
Section 3. Relevant financial Place a check in the appropriate boxe of compensation) with entities as described in the second compensation.	al activities outside the sessions in the table to indicate who cribed in the instructions. Using the port relationships that we have the serest?	ubmitted work. ether you have financial relationships (relationships (relationsh	lines as you need by
Place a check in the appropriate boxe of compensation) with entities as desclicking the "Add +" box. You should reach there any relevant conflicts of interest.	s in the table to indicate who cribed in the instructions. Useport relationships that were rest? Yes Nonformation below.	ether you have financial relationships (r e one line for each entity; add as many	lines as you need by
Place a check in the appropriate boxe of compensation) with entities as desclicking the "Add +" box. You should r Are there any relevant conflicts of intellifyes, please fill out the appropriate in Name of Entity	s in the table to indicate who cribed in the instructions. Useport relationships that were rest? Yes Nonformation below.	ether you have financial relationships (relationships) (relati	lines as you need by r to publication.
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De Leacy 2



Section 4. Intellectual Property Patents & Copyrights
Do you have any patents, whether planned, pending or issued, broadly relevant to the work? Yes Volume No
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Dr. De Leacy reports personal fees from Cerenovus, personal fees from Penumbra, personal fees from Siemens Healthineers, personal fees from Imperative Care, outside the submitted work; .

Evaluation and Feedback

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De Leacy 3



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Section 1. Identifying Inform		
Identifying Inform	iation	
1. Given Name (First Name) Alejandro	2. Surname (Last Name) Spiotta	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	☐ Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
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Name of Institution/Company	Grant	n-Financial upport? Comments
STAR Research Grant	V	Penumbra, Medtronic, Stryker
Section 3. Relevant financial	activities outside the s	submitted work.
of compensation) with entities as descr	ibed in the instructions. Us port relationships that wer est?	ether you have financial relationships (regardless of amount se one line for each entity; add as many lines as you need by se present during the 36 months prior to publication .
Name of Entity	Grant	n-Financial other? Comments
Medtronic	✓	
Penumbra	✓	
Stryker	✓	



Name of Entity	Grant? Personal	_	Other?	Comments		
Cerenovus	Fees •	Support?				
RAPID AI						
Terumo						
Siemens						
Section 4. Intellectual Propert	y Patents & Co	pyrights				
Do you have any patents, whether plann	ed, pending or issue	ed, broadly releva	nt to the v	work? Yes 🗸 No		
Section 5. Relationships not c	overed above					
Are there other relationships or activities potentially influencing, what you wrote it			influenced	d, or that give the appearance of		
Yes, the following relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below): No other relationships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest						
At the time of manuscript acceptance, jo On occasion, journals may ask authors to			-	2 · ·		
Section 6. Disclosure Stateme	nt					
Based on the above disclosures, this forn below.	າ will automatically ເ	generate a disclos	sure state	ment, which will appear in the box		
Dr. Spiotta reports grants from STAR Res Medtronic, grants and personal fees fror grants from RAPID AI, personal fees from	n Penumbra, grants	and personal fee	s from Str	yker, personal fees from Cerenovus,		



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Starke 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
1. Given Name (First Name) Robert	2. Surname (Last Name) Starke	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillat	tion Associated Stroke	
6. Manuscript ldentifying Number (if you k	now it)	
Section 2. The Work Under C	onsideration for Public	cation
any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of inter	g but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ata monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
Section 3. Relevant financial	activities outside the	submitted work.
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Section 4. Intellectual Prope	rty Patents & Copyric	ghts
Do you have any patents, whether plan		

Starke 2



Section 5.	Deletionshing not several above
_	Relationships not covered above
	elationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
Yes, the follo	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):
✓ No other rela	tionships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest
	anuscript acceptance, journals will ask authors to confirm and, if necessary, update their disclosure statements rnals may ask authors to disclose further information about reported relationships.
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Wolfe 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
Given Name (First Name) Stacey	2. Surname (Last Name) Wolfe	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillat	ion Associated Stroke	
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Section 2. The Work Under C		
The Work Under C	onsideration for Public	cation
any aspect of the submitted work (including statistical analysis, etc.)? Are there any relevant conflicts of inter	g but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for ita monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
Section 3. Relevant financial	activities outside the s	submitted work.
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Are there any relevant connects of inter-	ics	
Section 4. Intellectual Prope	rty Patents & Copyric	ghts
Do you have any patents, whether plan		

Wolfe 2



Section 5.	Beleficable and consequences
	Relationships not covered above
	relationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
Yes, the follo	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):
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RAI 1



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation	
Given Name (First Name) ANSAAR	2. Surname (Last Name) RAI	3. Date 12-May-2021
4. Are you the corresponding author?	☐ Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta
5. Manuscript Title Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrilla	tion Associated Stroke	
6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you k n/a	now it)	
Section 2. The Work Under C	ionsideration for Public	cation
	g but not limited to grants, da	a third party (government, commercial, private foundation, etc.) for sta monitoring board, study design, manuscript preparation,
Section 3. Relevant financial	activities outside the	submitted work.
of compensation) with entities as descri	ribed in the instructions. Useport relationships that we lest? Yes No	ether you have financial relationships (regardless of amount se one line for each entity; add as many lines as you need by re present during the 36 months prior to publication .
Name of Entity	Grant	n-Financial Other? Comments
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Section 4. Intellectual Prope	rty Patents & Copyri	ghts
Do you have any patents, whether plar	nned, pending or issued, bi	roadly relevant to the work? Yes V No
RAI		2



Section 5.	Relationships not covered above
	elationships or activities that readers could perceive to have influenced, or that give the appearance of encing, what you wrote in the submitted work?
Yes, the follo	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):
✓ No other rela	tionships/conditions/circumstances that present a potential conflict of interest
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Section 6.	
Section 6.	Disclosure Statement
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Dr. RAI reports p work; .	personal fees from STRYKER NEUROVASCULAR, personal fees from CERENOVUS, outside the submitted

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Samuels



Section 1. Identifying Inform	nation					
Given Name (First Name) Owen	2. Surname (Last Name) Samuels	3. Date 12-May-2021				
4. Are you the corresponding author?	Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta				
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6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you kr n/a	6. Manuscript Identifying Number (if you know it) n/a					
Section 2						
Section 2. The Work Under C	onsideration for Public	cation				
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Do you have any patents, whether planned, pending or issued, broadly relevant to the work? Yes Vo						

Samuels 2



Section 5.	Relationships not covered above	
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	wing relationships/conditions/circumstances are present (explain below):	
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Tong



Section 1. Identifying Inform	mation					
1. Given Name (First Name) Frank	2. Surname (Last Name) Tong	3. Date 12-May-2021				
4. Are you the corresponding author?	☐ Yes ✓ No	Corresponding Author's Name Drs. Jonathan Grossberg and Dr. Alex Spiotta				
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Section 3. Polovant financial						
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Section 4. Just Hastinal Business						
Intellectual Prope	rty Patents & Copyric	ghts				
Do you have any patents, whether plan	nned, pending or issued, br	roadly relevant to the work? Yes No				

Tong 2



Section 5.	Beleficable and consequences			
	Relationships not covered above			
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Dr. Tong has no	thing to disclose.			

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Date:	9/20/2021	
Your Name:	Jan Liman	
Manuscript Title:	Bridging Thrombolysis in Atrial Fibrillation Stroke is Associated With Increased Hemorrhagic Complications Without Improved Outcomes	
Manuscript Number (if known):	neurintsurg-2021-017954.R1	

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			e all entities with whom you have this ionship or indicate none (add rows as needed)	Specifications/Comments (e.g., if payments were made to you or to your institution)
		Time frame: Since the initial planning of the work		
1	All support for the present manuscript (e.g., funding, provision of study materials, medical writing, article processing charges, etc.) No time limit for this item.		None	Click the tab key to add additional rows.
			Time frame: past 36 month	s
2	Grants or contracts from any entity (if not indicated in item #1 above).		None	

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		Name all entities with whom you have this relationship or indicate none (add rows as needed)	Specifications/Comments (e.g., if payments were made to you or to your institution)
3	Royalties or licenses	None	
4	Consulting fees	□ None Pfizer	
5	Payment or honoraria for lectures, presentations, speakers bureaus, manuscript writing or educational events	Astrazeneca Portola	Pfizer
6	Payment for expert testimony	None	
7	Support for attending meetings and/or travel	□ None □ Daichii Sankyo	
8	Patents planned, issued or pending	None	
9	Participation on a Data Safety Monitoring Board or Advisory Board	None	
10	Leadership or fiduciary role in other board,	None	

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			e all entities with whom you have this onship or indicate none (add rows as needed)	Specifications/Comments (e.g., if payments were made to you or to your institution)
	society, committee or advocacy group, paid or unpaid			
11	Stock or stock options		None	
12	Receipt of equipment, materials, drugs, medical writing, gifts or other services		None	
13	Other financial or non-financial interests		None	
Please place an "X" next to the following statement to indicate your agreement:				
\boxtimes	I certify that I have answered every question and have not altered the wording of any of the questions on this form.			

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