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## Implementation of a Standardized Handoff System for a General Surgery Residency Program

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## Introduction

- The I-PASS Handoff Bundle is an evidence based, standardized set of educational materials designed to decrease handoff failures in patient care.
- Two of every three “sentinel events,” the most serious events reported to the Joint Commission, are due to failures of communication, including miscommunication during patient care handoffs (1).
- Implementation of the I-PASS method results in decreased medical errors and preventable adverse events (2).
- There are few studies that evaluate this validated method in the context of a General Surgery residency program.
- We aim to implement the I-PASS system into the transitions of care process for General Surgery residents at our institution, and to analyze of the quality of the handoff process before and after the implementation.

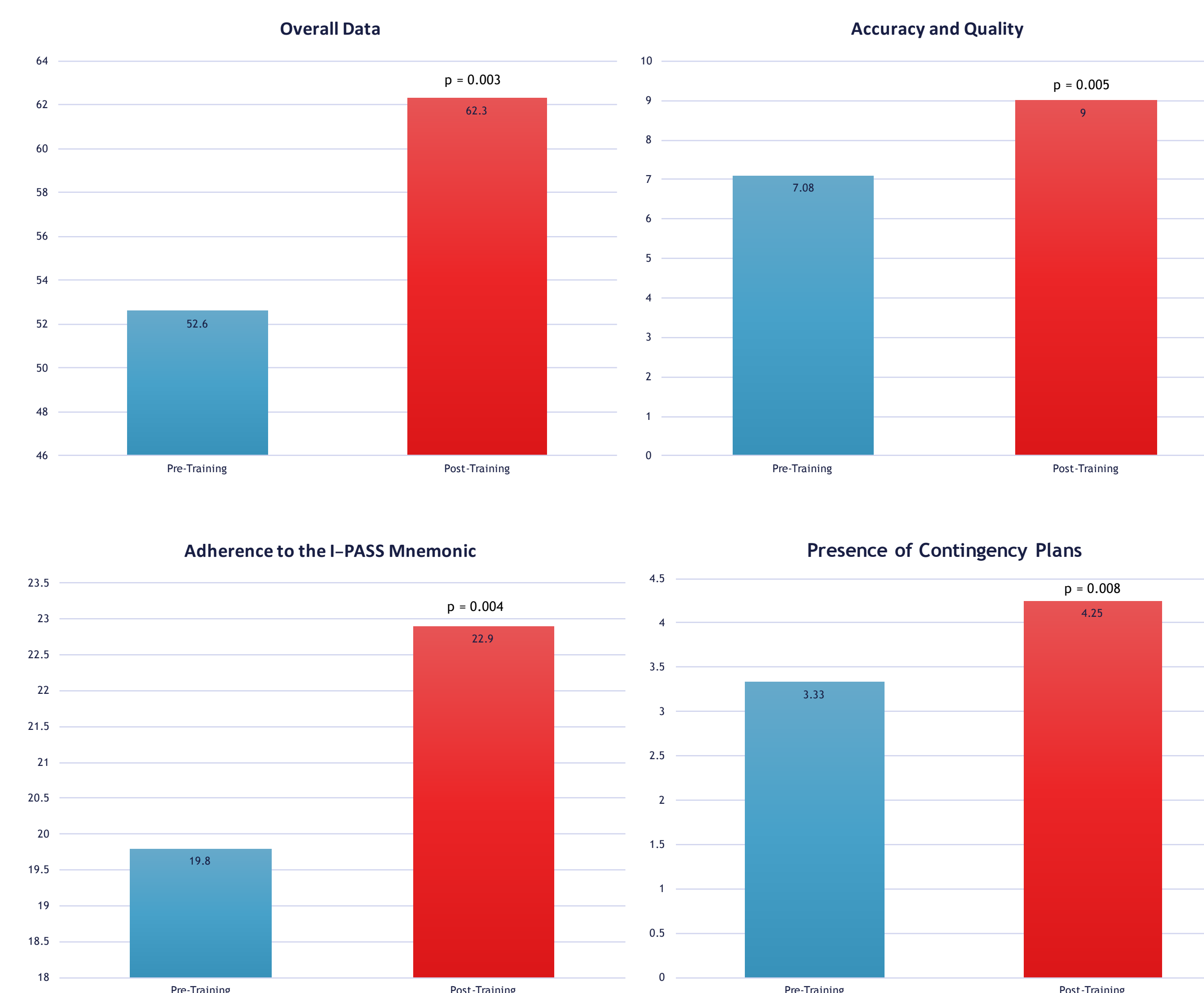
## Methods

- Materials and curriculum from the validated I-PASS Handoff Bundle were reviewed and adapted for the Thomas Jefferson University Department of Surgery.
- A survey was administered to the junior surgical residents (PGY 1–3) prior to the curriculum training in order to assess the strengths and weaknesses of the current handoff process.
- Emphasis was placed on handoff content that included needs and information specific to surgical patients.
- Curriculum training consisted of educational videos created by our team that demonstrated handoffs both with the appropriate standardized handoff content, and those that had gaps in content.
- In-person training followed, with two hours of didactics and 1 hour of hands on practice using our adapted the tools and methods.
- A post-training survey was administered 3 weeks after the training session to evaluate the efficacy and compliance with the I-PASS method.

## 1. I-PASS Handoff

Mnemonic	Description
<b>I</b> llness Severity	Identification as stable, “watcher”, or unstable
<b>P</b> atient Summary	Summary statement, events leading up to admission, hospital course, ongoing assessment, plan
<b>A</b> ction List	To do list; timeline and ownership
<b>S</b> ituation Awareness/ Contingency Planning	Know what’s going on; plan for what might happen
<b>S</b> ynthesis by Receiver	Written reminder to prompt receiver to summarize what was heard during verbal handoff

## 2. Pre-Training Versus Post-Training



The Y-axis of each graph indicates the average score for each survey variable.

Survey data graded adherence to the I-PASS mnemonic, presence of contingency plans, accuracy of illness severity, quality of patient summaries, and the overall impression of the pace of the handoff process. Each variable was scored on a 5-point scale (never (1), rarely, sometimes, usually, always).

## Results

- A total of 12 General Surgery residents who completed the initial training session were surveyed post-training.
- Our results indicate favorable compliance with the I-PASS handoff method after the training process (p=0.004).
- Post-survey results indicate a significant improvement in presence of high quality contingency plans (p=0.009).
- Additionally, we demonstrate an improvement in the accuracy and quality of handoffs (p=0.005).

## Conclusions

- The present study aimed to implement and evaluate the I-PASS system in the context of a General Surgery residency program, and thus to ultimately prevent adverse patient care events by decreasing handoff errors.
- We demonstrate an improvement in verbal communication and a decrease in handoff-related errors while still maintaining an optimal handoff pace with I-PASS use within the General Surgery Department.
- It is clear that compliance, accuracy, and efficiency of handoff communication are all improved with the I-PASS system.
- Further studies will aim to directly measure adverse events by reviewing medical charts during and after I-PASS implementation.
- Additionally, we plan to institute structured observation of the handoff process on a regular basis in order to ensure sustainability and quality.

## References

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