12-2018

Demographics, Support Opportunities, and Self-Reported Well-Being of Patients Presenting for Hepatitis C Treatment at a Federally Qualified Health Center in Philadelphia

Dina Zaret
*Thomas Jefferson University; Philadelphia FIGHT Community Health Centers, dina.zaret@jefferson.edu*

C. Coleman
*Philadelphia FIGHT Community Health Centers*

M. Dorshimer
*Philadelphia FIGHT Community Health Centers*

J. Kostman
*Philadelphia FIGHT Community Health Centers*

L. Magaldi
*Philadelphia FIGHT Community Health Centers*

Let us know how access to this document benefits you

Follow this and additional works at: [https://jdc.jefferson.edu/si_phr_2021_phase1](https://jdc.jefferson.edu/si_phr_2021_phase1)

Part of the [Medical Education Commons](https://jdc.jefferson.edu/medical-education-commons) and the [Public Health Commons](https://jdc.jefferson.edu/public-health-commons)

Recommended Citation

Zaret, Dina; Coleman, C.; Dorshimer, M.; Kostman, J.; Magaldi, L.; Preston, T.; Rivera, R.; and Trooskin, S., "Demographics, Support Opportunities, and Self-Reported Well-Being of Patients Presenting for Hepatitis C Treatment at a Federally Qualified Health Center in Philadelphia" (2018). SKMC JeffMD Scholarly Inquiry, Phase 1, Project 1.

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Jefferson Digital Commons. The Jefferson Digital Commons is a service of Thomas Jefferson University’s Center for Teaching and Learning (CTL). The Commons is a showcase for Jefferson books and journals, peer-reviewed scholarly publications, unique historical collections from the University archives, and teaching tools. The Jefferson Digital Commons allows researchers and interested readers anywhere in the world to learn about and keep up to date with Jefferson scholarship. This article has been accepted for inclusion in Phase 1 by an authorized administrator of the Jefferson Digital Commons. For more information, please contact: JeffersonDigitalCommons@jefferson.edu.
Demographics, support opportunities, and self-reported well-being of patients presenting for hepatitis C treatment at a Federally Qualified Health Center in Philadelphia

Introduction: As the opioid epidemic develops and evolves, the number of people who inject drugs is rising. A growing number of new Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) infections have been identified in people who inject drugs.

Objective: This study aims to better understand the demographics, well-being, and satisfaction with medical care of patients presenting for HCV treatment at a Federally Qualified Health Center (FQHC) in an urban setting. The study also looks to assess the impact of continued connection to holistic medical care.

Methods: Surveys were administered to 51 unique patients at their first visit for HCV treatment. Along with demographic questions, the survey included the PHQ-9 depression screen, the PSQ-18 patient satisfaction questionnaire, the AUDIT-C alcohol screen, the SF-12 Health Survey, and an HCV risk factor assessment. Nineteen of the 51 patients were re-surveyed after 3 months.

Conclusion: Many of the patients presenting for HCV treatment face difficulties such as substance use, homelessness, low socioeconomic status, disability, unemployment, and a history of incarceration. HCV treatment offers opportunities to connect patients to a support system that addresses those problems. The patients surveyed, who had access to patient navigators, social workers, behavioral health counselors, and benefits coordinators, showed improvements in general health, mental health, and in satisfaction with their care. More data is needed to see if the results are generalizable to a broader population.