

A NEW AND IMPROVED MICROMEDEX!

Now
featuring...

THOMSON
MICROMEDEX

MICROMEDEX Healthcare Series

Main

Drugs

Toxicology

Disease

IV Compatibility

Interactions

Patient Education

Formulary & Handheld

Search Path : Main Keyword

Compare Drug Summaries

Trade/Generic Drug Lists

Drug Identification

Specific Database Search

Specific Topic Search

Therapeutic Classes

Dosing Tools and References

Pull-down menus for easier navigation and quicker search capabilities

Main Keyword Search:

Search Drug, Toxicology, and Disease databases for:

Search

☐ Search summary documents only.

Find all keywords that: ☒ Begin With ☐ Exactly Match

Select Databases

Choose to compare any two drugs at a time.

	Display in Column One:	Display in Column Two:
	FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE	SERTRALINE HYDROCHLORIDE
	Display	Modify Your Search
Topics:	Column One FLUOXETINE HYDROCHLORIDE	Column Two SERTRALINE HYDROCHLORIDE
Tradenames	<ul style="list-style-type: none">PROZACPROZAC WEEKLYSARAFEM Details	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ZOLOFT Details
Class	<ul style="list-style-type: none">antidepressantserotonin reuptake inhibitor	<ul style="list-style-type: none">antidepressantserotonin reuptake inhibitor
Adult Dose	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Depression: initial, 20 mg/day ORALLY in the morningDepression: maintenance, may increase to 20-80 mg/day ORALLY (single or divided) after 2 weeks if inadequate response OR 90 mg ORALLY once a week (weekly capsule)Bulimia nervosa: 20 mg/day ORALLY, increasing to 60 mg/day	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Depression: 50 mg/day ORALLY as a single dose in the morning or the evening; dosage may be increased at intervals of at least 1 week to a MAX dosage of 200 mg/dayDysthymia: 50 mg/day ORALLY as a single dose in the morning or the evening; dosage may be increased at intervals of at least 1 week to a MAX dosage of 200 mg/dayObsessive-compulsive disorder: 50 mg/day ORALLY as a single dose in the morning or the evening; dosage may be increased at intervals of at least 1 week to a MAX dosage of 200 mg/dayPanic disorder: 25 mg/day ORALLY for 1 week, then increase to 50 mg/day, dosage may then be increased at intervals of at least 1 week to a MAX dosage of 200 mg/dayPosttraumatic stress disorder: 25 mg/day ORALLY for 1 week, then increase to 50 mg/day, dosage may then be increased at

Side-by-side comparative
drug table summaries

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Search Path : Drug Identification > Drug Identification Results >

Drug Identification Details

Drug Name:Acyclovir

Generic Ingredients:Acyclovir

NDC:00378-2200-01

Color:Light Purple

Imprint:MYLAN 2200; MYLAN 2200

Shape:Capsule-shape

Form: Capsule

Route: Oral route

Drug Image:

New drug identification tool

Enter characteristics such as shape, color, or imprint code, resulting in a color image for visual confirmation

Clinical References and Calculators:

Coagulation Pathways & Factors

Go

Dietary Considerations and Guidelines:

Vitamin Synonyms

Go

Differential Diagnosis:

Agranulocytosis

Go

Immunizations & Prophylaxis:

Vaccine Injury Table

Go

Laboratory Values:

Creatinine Cle

Measurement Calculators and Conversions:

Body Weight & Surface Area

Go

Clinical References
& Calculators

Drug-Drug Interactions: (3 results)

Interaction	Severity	Documentation	Summary
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE -- SIMVASTATIN	MAJOR	FAIR	Concurrent use of SIMVASTATIN and VERAPAMIL may result in an increased risk of myopathy or rhabdomyolysis.
WARFARIN SODIUM -- SIMVASTATIN	MODERATE	GOOD	Concurrent use of WARFARIN and SIMVASTATIN may result in increased risk of bleeding and an increased risk of rhabdomyolysis.
WARFARIN SODIUM -- VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE	MODERATE	POOR	Concurrent use of CALCIUM CHANNEL BLOCKERS and ORAL ANTICOAGULANTS may result in an increased risk of gastrointestinal hemorrhage.

Drug-Food Interactions: (4 results)

Interaction	Severity	Documentation	Summary
SIMVASTATIN	MAJOR		
WARFARIN SODIUM	MODERATE		
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE	MODERATE		
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE	MODERATE		

Drug-Ethanol Interactions: (2 results)

Interaction	Severity	Documentation	Summary
VERAPAMIL HYDROCHLORIDE	MODERATE	GOOD	Concurrent use of ETHANOL and VERAPAMIL may result in enhanced ethanol intoxication

Expanded drug interaction tool for
checking potential drug interactions
against nine interaction types, including:

Drug-Drug

Drug-Food

Drug-Ethanol

Drug-Tobacco

Drug-Pregnancy

Drug-Lactation

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MICROMEDEX CareNotes™ System : Thomas Jefferson University

Keyword Search

Hot Lists

Care & Condition Titles

Drug Titles

Print List

Updates

Search Path : Hot Lists > Search Results >

PAROXETINE (Oral) (Tablet, Tablet, Extended Release, Liquid)

View: English Spanish

PAROXETINE (Oral) (Tablet, Tablet, Extended Release, Liquid)

PAROXETINE (By mouth)

Paroxetine (pa-ROX-e-teen)

Treats depression, obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD), panic disorder, social anxiety disorder, and generalized anxiety disorder. This medicine is a selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor (SSRI).

Brand Name(s):Paxil, Paxil CR, Pexeva

There may be other brand names for this medicine.

When This Medicine Should Not Be Used:

You should not use this medicine if you have had an allergic reaction to paroxetine, or if you are also using thioridazine (Mellaril®) or have taken an MAO inhibitor (Marplan®, Eldepryl®, Parnate®, or Nardil®) within the past 2 weeks.

New CareNotes print
functionality for easier
document printing

Add to Print List

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AISR: Academic & Instructional Support & Resources
“Bringing Knowledge Resources to Your Desktop”